

lecture  
twenty two

LRFD design of  
steel beams



Load Types

- $D$  = dead load
- $L$  = live load
- $L_r$  = live roof load
- $W$  = wind load
- $S$  = snow load
- $E$  = earthquake load
- $R$  = rainwater load or ice water load

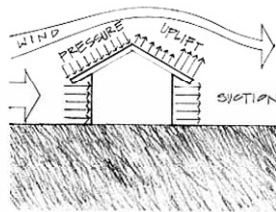
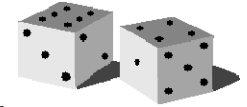


Figure 1.13 Wind loads on a structure.

Load and Resistance Factor Design

- loads on structures are

- not constant
- can be more influential on failure
- happen more or less often
- UNCERTAINTY



$$\sum \gamma_i R_i \leq \phi R_n$$

$\phi$  - resistance factor

factored load combination

$\gamma$  - load factors for types of loads ( $R$ )

$R_n$  - nominal strength

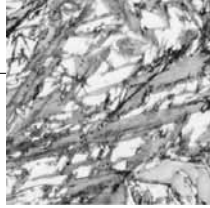
Load Combinations

ASCE-7  
(2002)

- “summation” means AND (combine)

- $1.4(D + F)$
- $1.2(D + F + T) + 1.6(L + H) + 0.5(L_r \text{ or } S \text{ or } R)$
- $1.2D + 1.6(L_r \text{ or } S \text{ or } R) + (L \text{ or } 0.8W)$
- $1.2D + 1.6W + L + 0.5(L_r \text{ or } S \text{ or } R)$
- $1.2D + 1.0E + L + 0.2S)$
- $0.9D + 1.6W + 1.6H$
- $0.9D + 1.0E + 1.6H$

## Steel Materials



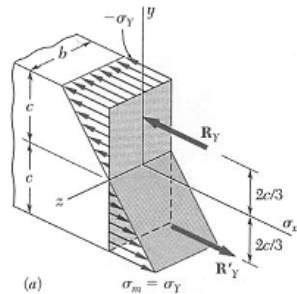
- **ASTM A36 – carbon**
  - plates, angles
  - $F_y = 36 \text{ ksi}$  &  $F_u = 58 \text{ ksi}$
- **ASTM A572 – high strength low-alloy**
  - some beams
  - $F_y = 60 \text{ ksi}$  &  $F_u = 75 \text{ ksi}$
- **ASTM A992 – for building framing**
  - most beams
  - $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$  &  $F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$

## Internal Moments - at yield

- material hasn't failed

$$M_y = \frac{I}{c} f_y = \frac{bh^2}{6} f_y$$

$$= \frac{b(2c)^2}{6} f_y = \frac{2bc^2}{3} f_y$$



## Flexure

- limit is in plastic stress range

$$\sum \gamma_i R_i = M_u \leq \phi_b M_n = 0.9 F_y Z$$

$M_u$  - maximum moment

$\phi_b$  - resistance factor for bending = 0.9

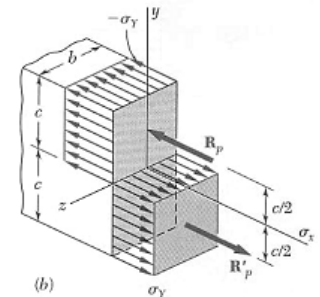
$M_n$  - nominal moment (ultimate capacity)

$F_y$  - yield strength of the steel

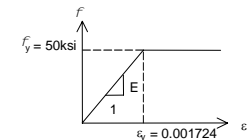
$Z$  - plastic section modulus\*

## Internal Moments - ALL at yield

- all parts reach yield
- plastic hinge forms
- ultimate moment
- $A_{\text{tension}} = A_{\text{compression}}$

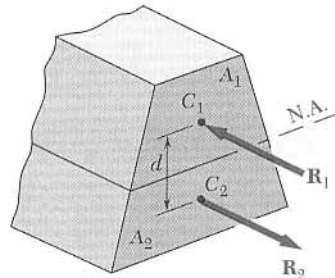


$$M_p = bc^2 f_y = \frac{3}{2} M_y$$



## n.a. of Section at Plastic Hinge

- cannot guarantee at centroid
- $f_y A_1 = f_y A_2$
- moment found from yield stress times moment area



$$M_p = f_y A_1 d = f_y \sum_{n.a} A_i d_i$$

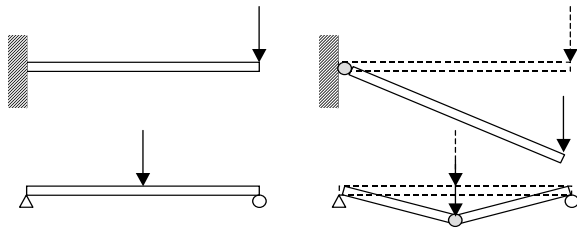
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## Plastic Hinge Examples

- stability can be effected

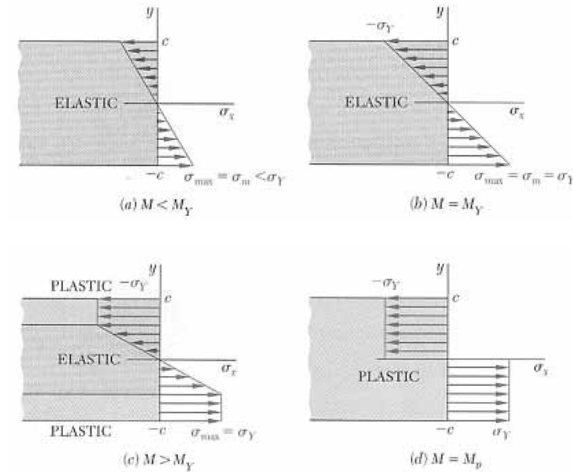


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## Plastic Hinge Development



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## Plastic Section Modulus

- shape factor,  $k$

$$k = \frac{M_p}{M_y}$$

= 3/2 for a rectangle

≈ 1.1 for an I



$$k = \frac{Z}{S}$$

- plastic modulus,  $Z$

$$Z = \frac{M_p}{f_y}$$

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## Shear

$$\sum \gamma_i R_i = V_u \leq \phi_v V_n = 0.9(0.6F_{yw}A_w)$$

$V_u$  - maximum shear

$\phi_v$  - resistance factor for shear = 0.9

$V_n$  - nominal shear

$F_{yw}$  - yield strength of the steel in the web

$A_w$  - area of the web =  $t_w d$

## Lateral Torsional Buckling

$$M_n = C_b \left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{moment based on} \\ \text{lateral buckling} \end{array} \right] \leq M_p$$

$$C_b = \frac{12.5M_{\max}}{2.5M_{\max} + 2M_A + 4M_B + 3M_C}$$

$C_b$  - modification factor

$M_{\max}$  - |max moment|, unbraced segment

$M_A$  - |moment|, 1/4 point

$M_B$  - |moment|, center point

$M_C$  - |moment|, 3/4 point

## Flexure Design

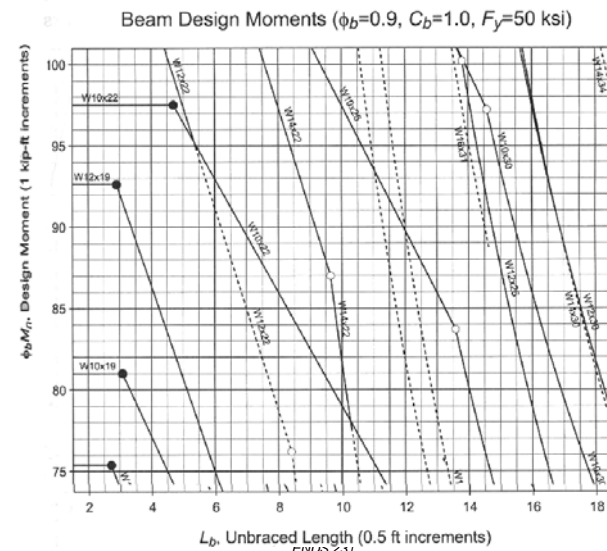
- limit states for beam failure

1. yielding
2. lateral-torsional buckling\*
3. flange local buckling
4. web local buckling

- minimum  $M_n$  governs

$$\sum \gamma_i R_i = M_u \leq \phi_b M_n$$

## Beam Design Charts



## Charts & Deflections

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- *beam charts*
  - *solid line is most economical*
  - *dashed indicates there is another more economical section*
  - *self weight is included in  $M_n$*
- *deflections*
  - *no factors are applied to the loads*
  - *often governs the design*