ENDS 231 S2007abn

ENDS 231. Assignment #8

Date: 3/20/07, due 3/29/07 Pass-fail work

Problems: all but 8A) from Onouye, Chapters 6 & 9.

Note: Problems marked with a * have been altered with respect to the problem stated in the text.

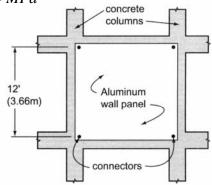
8A) A short 400 mm-square concrete pier is reinforced with four longitudinal #25 bars (25.23 mm diameter). It supports a load of 450 kN. Compute the stress in each material when $E_c = 24.9 \times 10^3$ MPa and $E_s = 207 \times 10^3$ MPa. (No figure.) [1 MPa = 10^6 N/m² = 1 N/mm²]

Partial answer to check with: $f_c = 2.6$ MPa, $f_s = 21.4$ MPa

*Use US customary units.

6.4.8 An aluminum curtain wall panel 12' (3.66 m) high is attached to large concrete columns (top and bottom) when the temperature is 65°F (18.3°C). No provision is made for differential thermal movement vertically. Because of insulation between them, the sun heats up the wall panel to 120°F (48.9°C) but the column only to 80°F (26.7°C). Determine the consequent compressive stress in the curtain wall.

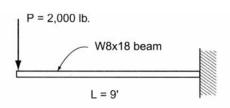
Partial answers to check with: $\delta_{restrained} = 0.0895 \text{ in, } f = 6,220 \text{ psi}$



Problem 6.4.8

9.1.1 A cantilever beam has a span of 9 feet with a concentrated load of 2000 lb. at its unsupported end. If a W8×18 is used (F_b = 22 ksi), is it safe?

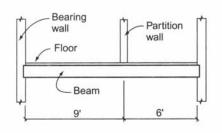
Partial answers to check with: $f_b = 14.2 \text{ ksi } (OK)$



Problem 9.1.1

9.1.4 A beam as shown supports a floor and partition where the floor load is assumed to be uniformly distributed (500 lb/ft.) and the partition contributes a 1000-lb. concentrated load. Select the lightest W8 steel section if $F_h = 22$ ksi.

*Change the loads to 2500 lb/ft and 5000 lb.

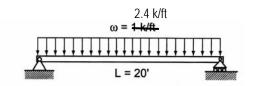


Problem 9.1.4

Partial answers to check with: $S_{reg'd} \ge 46.97$ in.³

9.1.9 Select the lightest 14" nominal depth W beam to carry the load shown. Assume A36 steel ($F_h = 22 \text{ ksi}$).

*Change the load to 2.4 k/ft. Assume A992 steel $(F_Y = 50 \text{ ksi}, F_b = 33 \text{ ksi}).$



Problem 9.1.9