

**Examples:  
Plate and Grids**

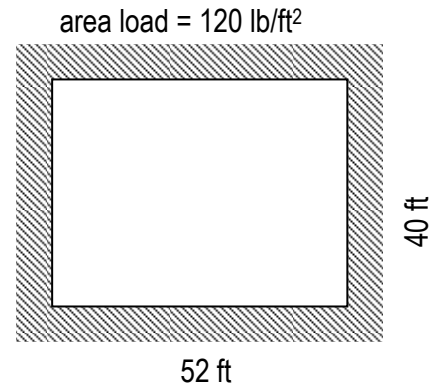
Example 1

What is the maximum positive and negative bending moments developed in a 52 x 40 ft fully fixed plate that carries a load of 120 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>?

SOLUTION:

The aspect ratio of the side lengths, *a/b*, must be determined and an appropriate coefficient chart must be found:

$a/b = 52/40 = 1.3$  (no units, and *a* is always the *bigger* number).



BENDING MOMENTS IN RECTANGULAR PLATES

| Aspect ratio<br>$\frac{a}{b}$ | Simply supported on all four sides   |  | Corner slabs fixed on two adjacent sides and free on two sides |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
|                               | Fixed on all four sides              |  |  |
| 1.0                           | $C_a = + 0.0479$<br>$C_b = + 0.0479$ | $C_a = + 0.0231, C_a = - 0.0513$<br>$C_b = + 0.0231, C_b = - 0.0513$ | $C_a = - 0.29$<br>$C_b = - 0.29$                               |
| 1.3                           | $C_a = + 0.0298$<br>$C_b = + 0.0694$ | $C_a = + 0.0131, C_a = - 0.0333$<br>$C_b = + 0.0327, C_b = - 0.0687$ | $C_a = - 0.35$<br>$C_b = - 0.35$                               |
| 1.5                           | $C_a = + 0.0221$<br>$C_b = + 0.0812$ | $C_a = + 0.0090, C_a = - 0.0253$<br>$C_b = + 0.0368, C_b = - 0.0757$ | $C_a = - 0.37$<br>$C_b = - 0.37$                               |
| 2.0                           | $C_a = + 0.0116$<br>$C_b = + 0.1017$ | $C_a = + 0.0039, C_a = - 0.0143$<br>$C_b = + 0.0412, C_b = - 0.0829$ | $C_a = - 0.43$<br>$C_b = - 0.43$                               |

**Note:** In all cases,  
 $M_a = C_a wa^2$   
 $M_b = C_b wb^2$

The coefficients for moment for the *a* side length and *b* side length for fixed support all sides and *a/b* = 1.3 are:

$C_a = +0.0131$  and  $C_a = -0.0333$        $C_b = +0.0327$  and  $C_b = -0.0687$

The maximum moments are calculated with the formula in the table:

$M_a(positive) = C_a wa^2 = 0.0131(120 \frac{lb}{ft^2})(52 ft)^2 = 4251 \frac{lb-ft}{ft}$

$M_a(negative) = C_a wa^2 = -0.0333(120 \frac{lb}{ft^2})(52 ft)^2 = -10,805 \frac{lb-ft}{ft}$

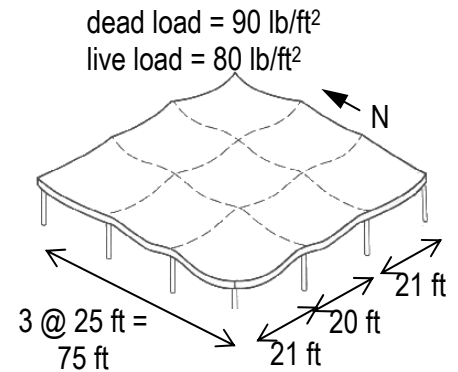
$M_b(positive) = C_b wb^2 = 0.0327(120 \frac{lb}{ft^2})(40 ft)^2 = 6278 \frac{lb-ft}{ft}$

$M_b(negative) = C_b wb^2 = -0.0687(120 \frac{lb}{ft^2})(40 ft)^2 = -13,190 \frac{lb-ft}{ft}$

**Example 2**

A two-way interior-bay flat (concrete) slab with the dimensions shown supports a live loading of 80 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> and has a dead load of 90 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>. The columns can be assumed to be 18 inches square. Determine the design moments based on ACI-318, (ASCE-7) and the Direct Design method.

Also compare design moments for an exterior-interior bay



**SOLUTION:**

Determine the distributed load combinations:

$$w_u = 1.2D + 1.6L = 1.2(90 \text{ lb/ft}^2) + 1.6(80 \text{ lb/ft}^2) = 236 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

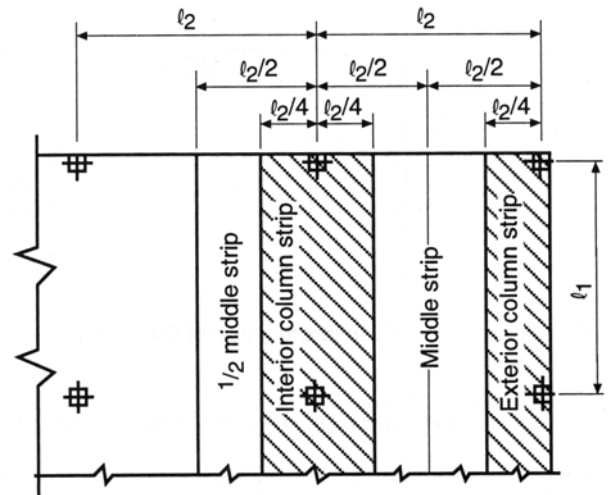
Determine the clear span length for the N-S direction:

$$l_n = l_1 - \frac{1}{2} \text{ column width} - \frac{1}{2} \text{ column width} = 25 \text{ ft} - \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) - \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 23.5 \text{ ft}$$

Because  $l_2$  is not the same width on either side of an interior panel, it is taken as the average =  $(21 \text{ ft} + 20 \text{ ft})/2 = 20.5 \text{ ft}$ .

Total moment (to distribute to middle and interior column strip):

$$M_o = \frac{w_u l_2 l_n^2}{8} = \frac{(236 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(20.5 \text{ ft})(23.5 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 333,973 \text{ lb-ft}$$



(a) Column strip for  $l_2 \leq l_1$

Interior Column Strip ( $l_2 \leq l_1$ ):

The column strip width is  $\frac{1}{4}$  the smaller of  $l_2$  either side of the column:

$$\text{strip width} = \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) + \frac{1}{4} (20 \text{ ft}) = 10.25 \text{ ft}$$

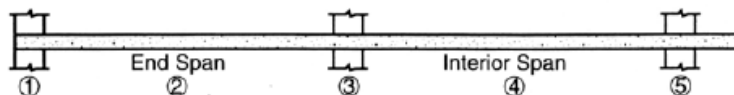
From Table 4.2, the maximum positive moment occurs in an end span:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.31M_o = (0.31)(333,973 \text{ lb-ft}) = 103,532 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 10.25 \text{ ft} = 10,101 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

The positive design moment for an interior span is:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.21M_o = (0.21)(333,973 \text{ lb-ft}) = 70,134 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 10.25 \text{ ft} = 6,842 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

**Table 4-2 Flat Plate or Flat Slab Supported Directly on Columns**



| Slab Moments | End Span                  |               |                                 | Interior Span |                           |
|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
|              | 1<br>Exterior<br>Negative | 2<br>Positive | 3<br>First Interior<br>Negative | 4<br>Positive | 5<br>Interior<br>Negative |
| Total Moment | 0.26 $M_o$                | 0.52 $M_o$    | 0.70 $M_o$                      | 0.35 $M_o$    | 0.65 $M_o$                |
| Column Strip | 0.26 $M_o$                | 0.31 $M_o$    | 0.53 $M_o$                      | 0.21 $M_o$    | 0.49 $M_o$                |
| Middle Strip | 0                         | 0.21 $M_o$    | 0.17 $M_o$                      | 0.14 $M_o$    | 0.16 $M_o$                |

Note: All negative moments are at face of support.

From Table 4.2, the maximum negative moment occurs in an end span at the first interior column face:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.53M_o = (0.53)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 177,006^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.25 \text{ ft} = 177,006 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.25 \text{ ft}) = 17,269 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

The negative design moment at the exterior of an end span is:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.26M_o = (0.26)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 86,833^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.25 \text{ ft} = 86,833 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.25 \text{ ft}) = 8472 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

The negative design moment for an interior span is:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.49M_o = (0.49)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 163,647^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.25 \text{ ft} = 163,647 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.25 \text{ ft}) = 15,966 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

### Middle Strip:

The width is the remaining width of  $l_2$  between column strips:

$$\text{strip width} = 21 \text{ ft} - \frac{1}{4}(20 \text{ ft}) - \frac{1}{4}(21 \text{ ft}) = 10.75 \text{ ft}$$

From Table 4.2, the maximum positive moment occurs in an end span:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.21M_o = (0.21)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 70,134^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.75 \text{ ft} = 70,134 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.75 \text{ ft}) = 6524 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

The positive design moment for an interior span is:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.14M_o = (0.14)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 46,756^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.75 \text{ ft} = 46,756 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.75 \text{ ft}) = 4349 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

From Table 4.2, the maximum negative moment occurs in an end span at the first interior column face:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.17M_o = (0.17)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 56,775^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.75 \text{ ft} = 56,775 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.75 \text{ ft}) = 5281 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

There is no negative design moment at the exterior of an end span.

The negative design moment for an interior span is:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.16M_o = (0.16)(333,973^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 53,436^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 10.75 \text{ ft} = 53,436 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.75 \text{ ft}) = 4971 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

### Exterior Column Strip:

The value to use for  $l_2$  for an edge strip includes the distance to the outside of the columns =  $21 \text{ ft} + \frac{1}{2}(18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 21.75 \text{ ft}$

$$M_o = \frac{w_u \ell_2 \ell_n^2}{8} = \frac{(236 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(21.75 \text{ ft})(23.5 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 354,337^{\text{lb-ft}}$$

The width is  $\frac{1}{4}l_2$  one side of the column plus the distance to the slab edge:

$$\text{strip width} = \frac{1}{4}(21 \text{ ft}) + \frac{1}{2}(18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 6 \text{ ft}$$

So a comparison to the interior column strip maximum positive moment occurring in an end span is:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.31M_o = (0.31)(354,337^{\text{lb-ft}}) = 109,844^{\text{lb-ft}}, \text{ distributed over } 6 \text{ ft} = 109,844 \text{ lb-ft}/(6 \text{ ft}) = 18,307 \text{ lb-ft/ft} \\ \text{(as opposed to } 10,101 \text{ lb-ft/ft)}$$

For the E-W direction:

Because the adjacent spans are not the same length, the longer span, which is the END span will be larger:

$$l_n = l_1 - \frac{1}{2} \text{ column width} - \frac{1}{2} \text{ column width} \\ = 21 \text{ ft} - \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) - \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 19.5 \text{ ft}$$

Because  $l_2$  is 25 ft.

Total moment (to distribute to middle and interior column strip):

$$M_o = \frac{w_u l_2 l_n^2}{8} = \frac{(236 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(25 \text{ ft})(19.5 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 280,434 \text{ lb-ft}$$

Interior Column Strip END Spans ( $l_2 > l_1$ ):

The column strip width is  $\frac{1}{4}$  the **smaller** of  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  either side of the column:

$$\text{strip width} = \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) + \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) = 10.5 \text{ ft}$$

From Table 4.2, the maximum positive moment occurs in an end span:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.31M_o = (0.31)(280,434 \text{ lb-ft}) = 86,935 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 10.5 \text{ ft} = 86,935 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.5 \text{ ft}) \\ = 8279 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

From Table 4.2, the maximum negative moment occurs in an end span at the first interior column face:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.53M_o = (0.53)(280,434 \text{ lb-ft}) = 148,630 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 10.5 \text{ ft} = 148,630 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.5 \text{ ft}) \\ = 14,155 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

The negative design moment at the exterior of an end span is:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.26M_o = (0.26)(280,434 \text{ lb-ft}) = 72,913 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 10.5 \text{ ft} = 72,913 \text{ lb-ft}/(10.5 \text{ ft}) \\ = 6944 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

Middle Strip END Spans:

The width is the remaining width of  $l_2$  between column strips:

$$\text{strip width} = 25 \text{ ft} - \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) - \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) = 14.5 \text{ ft}$$

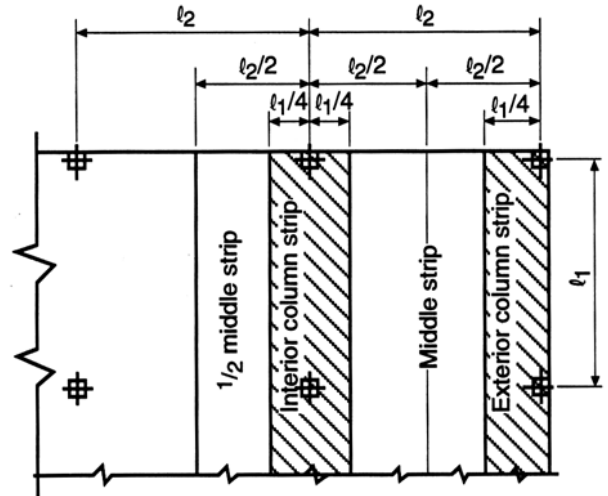
From Table 4.2, the maximum positive moment occurs in an end span:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.21M_o = (0.21)(280,434 \text{ lb-ft}) = 58,891 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 14.5 \text{ ft} = 58,891 \text{ lb-ft}/(14.5 \text{ ft}) \\ = 4061 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

From Table 4.2, the maximum negative moment occurs in an end span at the first interior column face:

$$M(\text{negative}) = 0.17M_o = (0.17)(280,434 \text{ lb-ft}) = 47,674 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 14.5 \text{ ft} = 47,674 \text{ lb-ft}/(14.5 \text{ ft}) \\ = 3288 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

There is no negative design moment at the exterior of an end span.



(b) Column strip for  $l_2 > l_1$

Exterior Column Strip END Spans:

The value to use for  $l_2$  for an edge strip includes the distance to the outside of the columns =  $25 \text{ ft} + \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 25.75 \text{ ft}$

$$M_o = \frac{w_u \ell_2 \ell_n^2}{8} = \frac{(236 \text{ lb/ft}^2)(25.75 \text{ ft})(19.5 \text{ ft})^2}{8} = 288,847 \text{ lb-ft}$$

The width is  $\frac{1}{4} l_1$  (because it is smaller than  $l_2$ ) one side of the column plus the distance to the slab edge:

$$\text{strip width} = \frac{1}{4} (21 \text{ ft}) + \frac{1}{2} (18 \text{ in}/12 \text{ in/ft}) = 6 \text{ ft}$$

So a comparison to the interior column END strip maximum positive moment occurring in an end span is:

$$M(\text{positive}) = 0.31M_o = (0.31)(288,847 \text{ lb-ft}) = 89,543 \text{ lb-ft}, \text{ distributed over } 6 \text{ ft} = 89,543 \text{ lb-ft}/(6 \text{ ft}) = 14,923 \text{ lb-ft/ft}$$

(as opposed to 8279 lb-ft/ft)

## TABLE OF DESIGN MOMENTS

| slab moments / ft          | End Span          |                 |                         | Interior Span   |                   |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
|                            | Exterior Negative | Positive        | First Interior Negative | Positive        | Interior Negative |
| NS column strip - interior | 8472 lb-ft/ft     | 10,101 lb-ft/ft | 17,269 lb-ft/ft         | 6842 lb-ft/ft   | 15,966 lb-ft/ft   |
| NS middle strip            | 0                 | 6524 lb-ft/ft   | 5281 lb-ft/ft           | 4349 lb-ft/ft   | 4971 lb-ft/ft     |
| NS column strip - edge     | 15,355 lb-ft/ft   | 18,307 lb-ft/ft | 31,300 lb-ft/ft         | 12,402 lb-ft/ft | 28,937 lb-ft/ft   |
| EW column strip - interior | 6944 lb-ft/ft     | 8279 lb-ft/ft   | 14,155 lb-ft/ft         | 5048 lb-ft/ft   | 11,779 lb-ft/ft   |
| EW middle strip            | 0                 | 4061 lb-ft/ft   | 3288 lb-ft/ft           | 2437 lb-ft/ft   | 5686 lb-ft/ft     |
| EW column strip - edge     | 12,517 lb-ft/ft   | 14,923 lb-ft/ft | 25,515 lb-ft/ft         | 6066 lb-ft/ft   | 6933 lb-ft/ft     |