



library at
phillips exeter academy
louis kahn
exeter, new hampshire

contents

-architect background

-project background

-structural systems composition,
analysis

-conclusion

-references



louis kahn

-born in Estonia in 1901

-attended University of Penn on scholarship, graduated with his Bachelor of Architecture in 1924

-In 1951 Kahn received a commission to design the Yale University Art Gallery in New Haven, Connecticut- first major architectural project

-notable works include: Kimball Art Museum, Salk Institute for Biological Studies, National Capital- Bangladesh

Phillips Exeter Academy Library

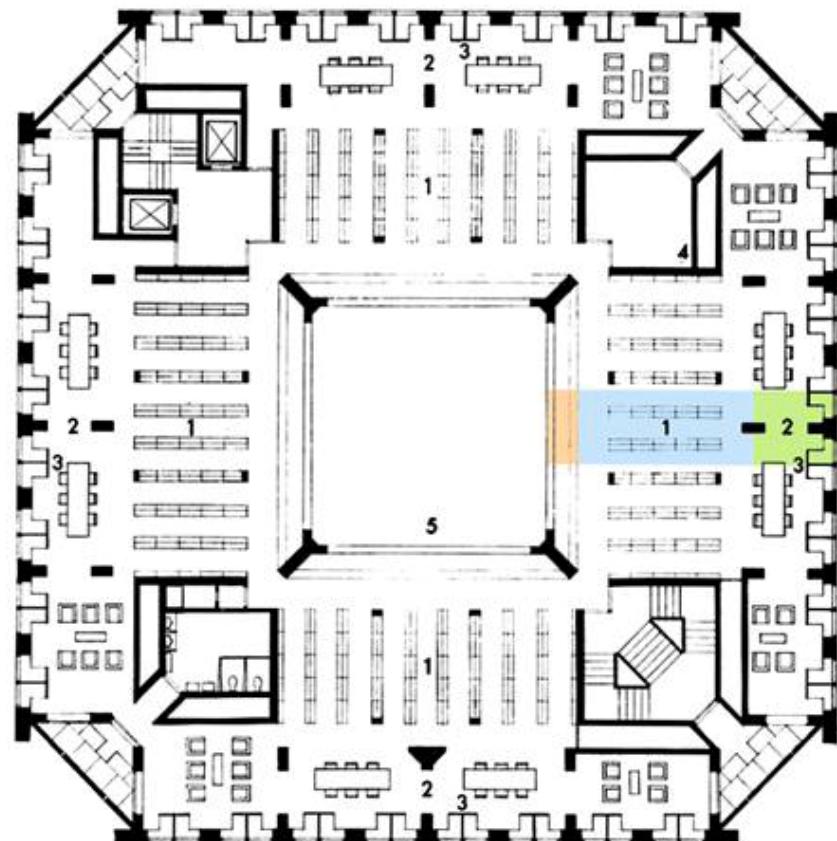
-completed in 1971,
prep school in Exeter,
New Hampshire

- adjacent to several traditional structures on campus-hence the brick selection
- original program to include 250,000 books along with seminar rooms and study space for up to 400 students



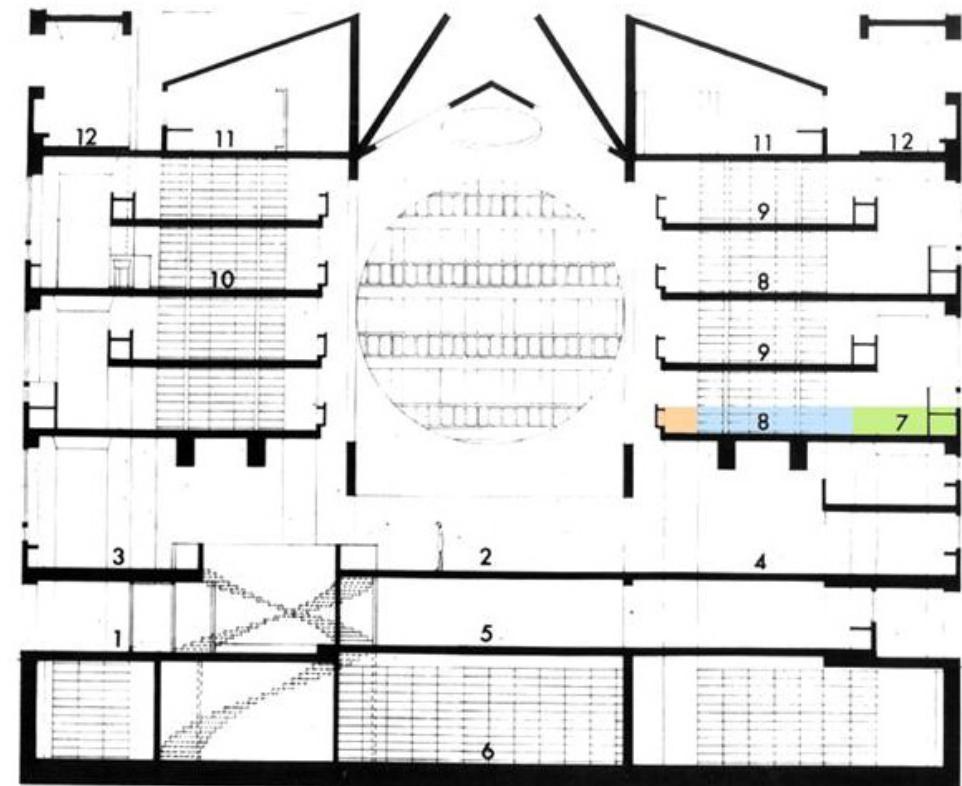
structural composition

- square plan with three zones: outer brick zone, adjacent concrete zone, and interior entrance hall atrium
- brick zone serves as place for patrons to relax & read
- concrete zone stores the books
- atrium is “invitation to books

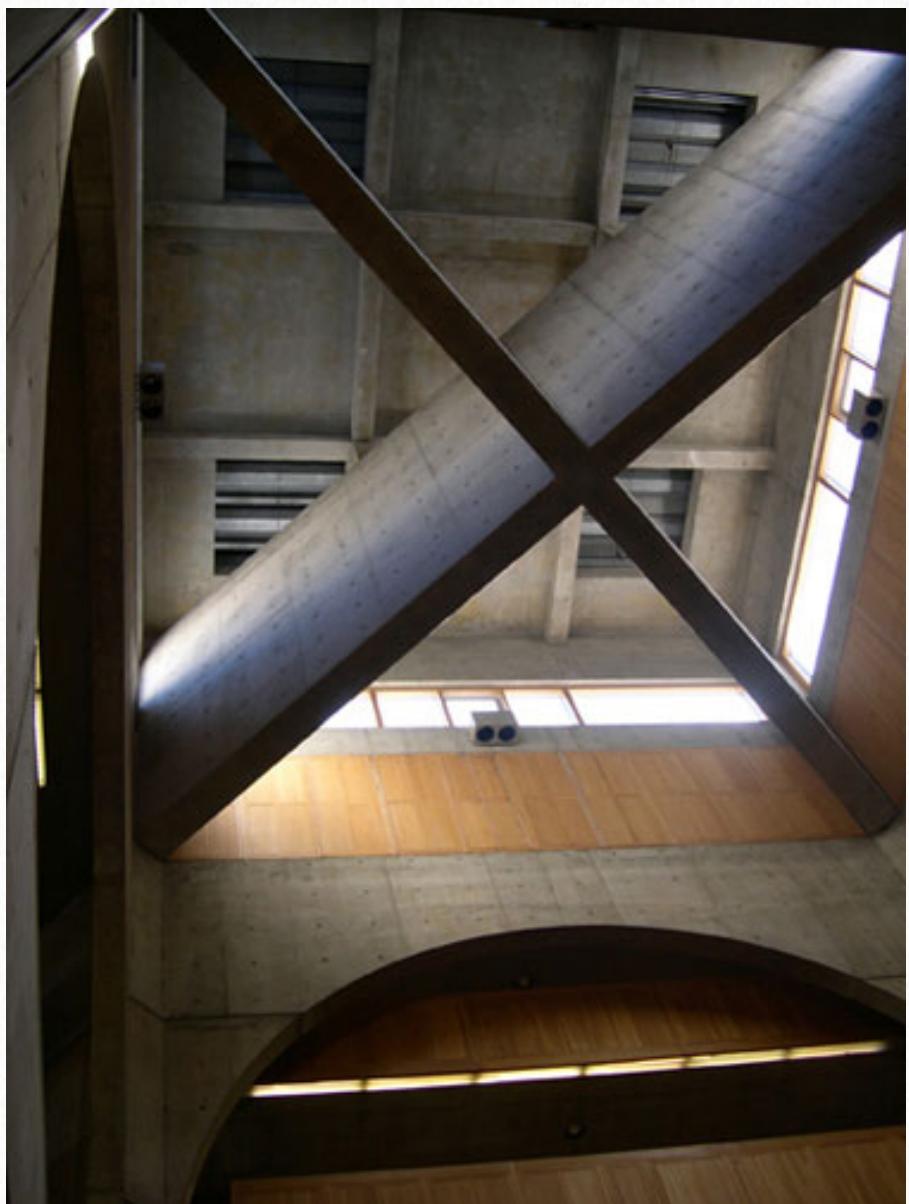


structural composition

- outer zone or “brick donut” is load bearing masonry
- inner zone is reinforced concrete, or “concrete donut”



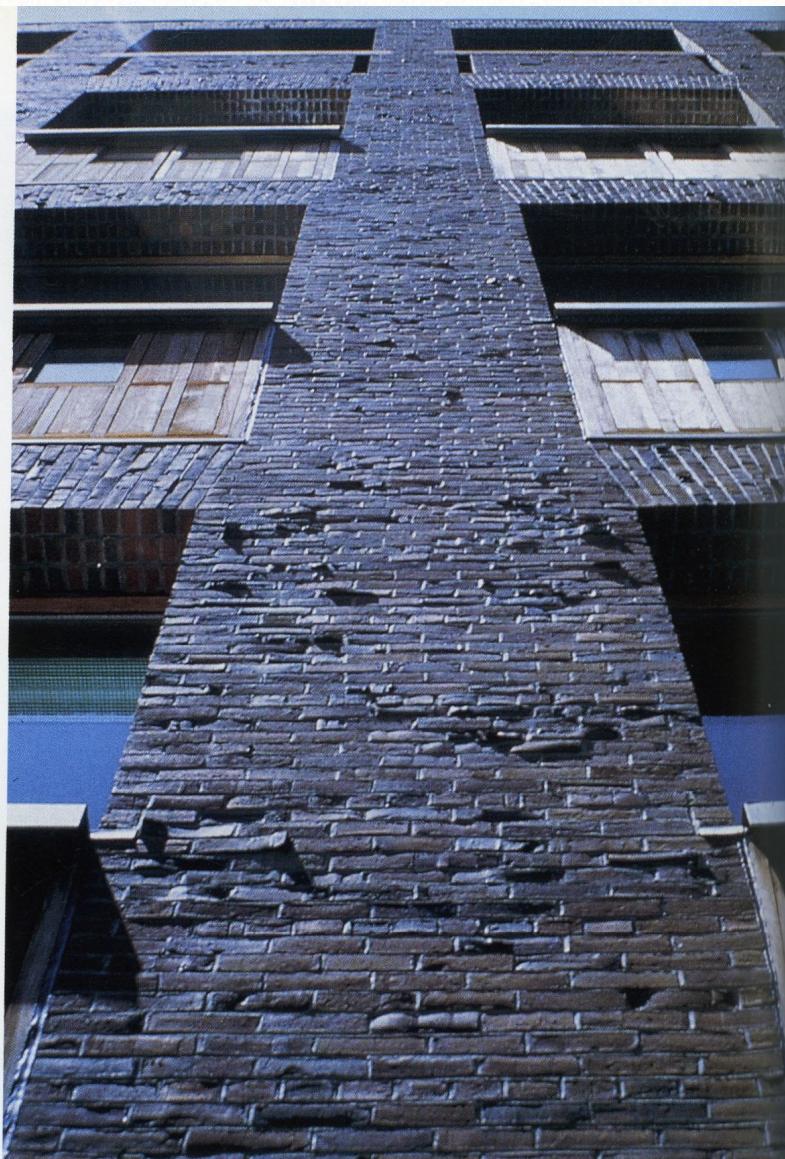
structural composition



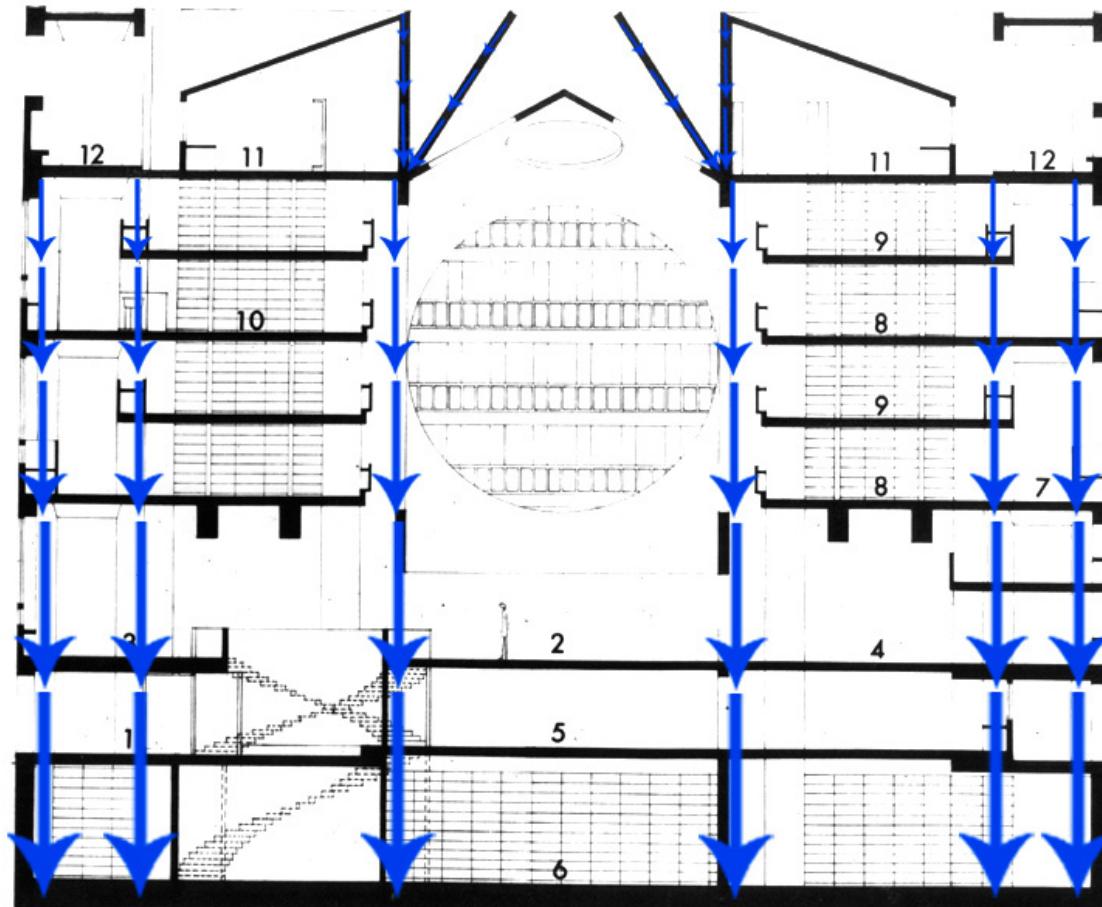
structural composition



structural composition



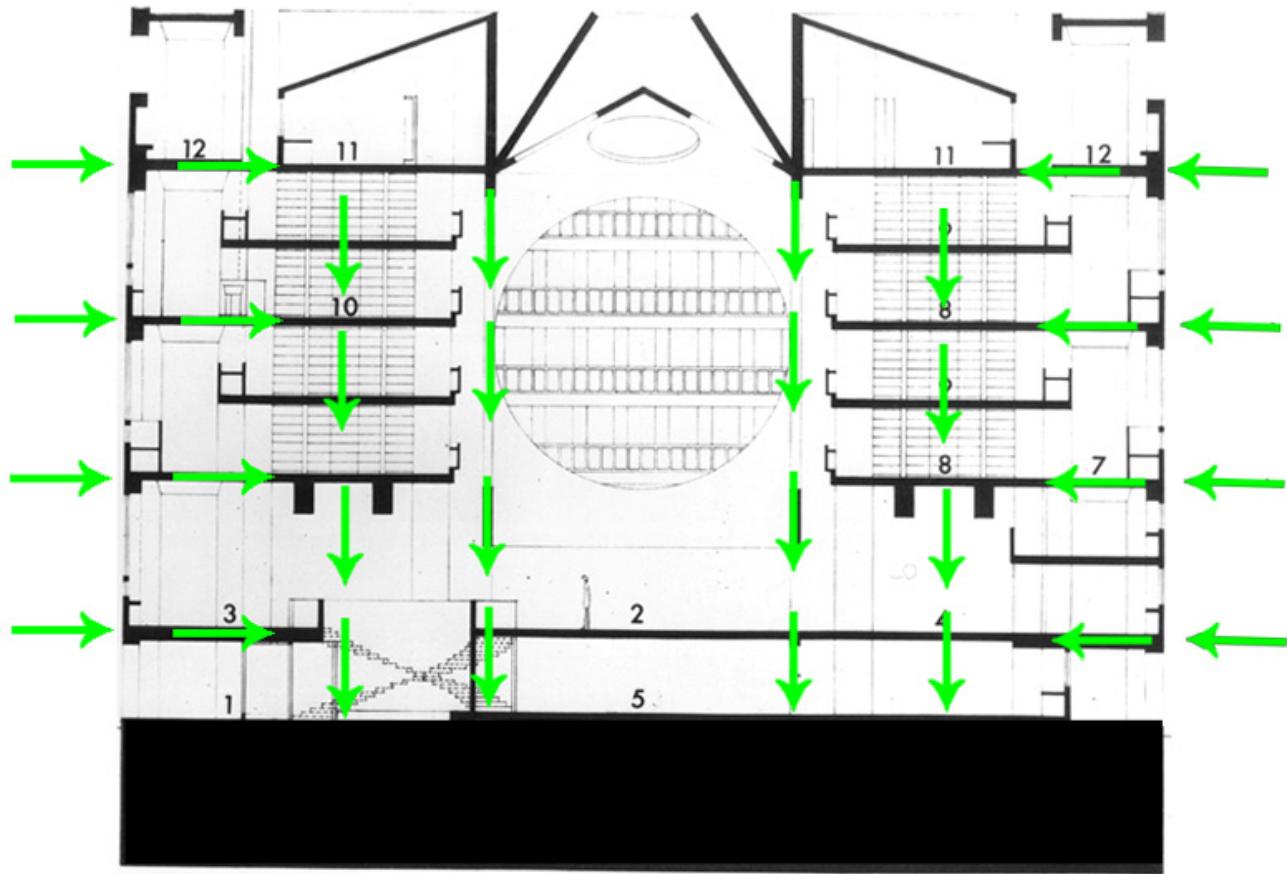
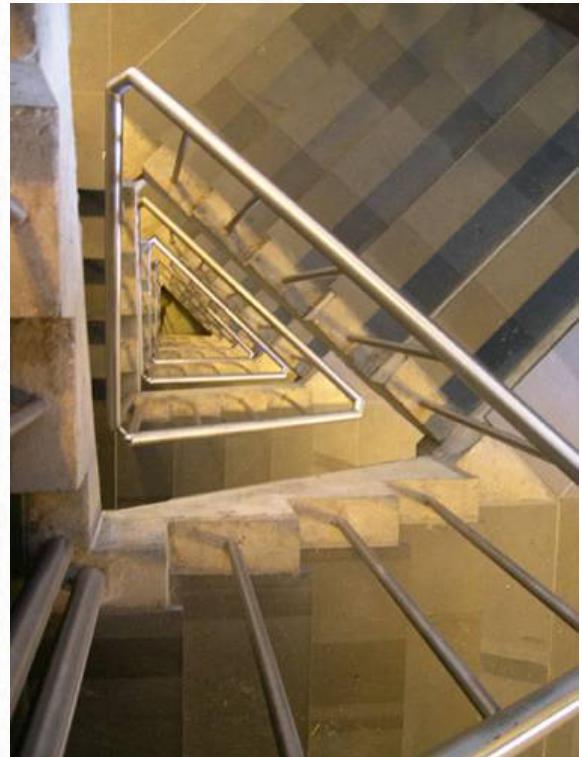
structural composition



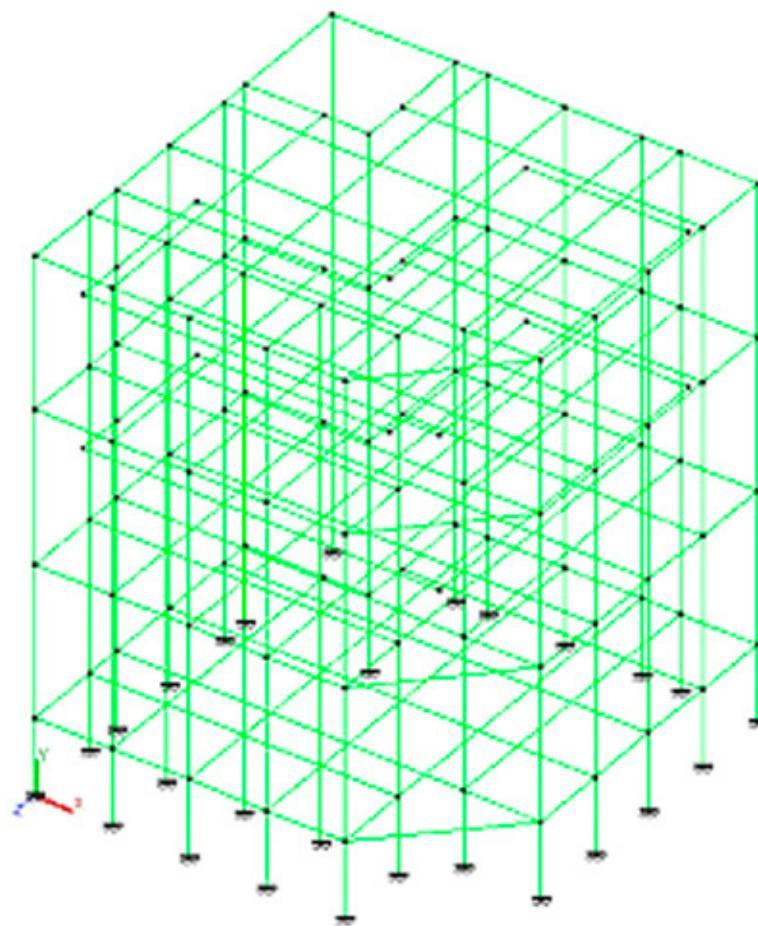
Cross-Section

- 1 Entrance
- 2 Central space
- 3 Current periodical
- 4 Card catalogue
- 5 Periodical back numbers
- 6 Periodical back numbers
- 7 Mezzanine stack area
- 8 Fiction area
- 9 Rare book area
- 10 Seminar room
- 11 Roof garden
- 12 Rare book and Seminar room

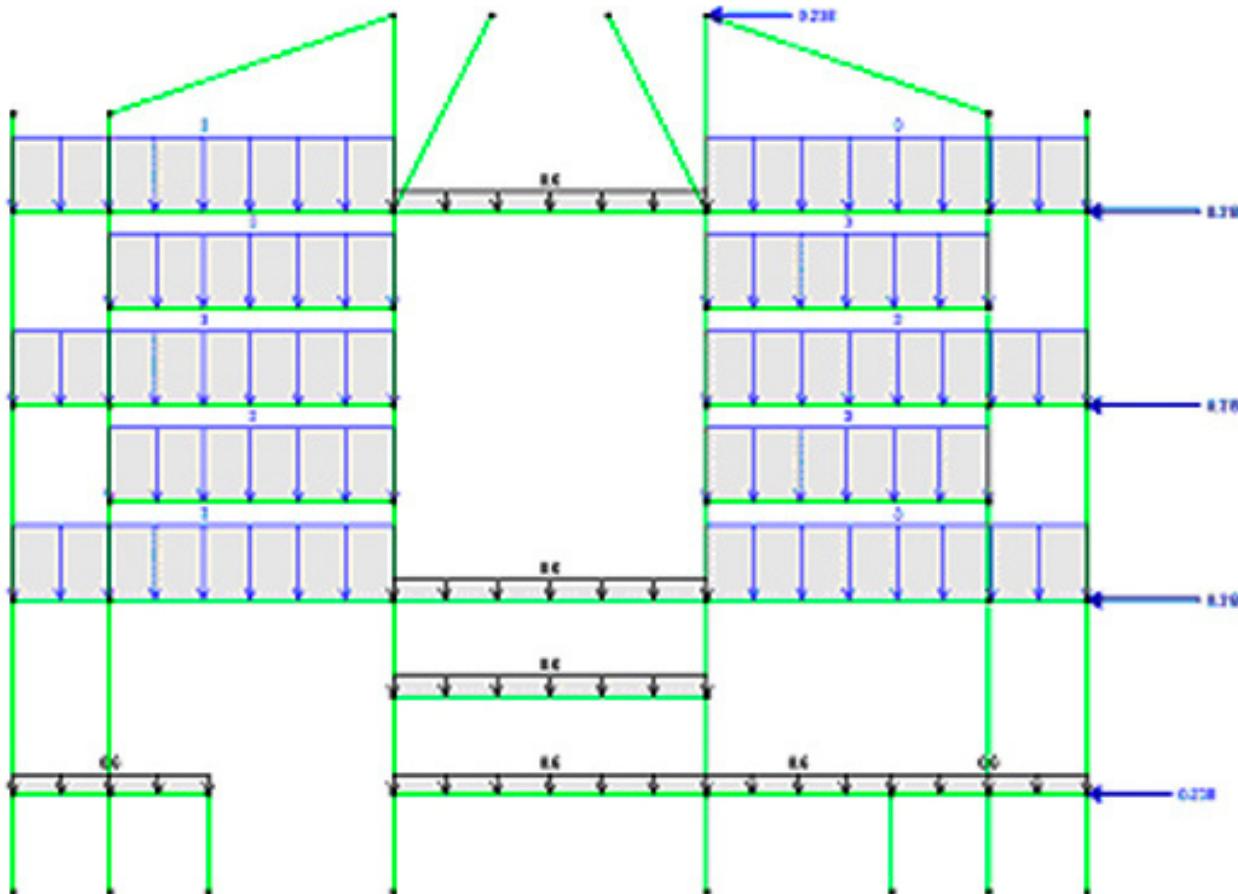
lateral loads



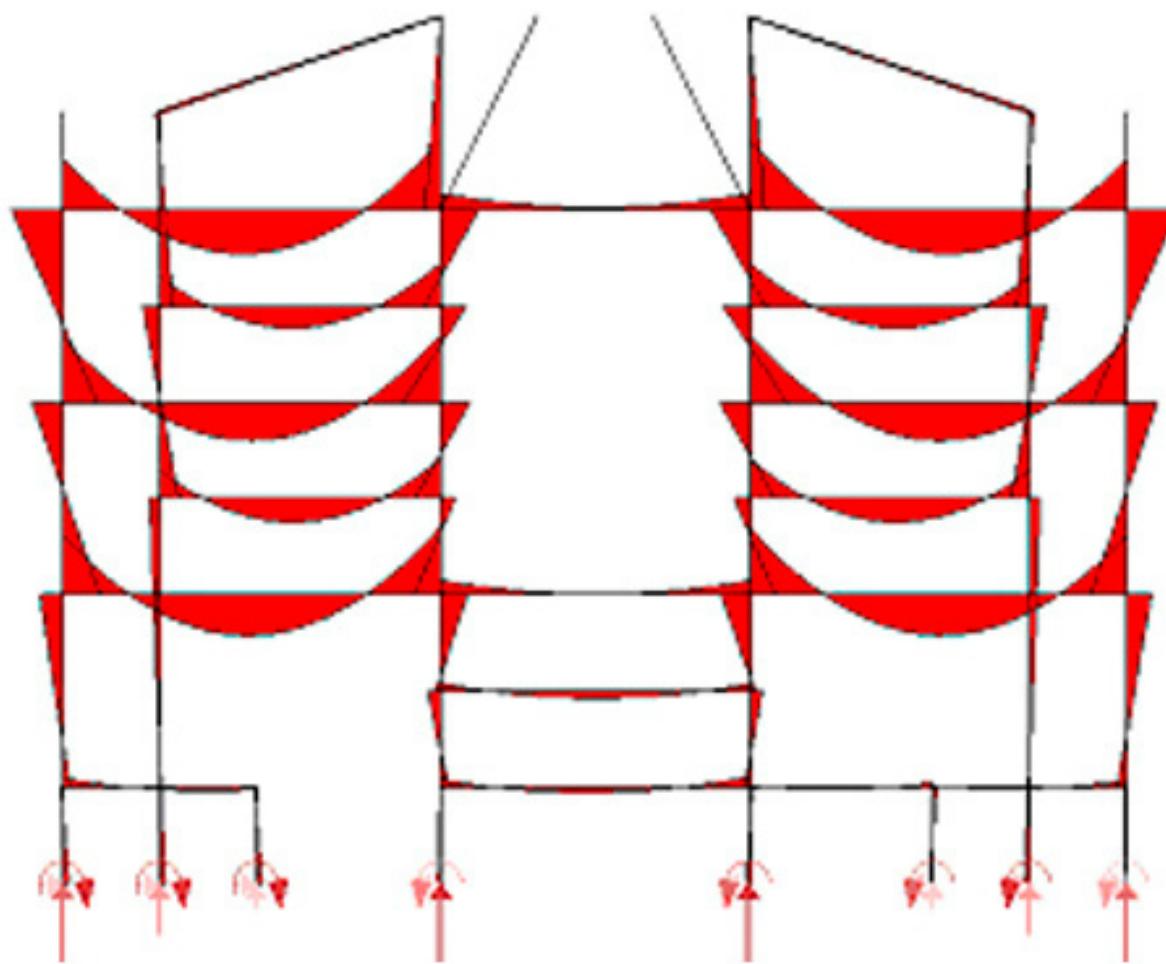
Multiframe analysis



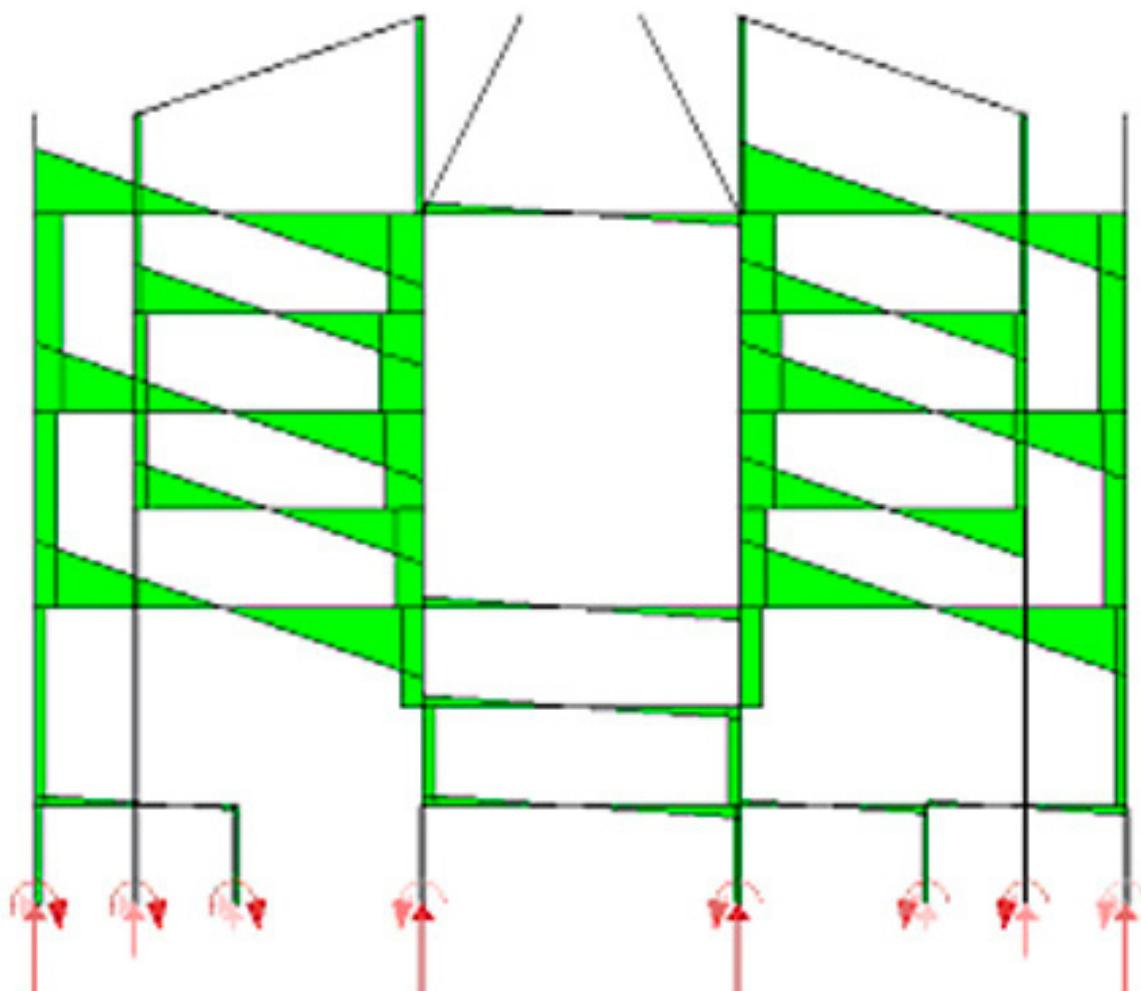
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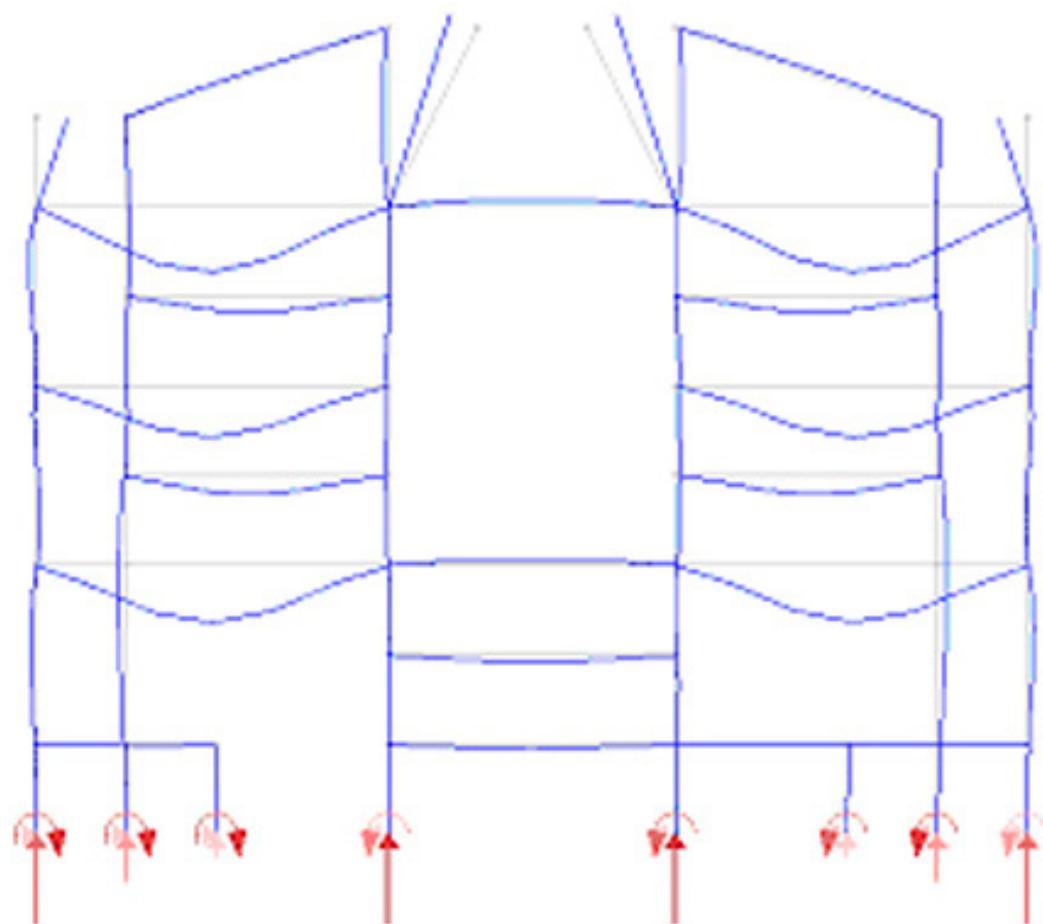
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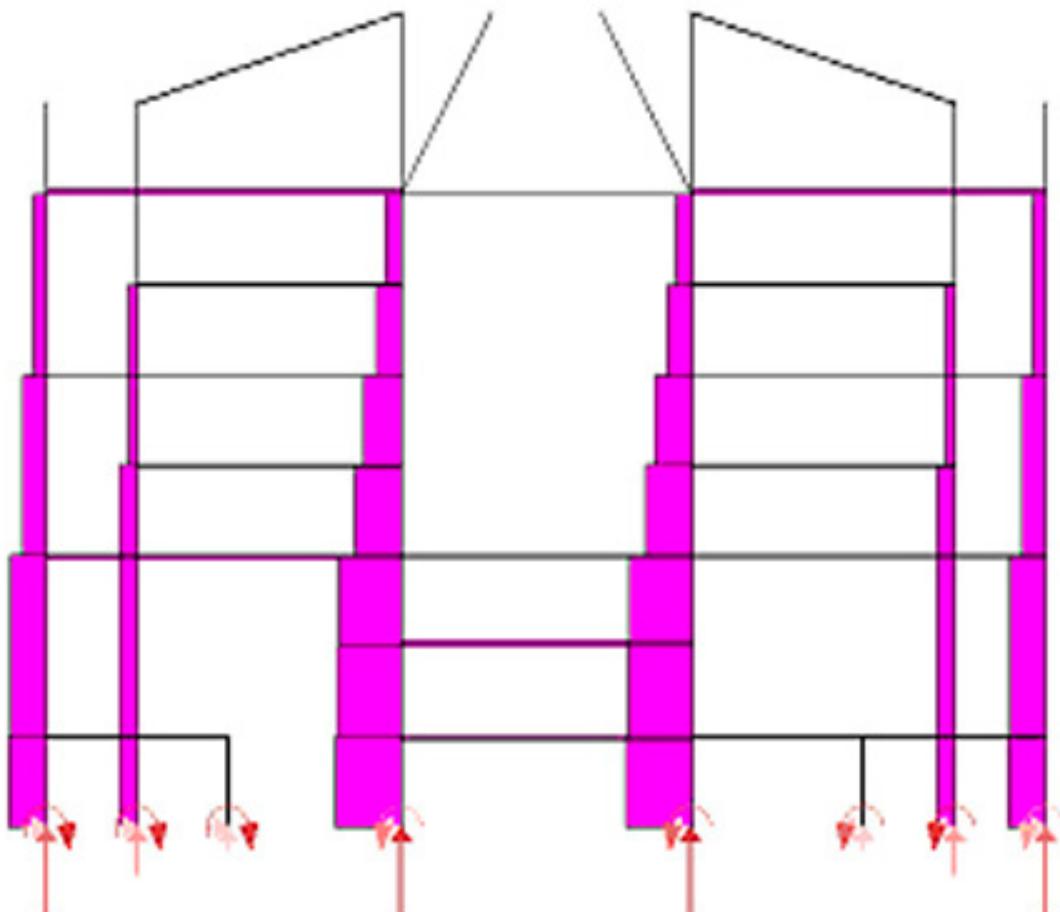
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Multiframe analysis



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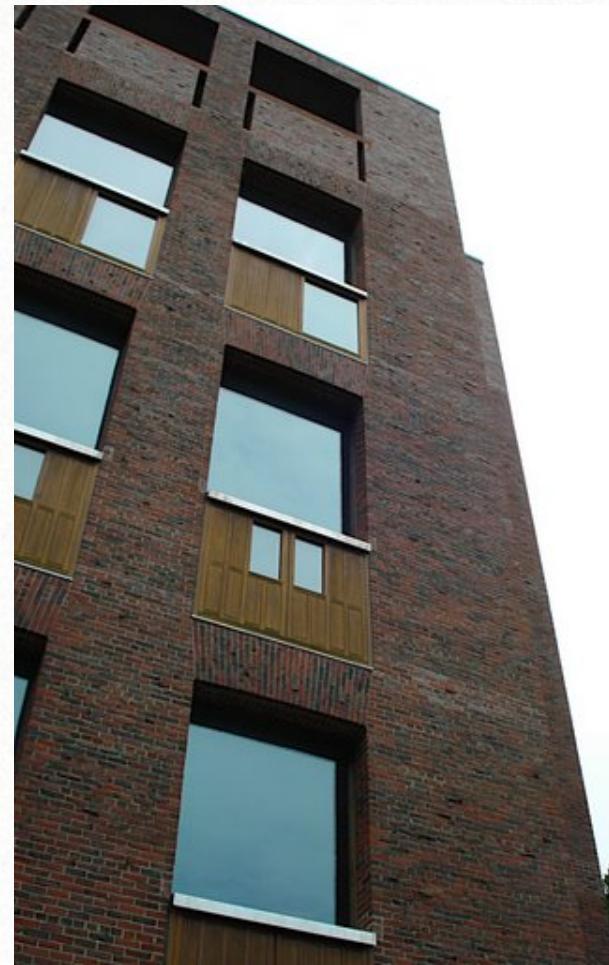
conclusion

-Kahn's notion that, "Any sound building must be rooted in its materiality and be proudly true to the way it is made."

-“And Brick says to you, I like an arch”

-Using materials as they want to be used given their inherent qualities (brick, concrete, stone and wood)

-Structure's importance to the design and its role in the appeal of work despite its simple form



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