## List of Symbol Definitions

- *a* long dimension for a section subjected to torsion (in, mm); acceleration ( $ft/sec^2$ ,  $m/sec^2$ )
- a area bounded by the centerline of a thin walled section subjected to torsion (in<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>)
- A area, often cross-sectional ( $in^2$ ,  $ft^2$ ,  $mm^2$ ,  $m^2$ )
- $A_e$  net <u>effective</u> area, equal to the total area ignoring any holes (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>) (see  $A_{net}$ );
- $A_g$  gross area, equal to the total area ignoring any holes (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>)
- $A_{net}$  net <u>effective</u> area, equal to the gross area subtracting any holes (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>) (see  $A_e$ )
- $A_p$  bearing area (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>)

 $A_{throat}$  area across the throat of a weld (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>)

- $A_{web}$  web area in a steel beam equal to the depth x web thickness (in<sup>2</sup>, ft<sup>2</sup>, mm<sup>2</sup>, m<sup>2</sup>)
- ASD Allowable Stress Design
- *b* width, often cross-sectional (in, ft, mm, m); narrow dimension for a section subjected to torsion (in, mm); number of truss members
- $b_f$  width of the flange of a steel beam cross section (in, mm)
- distance from the neutral axis to the top or bottom edge of a beam (in, mm, m);
  distance from the center of a circular shape to the surface under torsional shear strain (in, mm, m)
- $c_i$  distance from the center of a circular shape to the inner surface under torsional shear strain (in, mm, m)
- $c_o$  distance from the center of a circular shape to the outer surface under torsional shear strain (in, mm, m)
- $c_1$  coefficient for shear stress for a rectangular bar in torsion
- $c_2$  coefficient for shear twist for a rectangular bar in torsion

*CL*, ℓ center line

- *C* compression label; compression force (lb, kips, N, kN)
- $C_b$  modification factor for moment in ASD & LRFD steel beam design,  $C_b = 1$  for simply supported beams (0 moments at the ends)
- $C_c$  column slenderness classification constant for steel column design
- $C_D$  load duration factor for wood design
- $C_F$  size factor for wood design
- $C_m$  modification factor for combined stress in steel design
- $C_M$  wet service factor for wood design
- $C_p$  column stability factor for wood design
- $C_t$  temperature factor for wood design

- *d* depth, often cross-sectional (in, mm, m); perpendicular distance from a force to a point in a moment calculation (in, mm, m)
- $d_x$  difference in the x direction between an area centroid ( $\overline{x}$ ) and the centroid of the composite shape ( $\hat{x}$ ) (in, mm)
- $d_y$  difference in the y direction between an area centroid ( $\overline{y}$ ) and the centroid of the composite shape ( $\hat{y}$ ) (in, mm)
- *D* diameter of a circle (in, mm, m); dead load for LRFD design
- *DL* dead load
- *e* eccentric distance of application of a force (P) from the centroid of a cross section (in, mm)
- *E* modulus of elasticity (psi; ksi, kPa, MPa, GPa); earthquake load for LRFD design
- f symbol for stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_a$  calculated axial stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_b$  calculated bending stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_c$  calculated compressive stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_{cr}$  calculated column stress based on the critical column load  $P_{cr}$  (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_t$  calculated tensile stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_p$  calculated bearing stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_x$  combined stress in the direction of the major axis of a column (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_v$  calculated shearing stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $f_{y}$  yield stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- *F* force (lb, kip, N, kN);
  capacity of a nail in shear (lb, kip, N, kN);
  symbol for allowable stress in design codes (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F_a$  allowable axial stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F_b$  allowable bending stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F'_{b}$  allowable bending stress for combined stress for wood design (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F_c$  allowable compressive stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F_{connector}$  resistance capacity of a connector (lb, kips, N, kN)
- $F_{cE}$  intermediate compressive stress for ASD wood column design dependant on material (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F'_{c}$  allowable compressive stress for ASD wood column design (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
- $F_{c}^{*}$  intermediate compressive stress for ASD wood column design dependant on load duration (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)

$F'_{e}$	allowable buckling stress for combined bending steel design (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
$F_t$	allowable tensile stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
$F_v$	allowable shear stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa); allowable shear stress in a welded connection
$F_x$	force component in the x coordinate direction (lb, kip, N, kN)
$F_y$	force component in the y coordinate direction (lb, kip, N, kN); yield stress (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
$F_u$	ultimate stress a material can sustain prior to failure (psi, ksi, kPa, MPa)
<i>F.S.</i>	factor of safety
g	acceleration due to gravity, 32.17 ft/sec <sup>2</sup> , 9.807 m/sec <sup>2</sup>
G	shear modulus (psi; ksi, kPa, MPa, GPa)
h	depth, often cross-sectional (in, ft, mm, m); sag of a cable structure (ft, m)
Ι	moment of inertia (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
Ī	moment of inertia about the centroid (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
$I_c$	moment of inertia about the centroid (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
$I_{min}$	minimum moment of inertia of $I_x$ and $I_y$ (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
$I_x$	moment of inertia with respect to an x-axis (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
$I_y$	moment of inertia with respect to a y-axis (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
<i>J</i> , <i>J</i> <sub>o</sub>	polar moment of inertia (in <sup>4</sup> , mm <sup>4</sup> , m <sup>4</sup> )
k	kips (1000 lb); shape factor for plastic design of steel beams, $M_p/M_y$
kg	kilograms
kN	kiloNewtons (10 <sup>3</sup> N)
kPa	kiloPascals (10 <sup>3</sup> Pa)
Κ	effective length factor with respect to column end conditions
$K_{cE}$	material factor for wood column design
l	length (in, ft, mm, m); cable span (ft, m)
lb	pound force
L	length (in, ft, mm, m); live load for LRFD design
$L_b$	unbraced length of a steel beam in LRFD design (in, ft, mm, m)
$L_c$	maximum unbraced length of a steel beam in ASD design for maximum allowed bending stress (in, ft, mm, m)
$L_e$	effective length that can buckle for column design (in, ft, mm, m)

 $L_r$  roof live load in LRFD design

 $L_{p}$ maximum unbraced length of a steel beam in LRFD design for full plastic flexural strength (in, ft, mm, m) maximum unbraced length of a steel beam in LRFD design for inelastic lateral-torsional  $L_r$ buckling (in, ft, mm, m) maximum unbraced length of a steel beam in ASD design for reduced allowed bending stress  $L_u$ (in, ft, mm, m) LLlive load LRFD Load and Resistance Factor Design mass (lb-mass, g, kg); т meters millimeters тт moment of a force or couple (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m); М bending moment (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) moment value at quarter point of unbraced beam length for LRFD beam design (lb-ft, kip-ft,  $M_A$ N-m, kN-m) moment value at half point of unbraced beam length for LRFD beam design (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m,  $M_B$ kN-m) moment value at three quarter point of unbraced beam length for LRFD beam design (lb-ft,  $M_C$ kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) nominal flexure strength with the full section at the yield stress for LRFD beam design (lb-ft,  $M_n$ kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) (also M<sub>ult</sub>) internal bending moment when all fibers in a cross section reach the yield stress (lb- $M_p$ ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) maximum moment from factored loads for LRFD beam design (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m)  $M_{\mu}$ (also M<sub>p</sub>)internal bending moment when all fibers in a cross section reach the yield stress (lb- $M_{ult}$ ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) internal bending moment when the extreme fibers in a cross section reach the yield stress (lb-ft,  $M_{\rm v}$ kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) smaller end moment used to calculate C<sub>m</sub> for combined stresses in a beam-column (lb-ft, kip-ft,  $M_1$ N-m, kN-m)  $M_2$ larger end moment used to calculate C<sub>m</sub> for combined stresses in a beam-column (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m) megaPascals  $(10^6 \text{ Pa or } 1 \text{ N/mm}^2)$ MPa number of truss joints, nails or bolts п neutral axis (axis connecting beam cross-section centroids) n.a. Newtons  $(kg-m/sec^2)$ : Ν bearing-type connection with bolt threads included in shear plane 0 point of origin pitch of nail spacing (in, ft, mm, m) р Р force, concentrated (point) load (lb, kip, N, kN); axial load in a column or beam-column (lb, kip, N, kN)

$P_{cr}$	critical (failure) load in column calculations (lb, kip, N, kN)	
$P_n$	nominal load strength capacity for LRFD design (lb, kip, N, kN)	
$P_u$	maximum load from factored loads for LRFD design (lb, kip, N, kN)	
Pa	Pascals (N/m <sup>2</sup> )	
q	shear flow (lb/in, kips/ft, N/m, kN/m)	
Q	first moment area used in shearing stress calculations (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
$Q_{connected}$ first moment area used in shearing stress calculations for built-up beams (in <sup>3</sup> , m		
$Q_x$	first moment area about an x axis (using y distances) (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
$Q_y$	first moment area about an y axis (using x distances) (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
r	radius of a circle (in, mm, m); radius of gyration (in, mm, m)	
$r_o$	polar radius of gyration (in, mm, m)	
$r_x$	radius of gyration with respect to an x-axis (in, mm, m)	
$r_y$	radius of gyration with respect to a y-axis(in, mm, m)	
R	force, reaction or resultant (lb, kip, N, kN); radius of curvature of a beam (ft, m); rainwater or ice load for LRFD design; generic design quantity (force, shear, moment, etc.) for LRFD design	
$R_n$	generic nominal capacity (force, shear, moment, etc.) for LRFD design	
$R_u$	generic maximum quantity (force, shear, moment, etc.) from factored loads for LRFD design	
$R_x$	reaction or resultant component in the x coordinate direction (lb, kip, N, kN)	
$R_y$	reaction or resultant component in the y coordinate direction (lb, kip, N, kN)	
S	length of a segment of a thin walled section (in, mm)	
<i>s.w</i> .	self-weight	
S	section modulus (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> ); snow load for LRFD design; allowable strength per length of a weld for a given size (lb/in, kips/in, N/mm, kN/m)	
Srequired	$_{d}$ section modulus required to not exceed allowable bending stress (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
$S_x$	section modulus with respect to the x-centroidal axis (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
$S_y$	section modulus with respect to the y-centroidal axis (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> , m <sup>3</sup> )	
SC	slip critical bolted connection	
<i>S4S</i>	surface-four-sided	
t	thickness (in, mm, m)	
$t_f$	thickness of the flange of a steel beam cross section (in, mm, m)	
$t_w$	thickness of the web of a steel beam cross section (in, mm, m)	
Т	tension label; tensile force (lb, kip, N, kN); torque (lb-ft, kip-ft, N-m, kN-m); throat size of a weld (in, mm)	

5

V	shearing force (lb, kip, N, kN)
$V_n$	nominal shear strength capacity for LRFD beam design (lb, kip, N, kN)
$V_u$	maximum shear from factored loads for LRFD beam design (lb, kip, N, kN)
W	(also $\omega$ ) load per unit length on a beam (lb/ft, kip/ft, N/m, kN/m)
W	weight (lb, kip, N, kN); total load from a uniform distribution (lb, kip, N, kN); wind load for LRFD design
x	a distance in the x direction (in, ft, mm, m)
$\overline{x}$	the distance in the x direction from a reference axis to the centroid of a shape (in, mm)
â	the distance in the x direction from a reference axis to the centroid of a composite shape (in, mm)
X	bearing-type connection with bolt threads excluded from shear plane
У	a distance in the y direction (in, ft, mm, m); distance from the neutral axis to the y-level of a beam cross section (in, mm)
$\overline{y}$	the distance in the y direction from a reference axis to the centroid of a shape (in, mm)
ŷ	the distance in the y direction from a reference axis to the centroid of a composite shape (in, mm)
Ζ	plastic section modulus of a steel beam (in <sup>3</sup> , mm <sup>3</sup> )
•	symbol for feet
"	symbol for inches
#	symbol for pounds
α	coefficient of thermal expansion (/°C, /°F); angle, in a math equation (degrees, radians)
$\beta$	angle, in a math equation (degrees, radians)
δ	elongation (in, mm)
$\delta_{P}$	elongation due to axial load (in, mm)
$\delta_{s}$	shear deformation (in, mm)
$\delta_{\mathrm{T}}$	elongation due to change in temperature (in, mm)
Δ	beam deflection (in, mm); an increment
$\Delta_{LL}$	beam deflection due to live load (in, mm)
$\varDelta_{\max}$	maximum calculated beam deflection (in, mm)
$\Delta_{TL}$	beam deflection due to total load (in, mm)
ΔT	change in temperature (°C, °F)
Е	strain (no units)
$\mathcal{E}_t$	thermal strain (no units)

- $\phi$  diameter symbol; angle of twist (degrees, radians); resistance factor in LRFD steel design
- $\phi_b$  resistance factor for flexure in LRFD steel design
- $\phi_c$  resistance factor for compression in LRFD steel design
- $\phi_t$  resistance factor for tension in LRFD steel design
- $\phi_v$  resistance factor for shear in LRFD steel design
- $\lambda_c$  design constant for slenderness evaluation for steel columns in LRFD design
- $\mu$  Poisson's ratio
- γ specific gravity of a material (lb/in<sup>3</sup>, lb/ft<sup>3</sup>, N/m<sup>3</sup>,kN/m<sup>3</sup>);
  angle, in a math equation (degrees, radians);
  shearing strain;
  load factor in LRFD design
- $\gamma_D$  dead load factor in LRFD steel design
- $\gamma_L$  live load factor in LRFD steel design
- $\theta$  angle, in a trig equation (degrees, radians); slope of the deflection of a beam at a point (degrees, radians)
- $\pi$  pi
- $\rho$  radial distance (in, mm)
- $\sigma$  engineering symbol for normal stress (axial or bending)
- $\tau$  engineering symbol for shearing stress
- $\Sigma$  summation symbol
- $\omega$  (also w) load per unit length on a beam (lb/ft, kip/ft, N/m, kN/m)