

**ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURES I:
STATICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS**

ENDS 231

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SPRING 2007

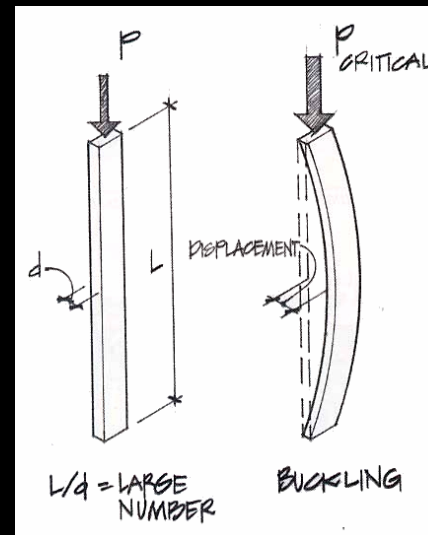
*lecture
twenty three*



stability and columns

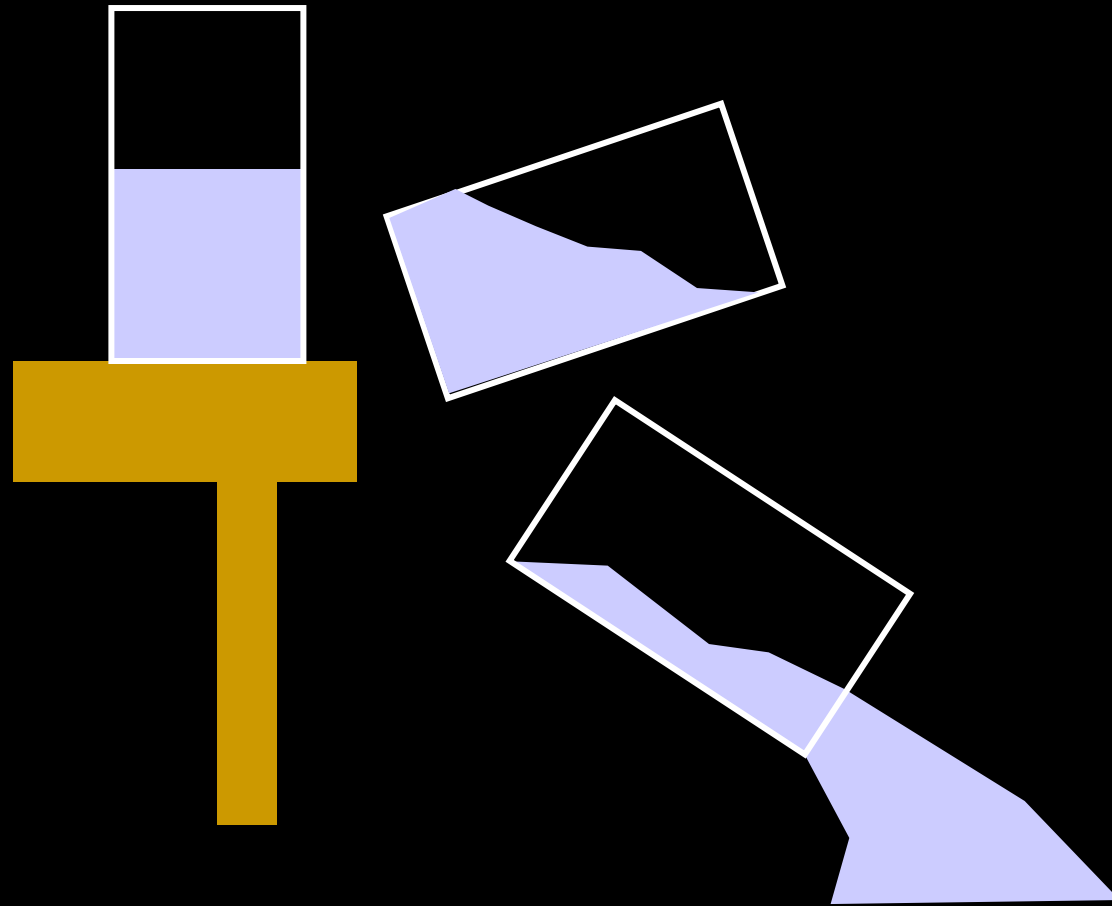
Additional Design Criteria

- designed for strength & stresses
- designed for serviceability & deflection
- need to design for stability
 - ability to support a specified load without sudden or unacceptable deformations



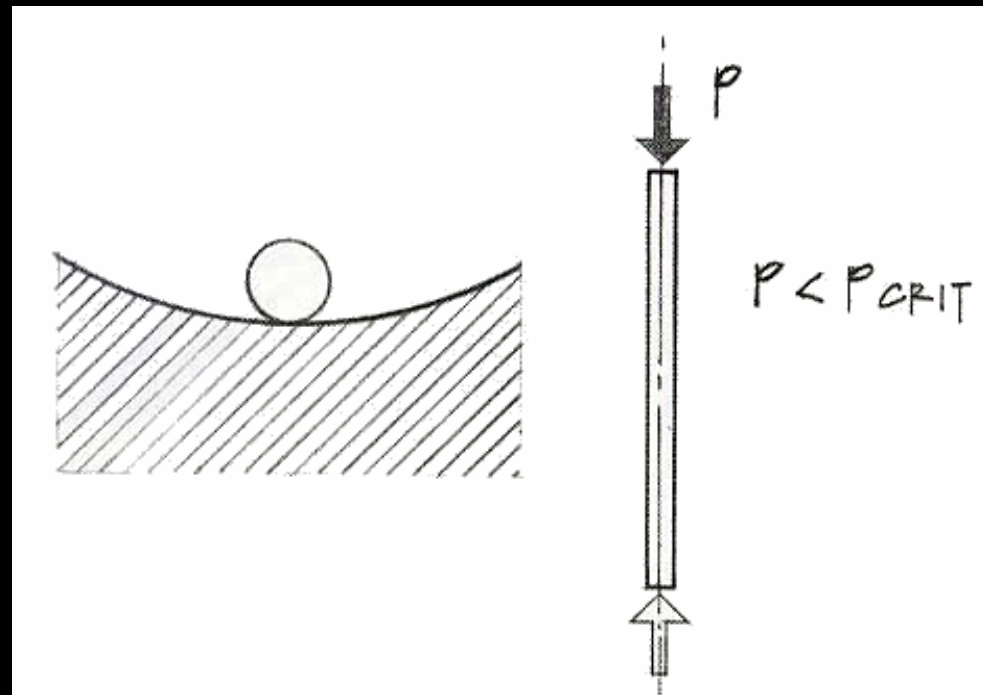
Column Behavior

- *objects like lowest energy state*



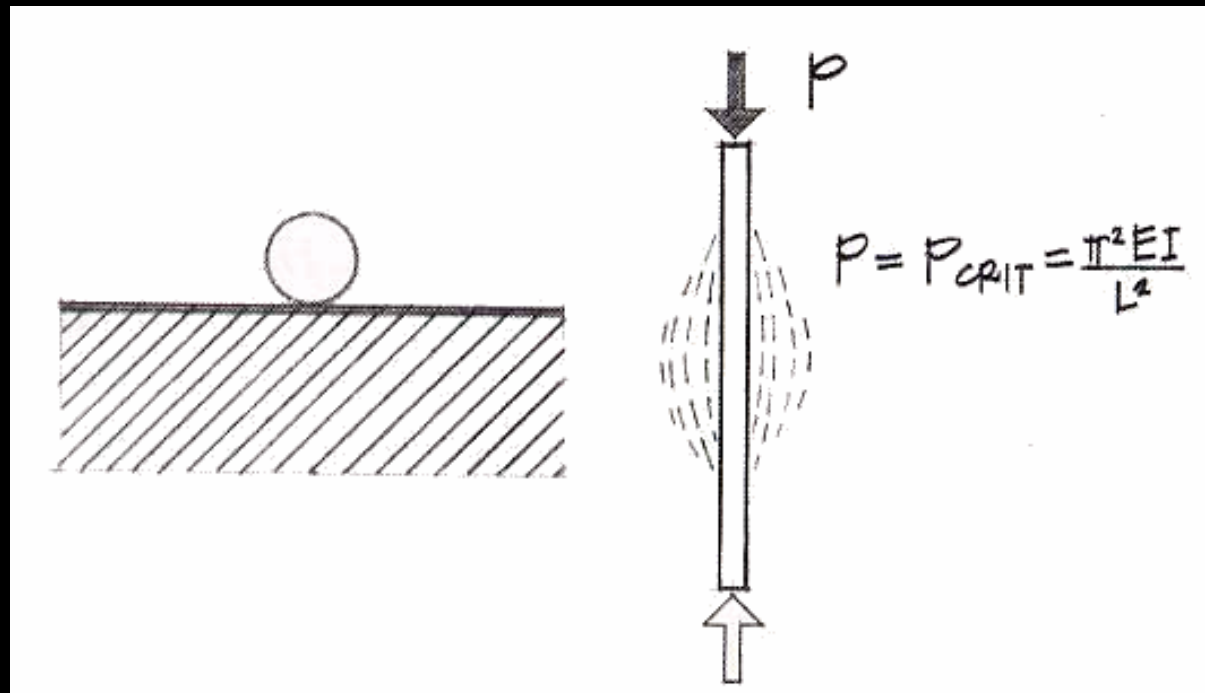
Stable Equilibrium

- *energy added*
- *things don't change*



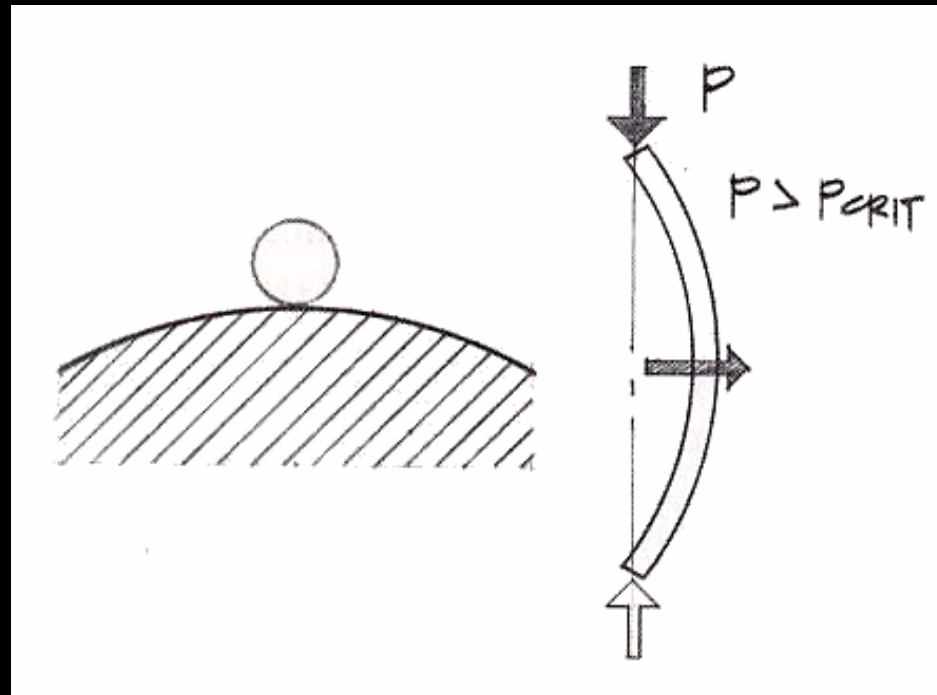
Neutral Equilibrium

- *energy added*
- *things change, but not much*



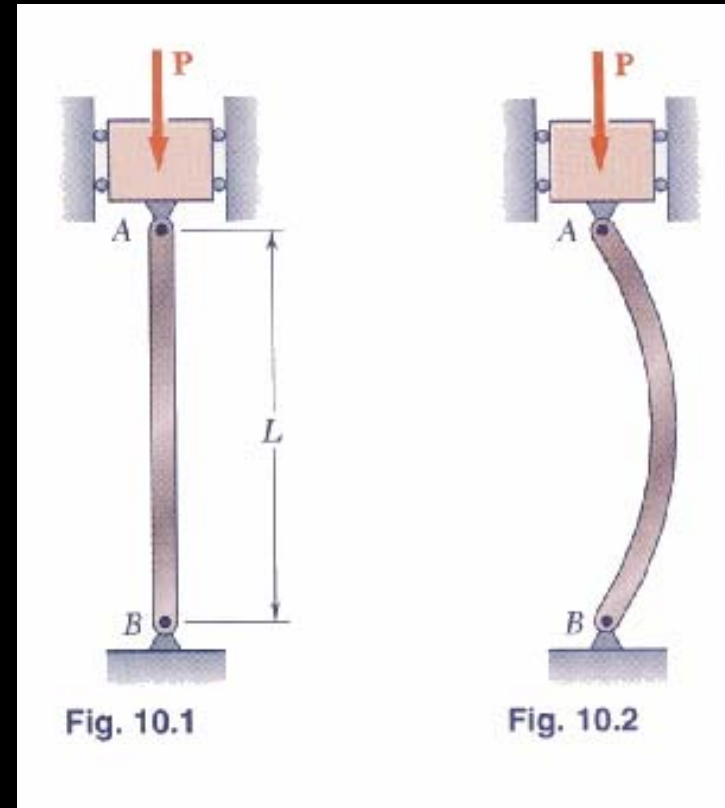
Unstable Equilibrium

- *energy added*
- *things change drastically*



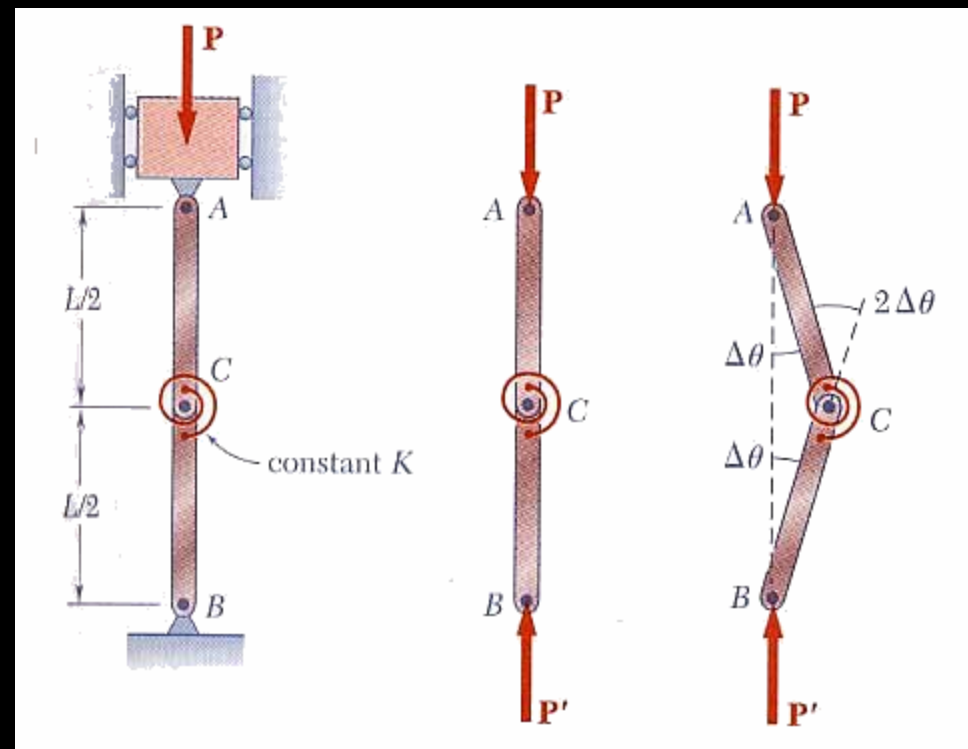
Column Buckling

- axially loaded columns
- long & slender
 - unstable equilibrium = buckling
 - sudden and not good



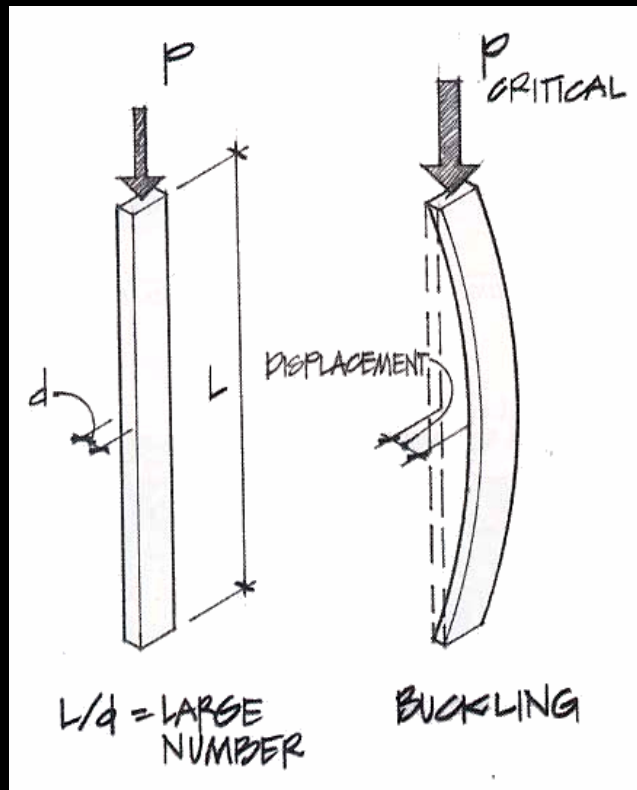
Modeling

- can be modeled with a spring at mid-height
- when moment from deflection exceeds the spring capacity ... “boing”
- critical load P

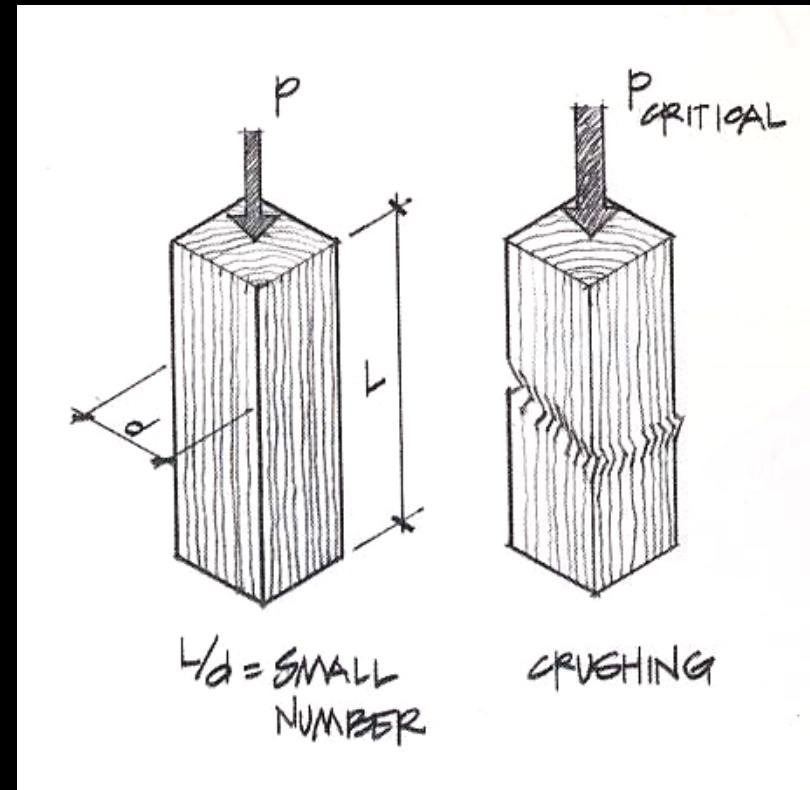


Effect of Length

- long & slender



- short & stubby



Buckling Load

- related to deflected shape ($P\Delta$)
- shape of sine wave
- Euler's Formula
- I minimum

$$P_{critical} = \frac{\pi^2 EI_{min}}{(L)^2}$$

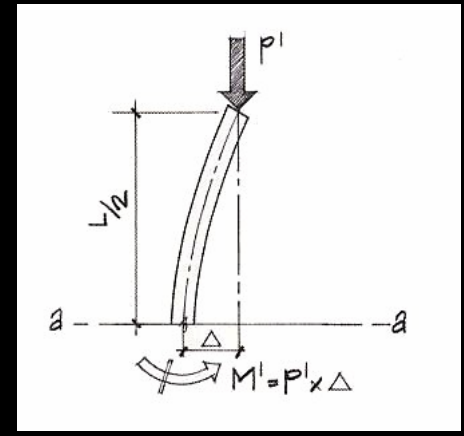


Figure 9.3 Leonhard Euler (1707–1783).

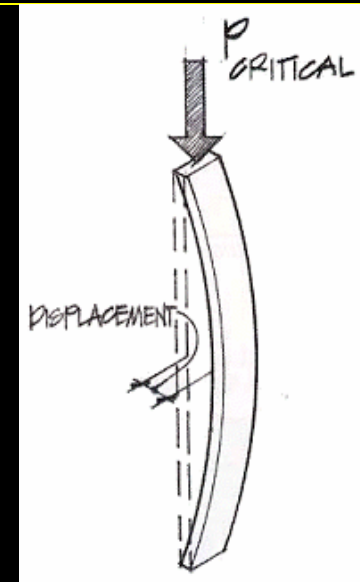
Critical Stress

- short columns

$$f_{critical} = \frac{P_{actual}}{A} < F_a$$

- slenderness ratio = L_e/r (L/d)

- radius of gyration = $r = \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}}$



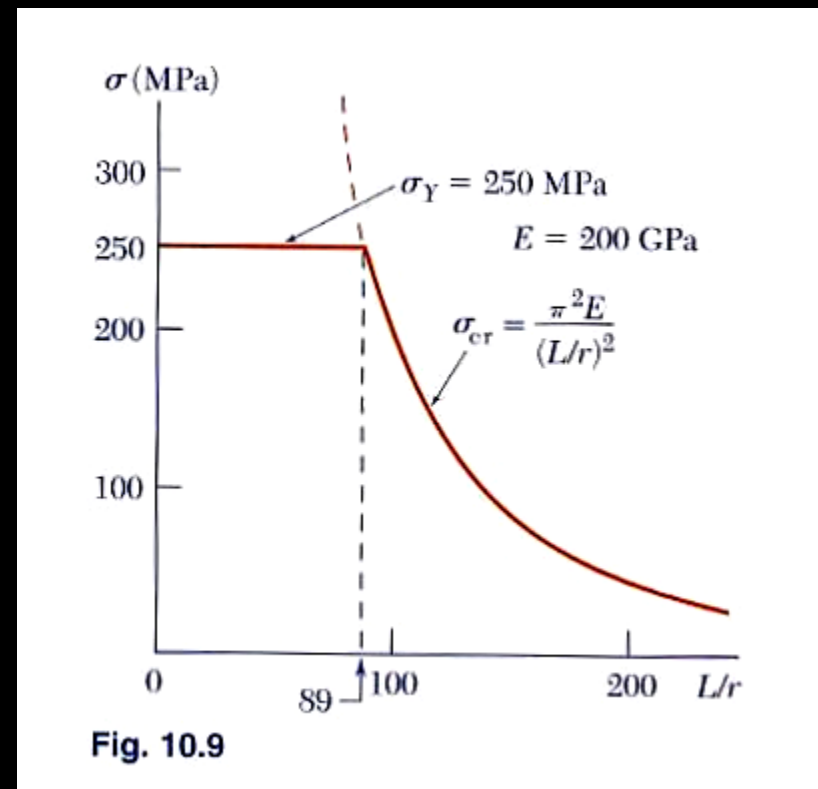
weak axis

$$f_{critical} = \frac{P_{critical}}{A} = \frac{\pi^2 E A r^2}{A (L_e)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\left(\frac{L_e}{r}\right)^2} \quad P_{critical} = \frac{\pi^2 E A}{\left(\frac{L_e}{r}\right)^2}$$

Critical Stresses

- when a column gets stubby, F_y will limit the load
- real world has loads with eccentricity
- C_c for steel and allowable stress

$$\frac{L_e}{r} > C_c = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi^2 E}{F_y}}$$



Effective Length

- end conditions affect shape
- effective length factor, K $L_e = K \cdot L$

Buckled shape of column shown by dashed line	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Theoretical K value	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Recommended design values when ideal conditions are approximated	0.65	0.80	1.0	1.2	2.10	2.0

Bracing

- *bracing affects shape of buckle in one direction*
- *both should be checked!*

