

STATICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS ENDS 231

DR. ANNE NICHOLS

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lecture

# LRFD design of steel beams

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## Load Types

- D = dead load
- L = live load
- $L_r = \underline{live\ roof}\ load$
- W = wind load
- S = snow load
- E = earthquake load
- R = rainwater load or ice water load

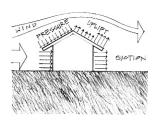


Figure 1.13 Wind loads on a structure

## Load and Resistance Factor Design

- loads on structures are
  - not constant
  - can be more influential on failure
  - happen more or less often
  - UNCERTAINTY

$$\sum \gamma_i R_i \leq \phi R_n$$

 $\phi$  - resistance factor

factored load combination

 $\gamma$  - load factors for types of loads (R)

 $R_n$  – nominal strength

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## **Load Combinations**

ASCE-7 (2002)

"summation" means AND (combine)

$$-1.4(D+F)$$

$$-1.2(D + F + T) + 1.6(L + H) +$$

0.5(L, or S or R)

$$-1.2D + 1.6(L_r \text{ or } S \text{ or } R) + (L \text{ or } 0.8W)$$

$$-1.2D + 1.6W + L + 0.5(L_r \text{ or S or R})$$

$$-1.2D + 1.0E + L + 0.2S$$

$$-0.9D + 1.6W + 1.6H$$

$$-0.9D + 1.0E + 1.6H$$

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#### Steel Materials



- plates, angles

$$-F_{v} = 36 \text{ ksi } \& F_{u} = 58 \text{ ksi}$$



some beams

$$-F_{v} = 60 \text{ ksi } \& F_{u} = 75 \text{ ksi}$$

ASTM A992 – for building framing

- most beams

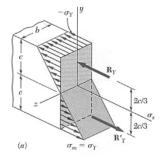
$$-F_y = 50 \text{ ksi } \& F_u = 65 \text{ ksi}$$

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## Internal Moments - at yield

material hasn't failed

$$M_{y} = \frac{I}{c} f_{y} = \frac{bh^{2}}{6} f_{y}$$



$$=\frac{b(2c)^2}{6}f_y = \frac{2bc^2}{3}f_y$$

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#### **Flexure**

• limit is in plastic stress range

$$\Sigma \gamma_i R_i = M_u \le \phi_b M_n = 0.9 F_v Z$$

*M*<sub>u</sub> - maximum moment

 $\phi_b$  - resistance factor for bending = 0.9

 $M_n$  - nominal moment (ultimate capacity)

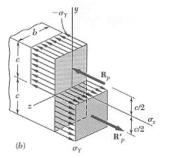
 $F_v$  - yield strength of the steel

Z - plastic section modulus\*

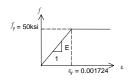
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## Internal Moments - ALL at yield

- all parts reach yield
- plastic hinge forms
- ultimate moment
- $A_{tension} = A_{compression}$



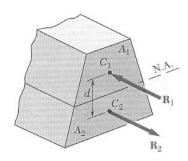
$$M_{p} = bc^{2} f_{y} = \frac{3}{2} M_{y}$$



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## n.a. of Section at Plastic Hinge

- cannot guarantee at centroid
- $f_y.A_1 = f_y.A_2$
- moment found from yield stress times moment area



$$M_{p} = f_{y} A_{1} d = f_{y} \sum_{n,a} A_{i} d_{i}$$

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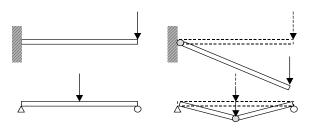
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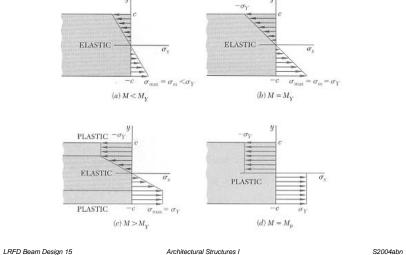
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# Plastic Hinge Examples

• stability can be effected



## Plastic Hinge Development



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#### Plastic Section Modulus

shape factor, k

= 3/2 for a rectangle

 $\approx$  1.1 for an I

• plastic modulus, Z

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#### Shear

$$\Sigma \gamma_i R_i = V_u \le \phi_v V_n = 0.9(0.6 F_{vw} A_w)$$

V<sub>.,</sub> - maximum shear

 $\phi_{V}$  - resistance factor for shear = 0.9

 $V_n$  - nominal shear

 $F_{vw}$  - yield strength of the steel in the web

 $A_w$  - area of the web =  $t_w d$ 

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# Lateral Torsional Buckling

$$M_{\scriptscriptstyle n} = C_{\scriptscriptstyle b} \left[ egin{array}{l} {\it moment based on} \ {\it lateral buckling} \end{array} 
ight] \leq M_{\scriptscriptstyle p}$$

$$C_b = \frac{12.5M_{\text{max}}}{2.5M_{\text{max}} + 2M_A + 4M_B + 3M_C}$$

C<sub>b</sub> - modification factor

*M*<sub>max</sub> - |max moment|, unbraced segment

 $M_A$  - |moment|, 1/4 point

M<sub>B</sub> - |moment|, center point

M<sub>C</sub> - |moment|, 3/4 point

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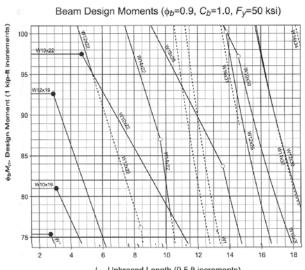
#### Flexure Design

- limit states for beam failure
  - 1. yielding
  - 2. lateral-torsional buckling\*
  - 3. flange local buckling
  - 4. web local buckling
- $minimum M_n governs$

$$\sum \gamma_i R_i = M_u \le \phi_b M_n$$

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## Beam Design Charts



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L<sub>b</sub>, Unbraced Length (0.5 ft increments)

## Charts & Deflections

- beam charts
  - solid line is most economical
  - dashed indicates there is another more economical section
  - self weight is included in  $M_n$
- deflections
  - <u>no factors</u> are applied to the loads
  - often governs the design

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