

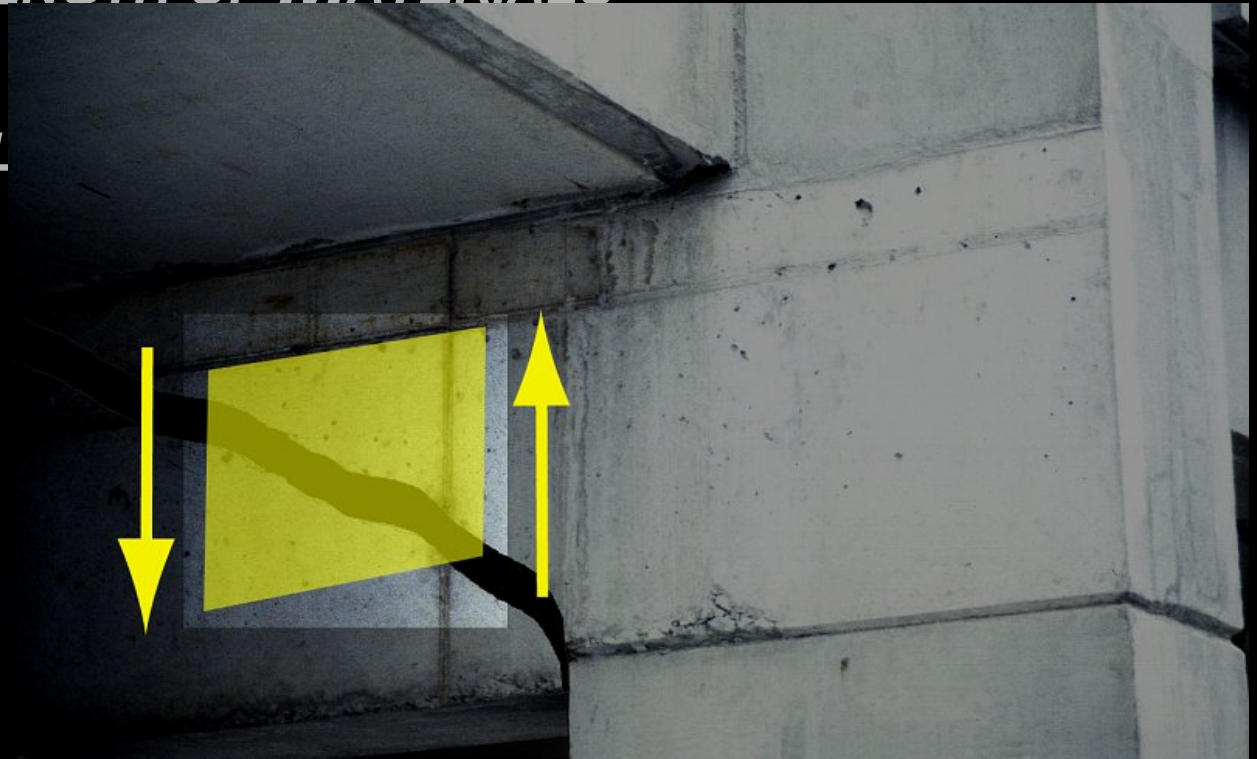
**ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURES I:  
STATICS AND STRENGTH OF MATERIALS**

**ENDS 231**

**DR. ANNE NICHOL**

**SPRING 2007**

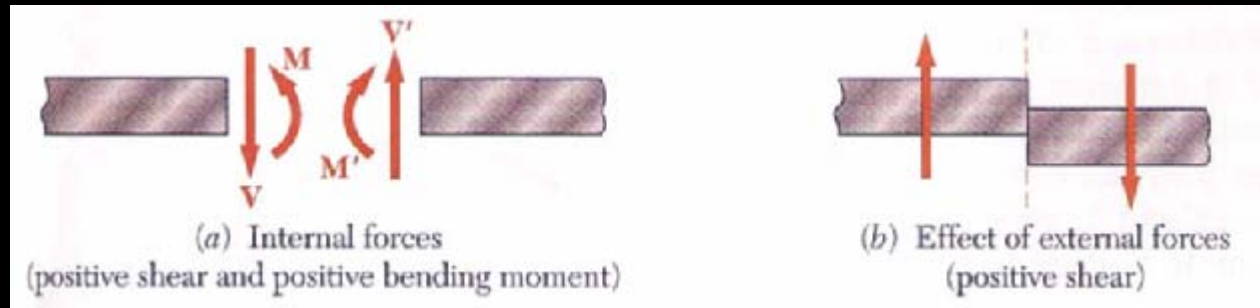
*lecture  
twenty*



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***beams:  
shear stress***

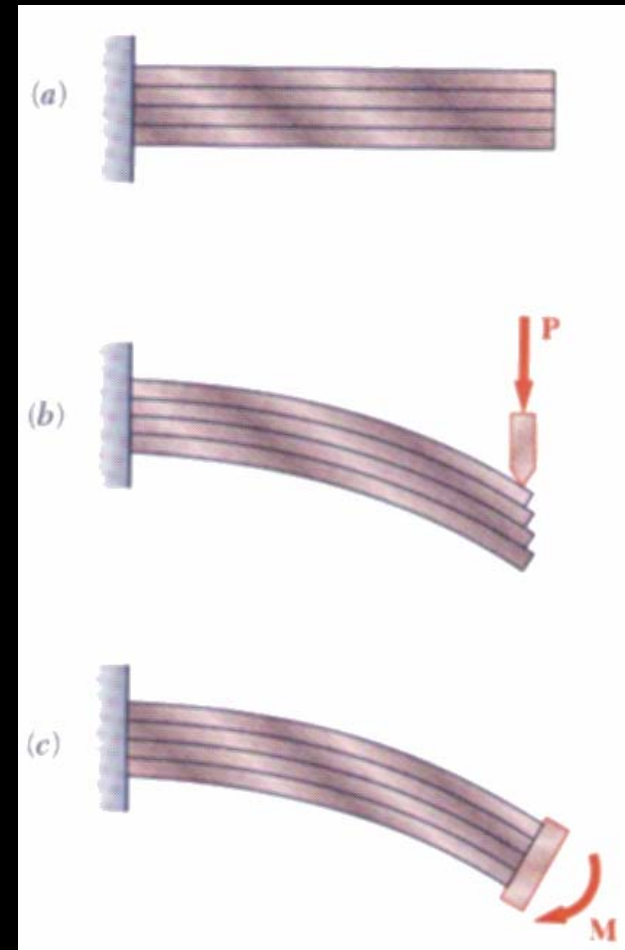
# Transverse Loading and Shear



- *perpendicular loading*
- *internal shear*
- *along with bending moment*

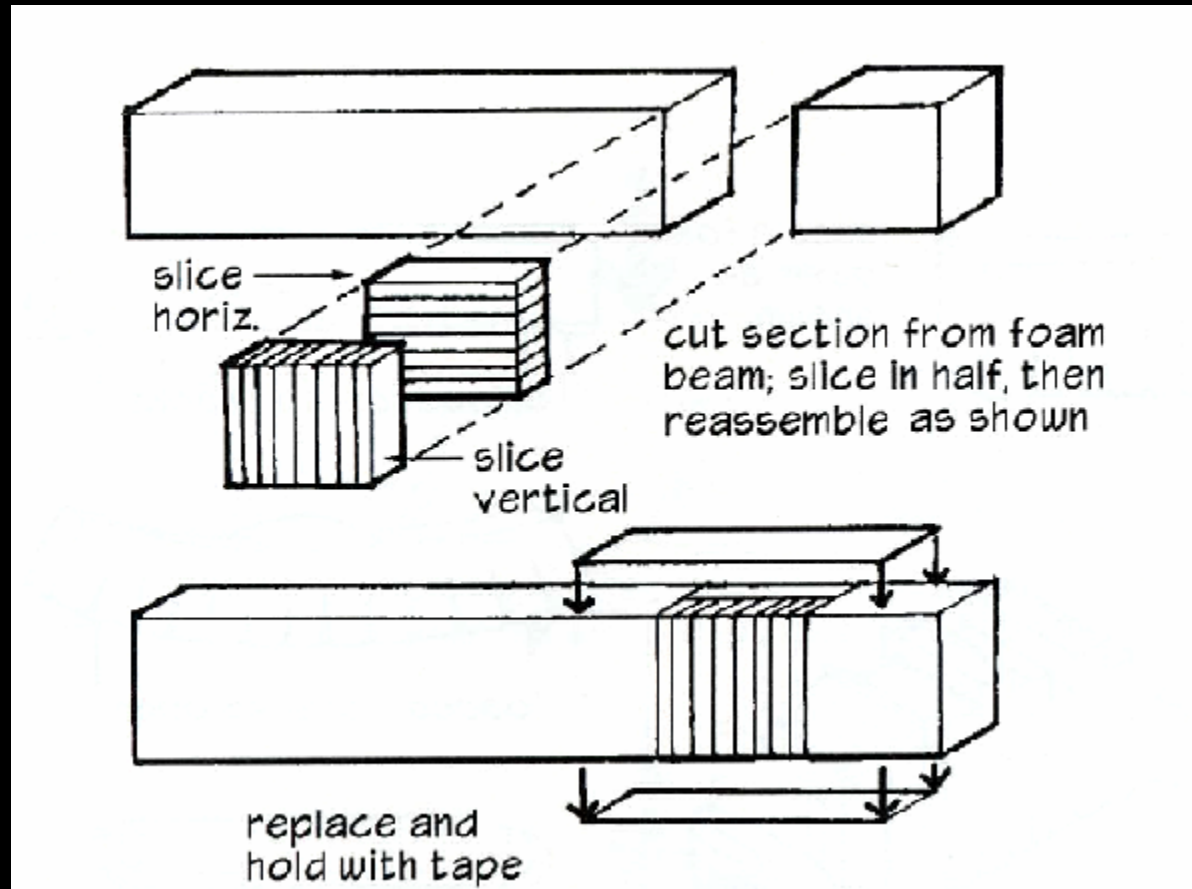
# Bending vs. Shear in Design

- *bending stresses dominate*
- *shear stresses exist horizontally with shear*
- *no shear stresses with pure bending*



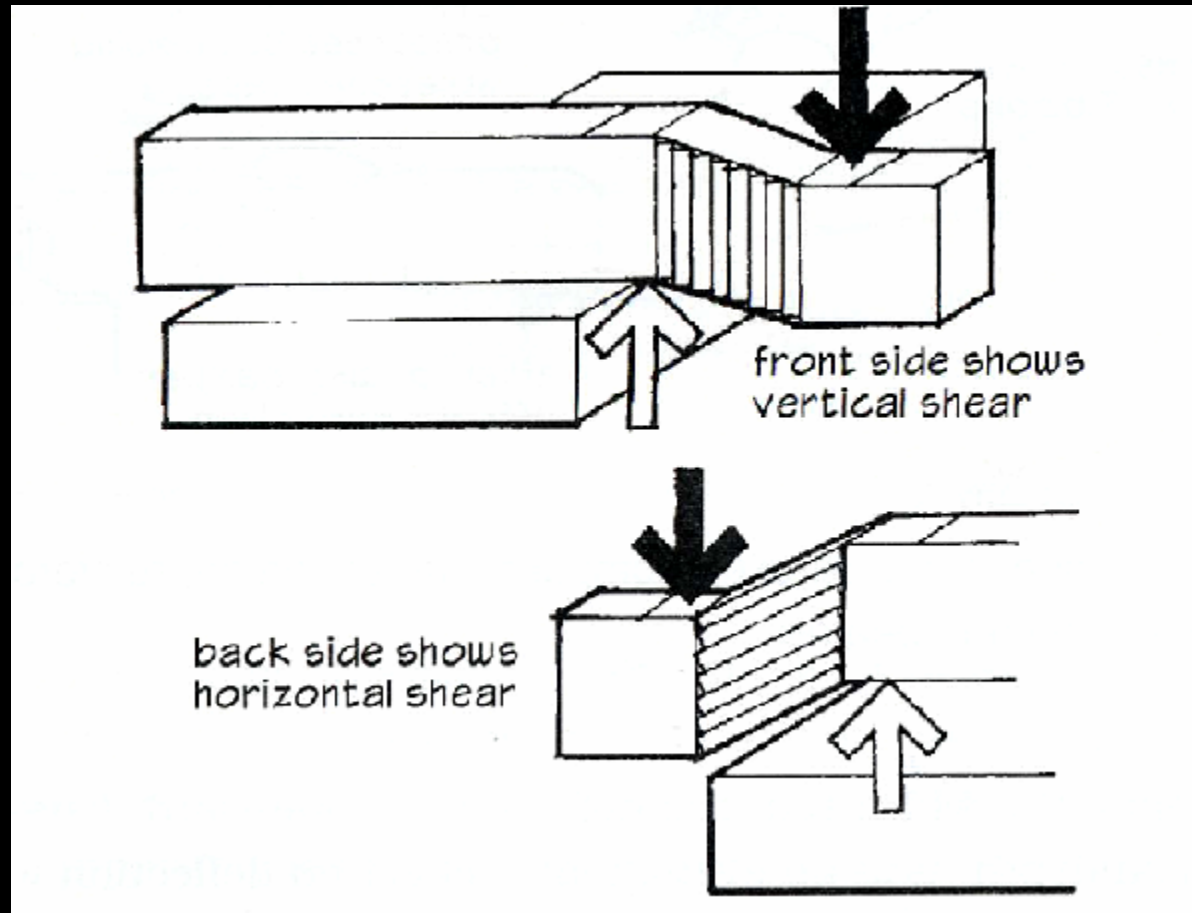
# Shear Stresses

- *horizontal & vertical*



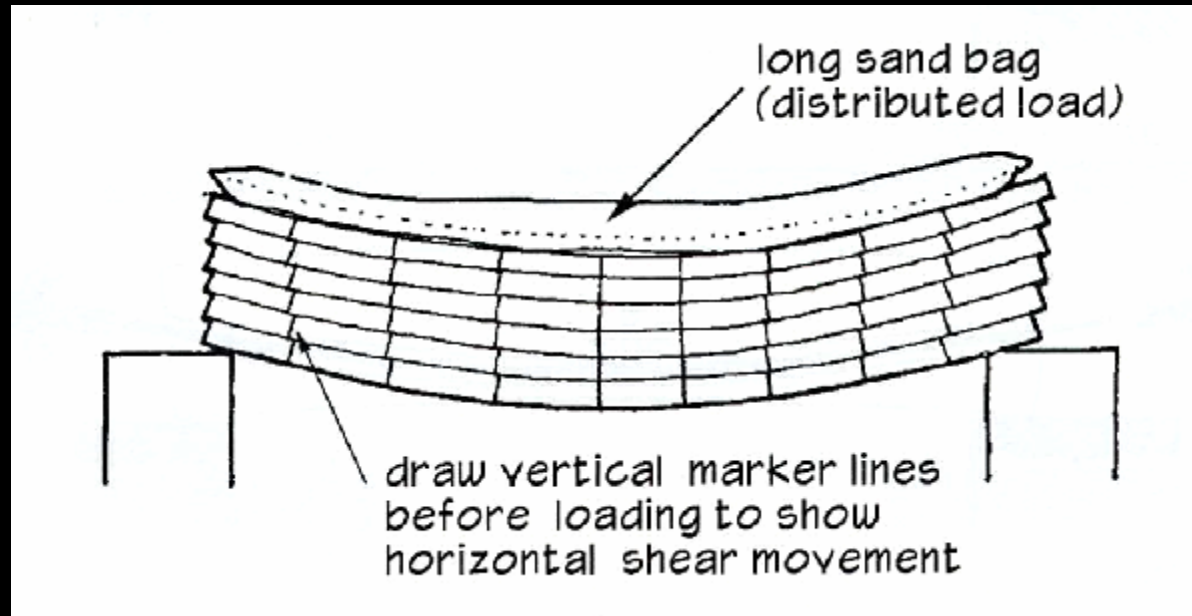
# Shear Stresses

- *horizontal & vertical*



# Beam Stresses

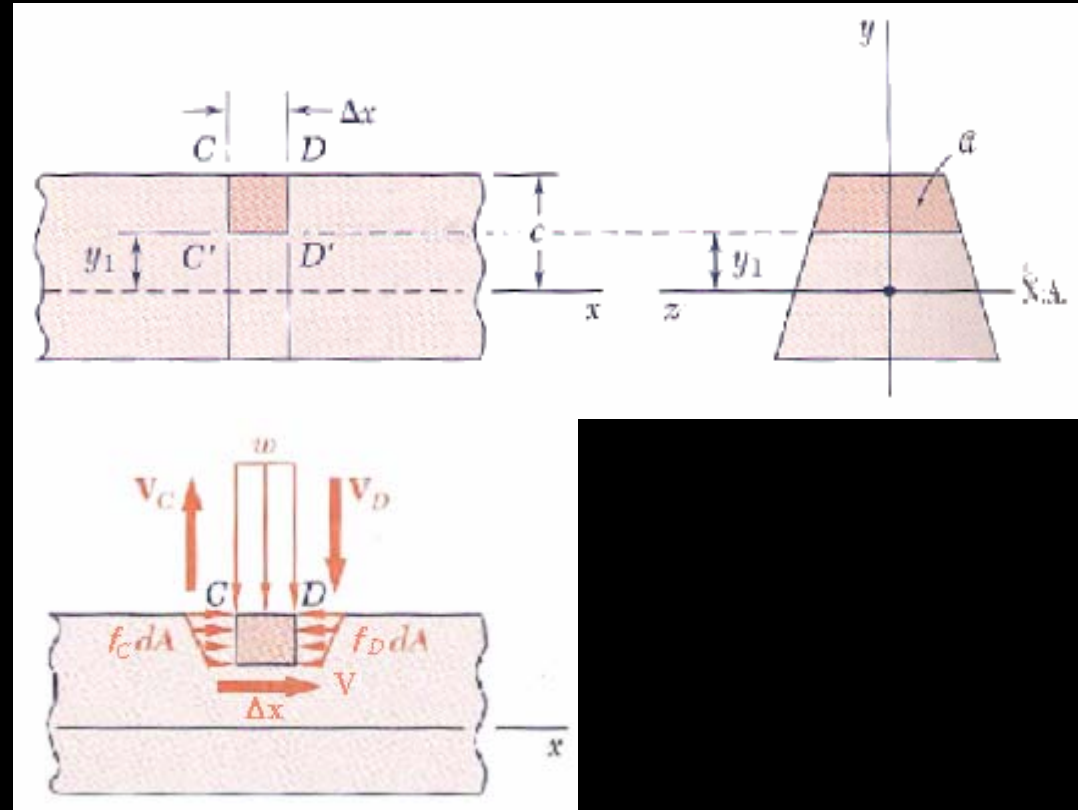
- *horizontal with bending*



# Equilibrium

- horizontal force  $V$  needed

$$V_{longitudinal} = \frac{V_T Q}{I} \Delta x$$

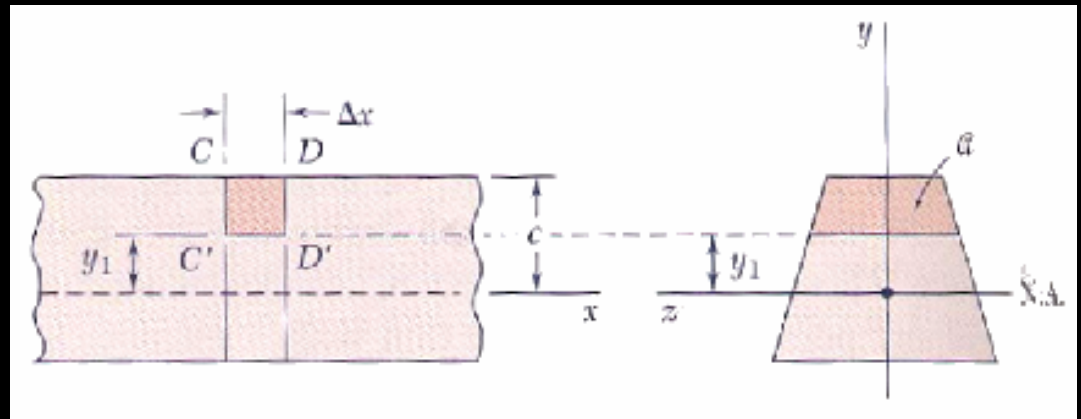


- $Q$  is a moment area

# Moment of Area

- $Q$  is a moment area with respect to the n.a. of area above or below the horizontal

- $Q_{max}$  at  $y=0$   
(n.a.)



- $q$  is shear flow:

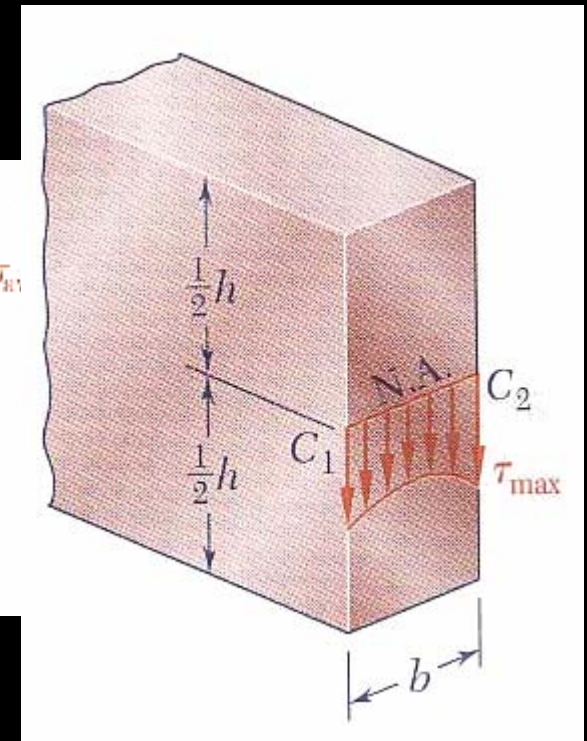
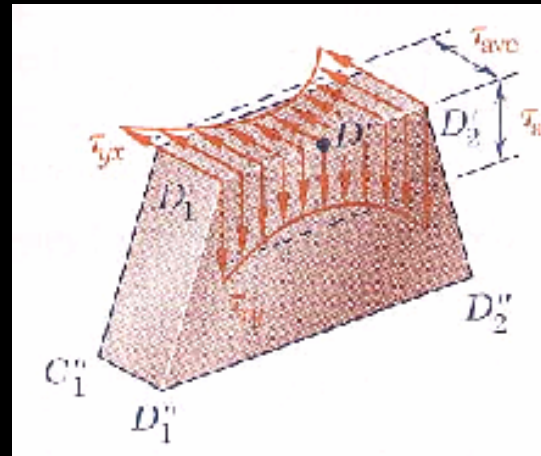
$$q = \frac{V_{longitudinal}}{\Delta x} = \frac{V_T Q}{I}$$



# Shearing Stresses

$$f_v = \frac{V}{\Delta A} = \frac{V}{b \cdot \Delta x}$$

$$f_{v-ave} = \frac{VQ}{Ib}$$



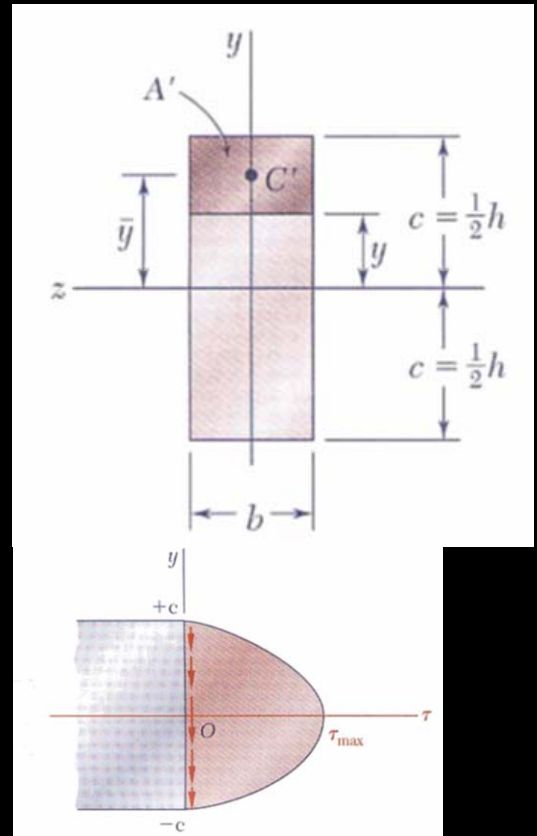
- $f_{v-ave} = 0$  on the top/bottom
- $b$  min may not be with  $Q$  max
- with  $h/4 \geq b$ ,  $f_{v-max} \leq 1.008 f_{v-ave}$

# Rectangular Sections

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{12} \quad Q = A\bar{y} = \frac{bh^2}{8}$$

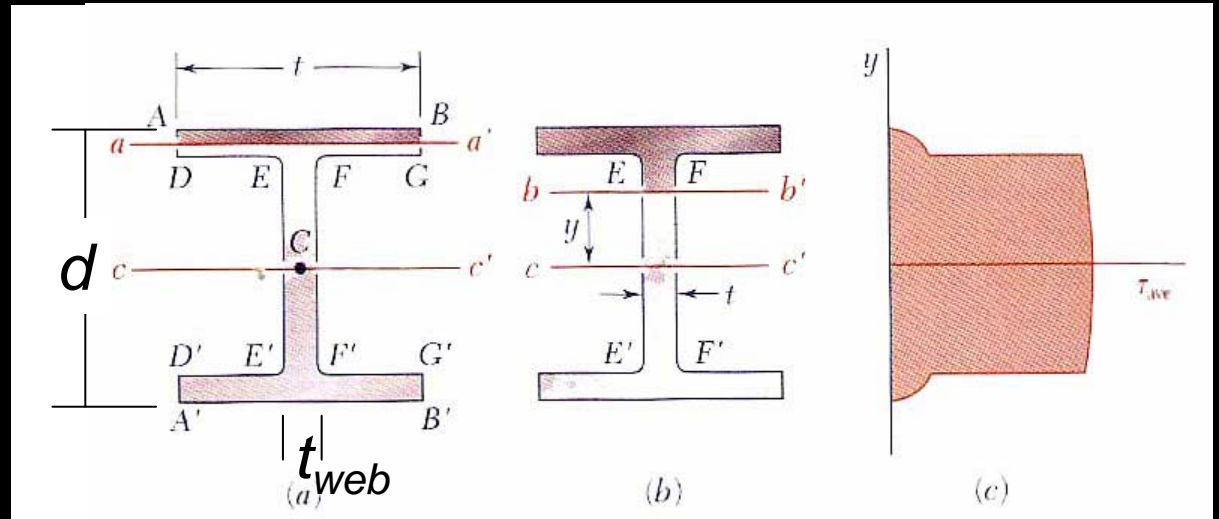
$$f_v = \frac{VQ}{Ib} = \frac{3V}{2A}$$

- $f_{v-max}$  occurs at n.a.



# Steel Beam Webs

- *W and S sections*
  - *b varies*



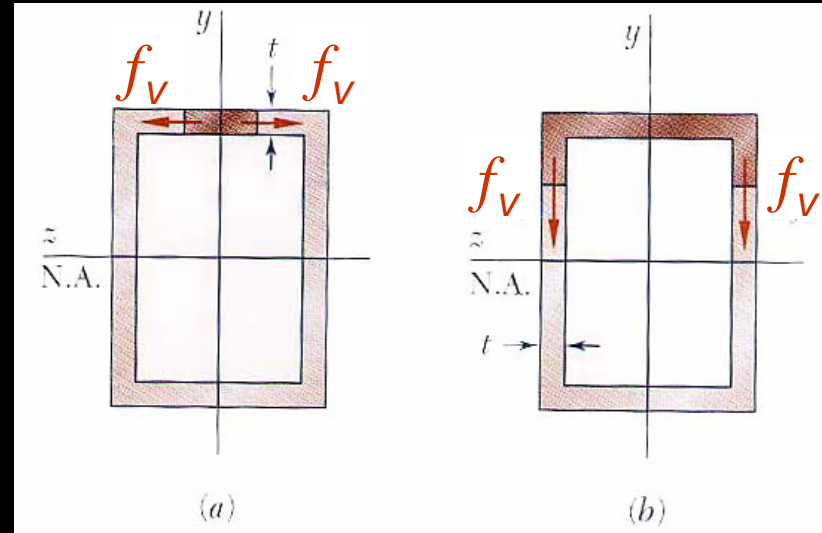
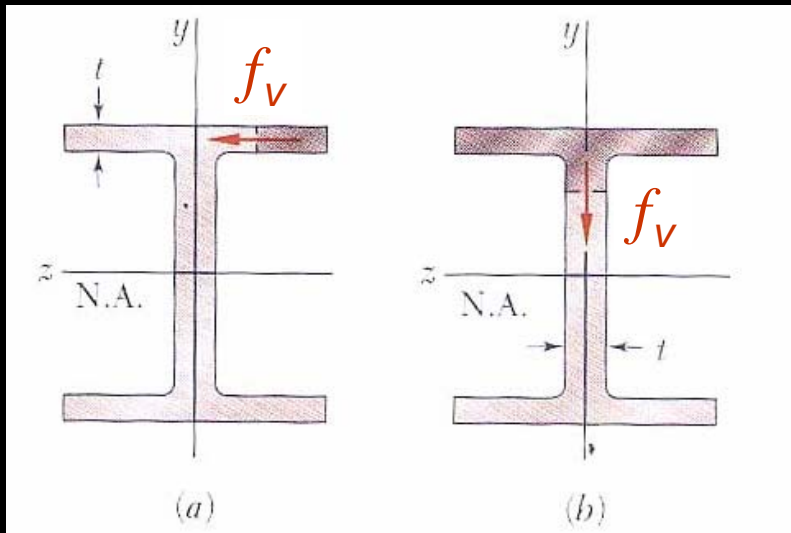
- *stress in flange negligible*
- *presume constant stress in web*

$$f_{v-\max} = \frac{3V}{2A} \approx \frac{V}{A_{web}}$$

# Shear Flow

- loads applied in plane of symmetry
- cut made perpendicular

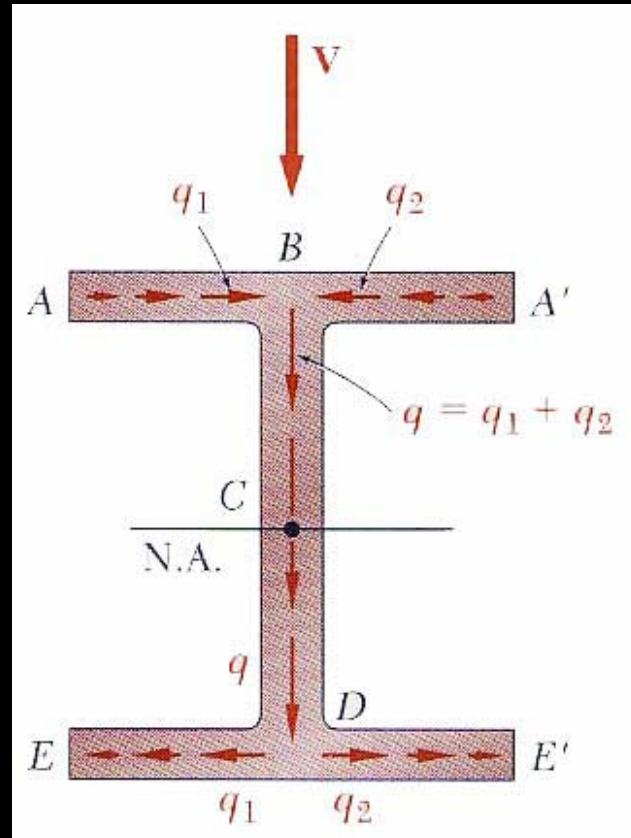
$$q = \frac{VQ}{I}$$



# Shear Flow Quantity

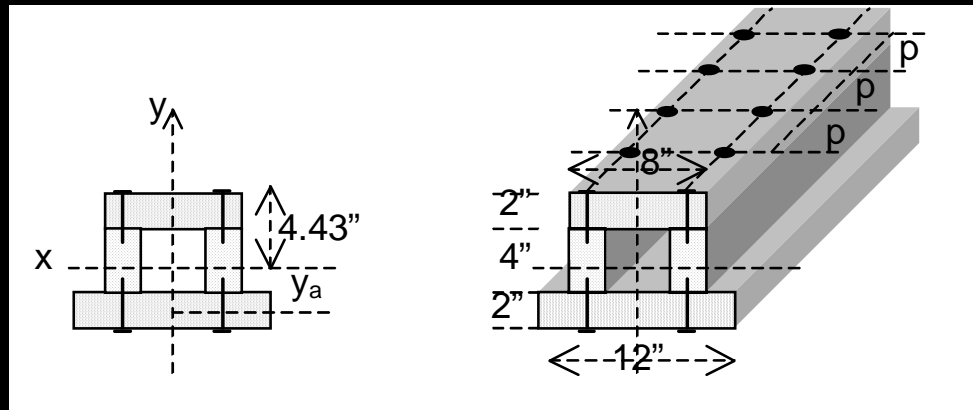
- sketch from Q

$$q = \frac{VQ}{I}$$



# Connectors Resisting Shear

- plates with
  - nails
  - rivets
  - bolts
- splices



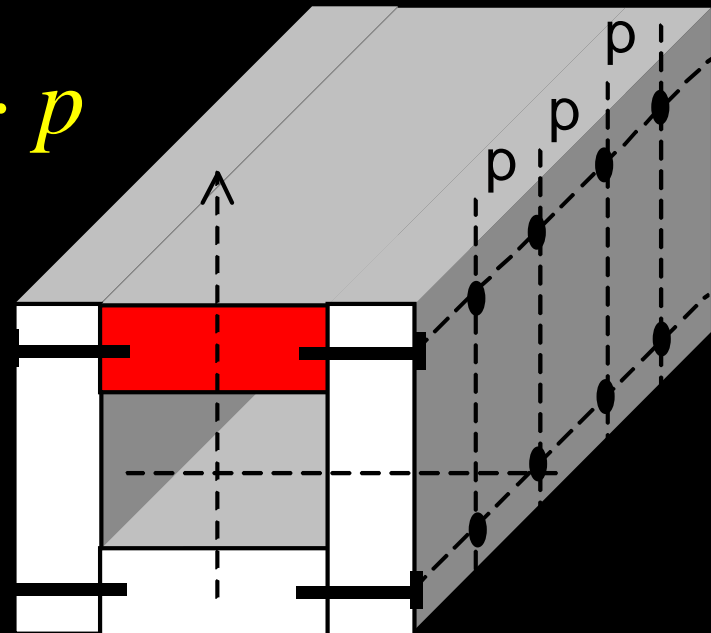
$$\frac{V_{longitudinal}}{p} = \frac{VQ}{I}$$

$$nF_{connector} \geq \frac{VQ_{connected\ area}}{I} \cdot p$$

# Vertical Connectors

- isolate an area with vertical interfaces

$$nF_{connector} \geq \frac{VQ_{connected\ area}}{I} \cdot p$$



# Unsymmetrical Shear or Section

- *member can bend and twist*
  - *not symmetric*
  - *shear not in that plane*
- *shear center*
  - *moments balance*

