

"Virtual" Chair Deconstruction

ARCH 614

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Introduction

- Purpose: To take principles of static structural analysis and design and applying them to a real-world example.
- Objectives:
 - Virtually Model a real chair with its defined dimensions
 - Determine the design capacities of the chair based on its materials and connections
 - Add a realistic load to chair, trace the load through the chair's structural members, & input into multi-frame 3D to analyze the chairs response to the added load

The Chair

- Manufacturer: IKEA
- Style: IVAR Dining Room Chair
- Construction Materials:
 - 2x2 No. 2 Dense (Assumed) Southern Pine
 - 5/8 Steel Screws (Assumed)

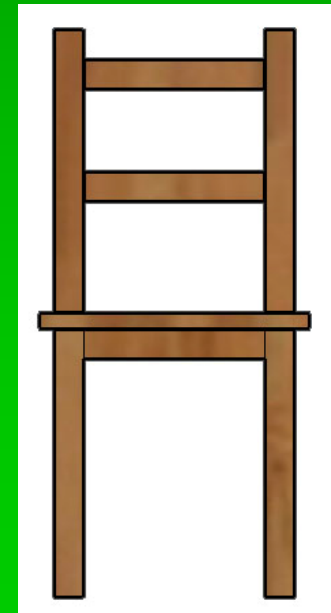
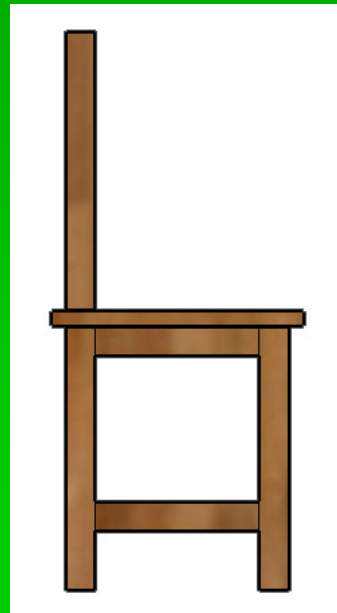
Materials Analysis

- Design Capacities of Southern Pine:
 - Table of Dimensional Lumber 2" to 4" Thick, 2" & Wider
 - Values in Pounds Per Square Inch (psi)

Size	Grade	Extreme Fiber Stress in Bending F_b		Tension Parallel to Grain	Horizontal Shear	Compression Perpendicular to Grain	Compression Parallel to Grain	Modulus of Elasticity
		Single Member	Repetitive Member	F_t	F_v	F_c	F_c	E
	No.1	1850	2130	1050	175	565	1850	1,700,000
	No.1 NonDense	1700	1950	900	175	480	1700	1,600,000
2x2	No.2 Dense	1700	1960	875	175	660	1850	1,700,000
2x3	No.2	1500	1720	825	175	565	1650	1,600,000
2x4	No.2NonDense	1350	1550	775	175	480	1600	1,400,000
3x3	No.3 and Stud	850	980	475	175	565	975	1,400,000

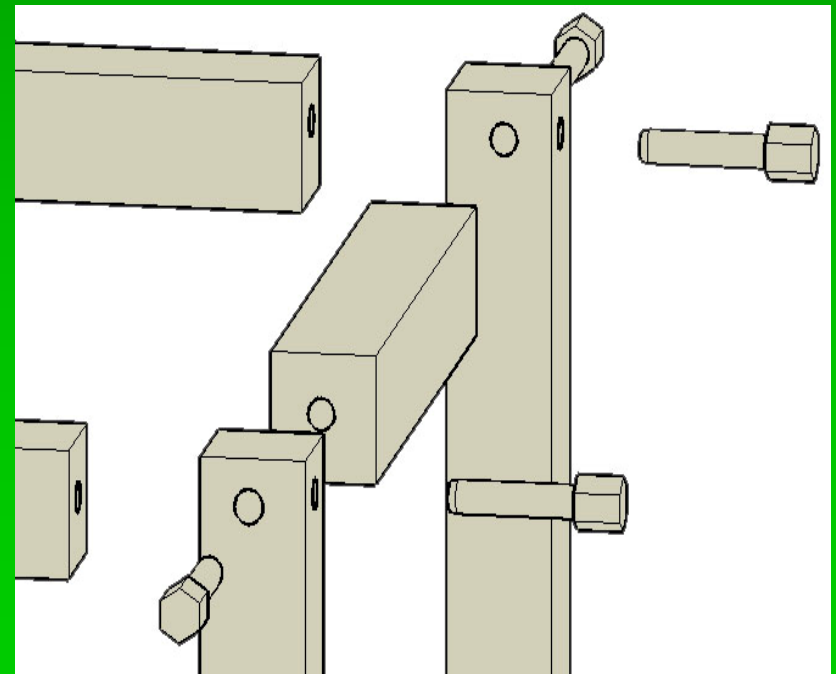
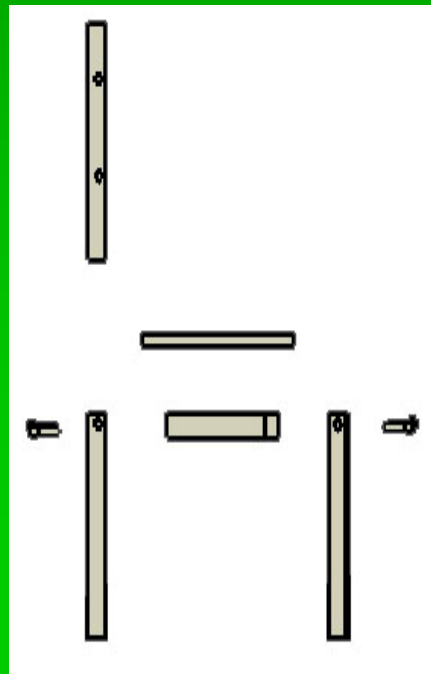
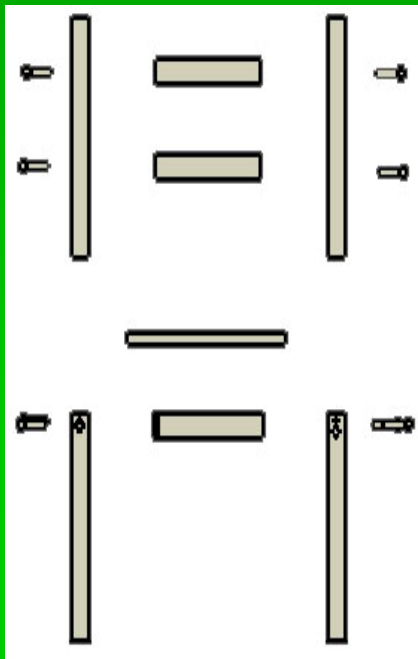
Chair Structure

- Use of individual columns, beams, girders
- Top plate acts as bracing for live loads on the chair
- The top plate sits on the horizontal members to transfer loads to the columns which are then transferred to the ground.



Chair Assembly

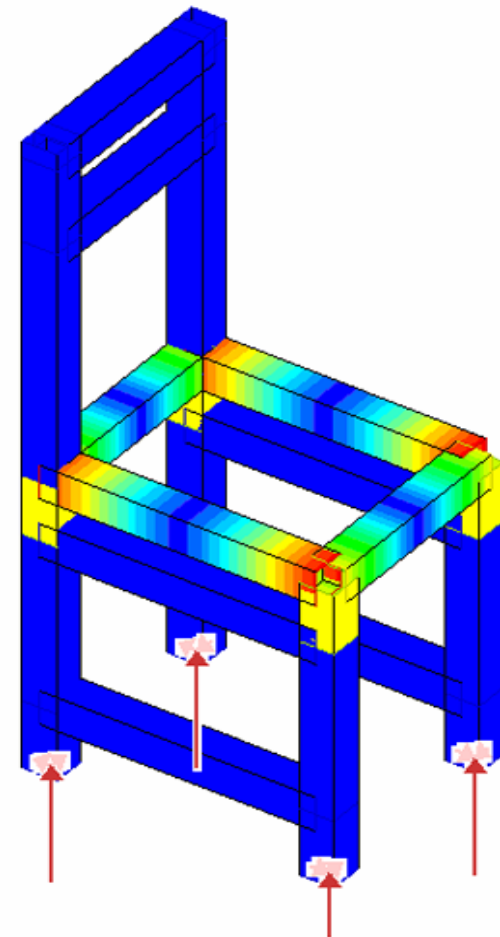
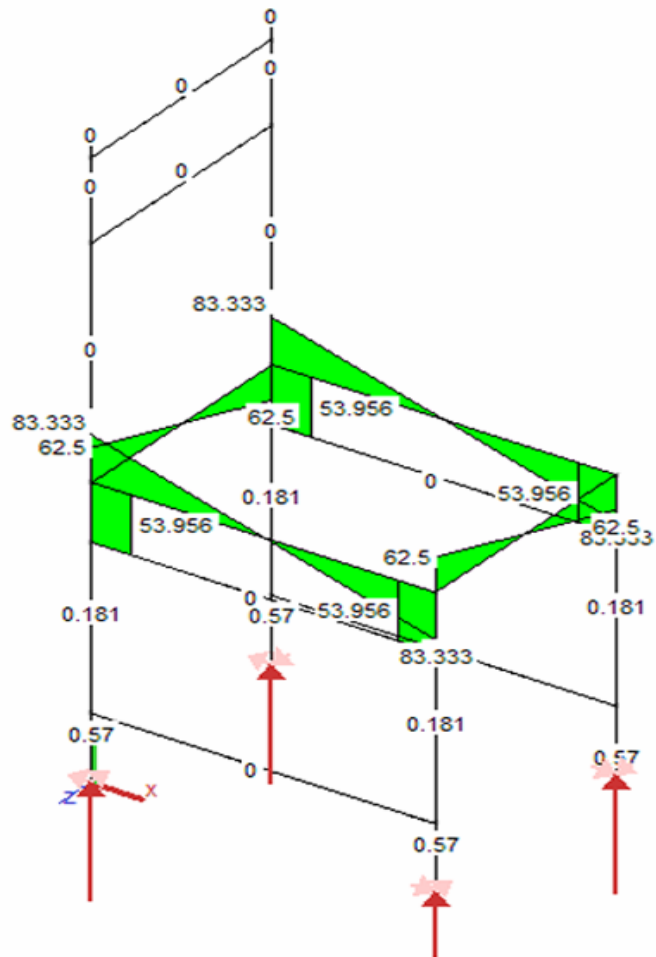
- The individual structural members are brought together by simple butt joints
- The outside columns are screwed into the interior girders & beams using 5/8 inch screws
- The top seat plate is then screwed on top of the structural frame



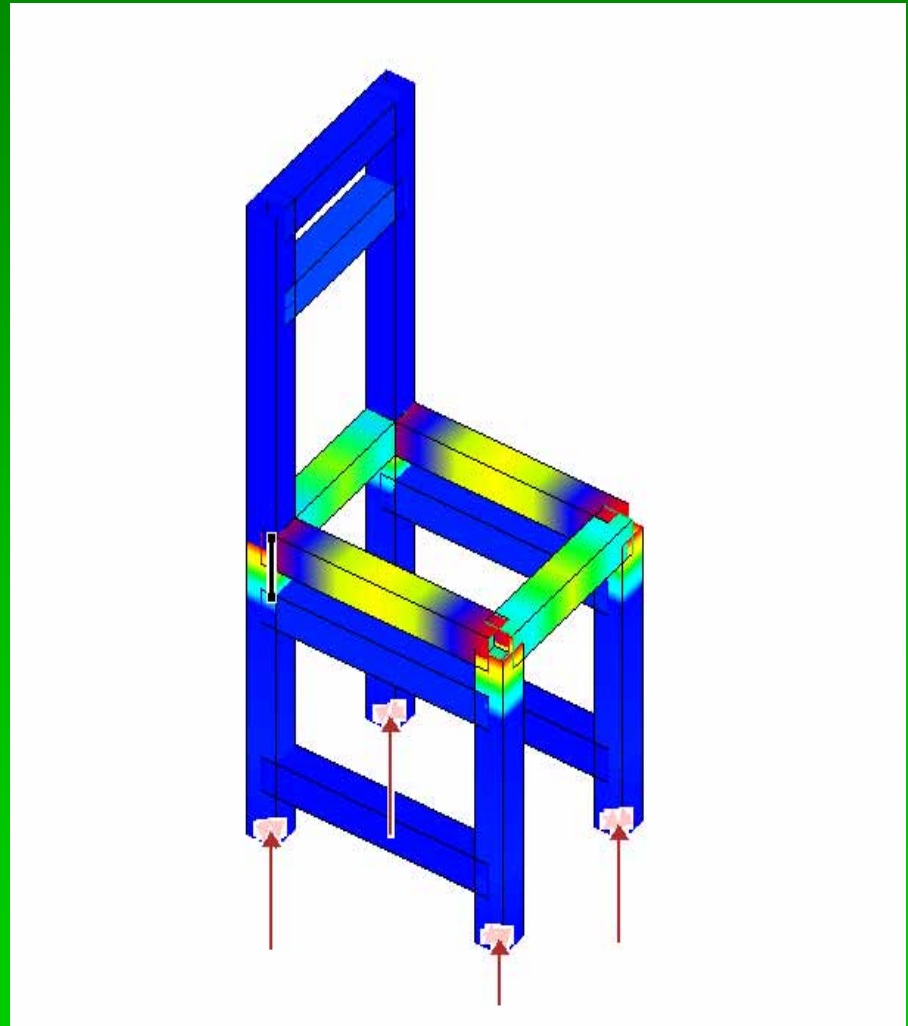
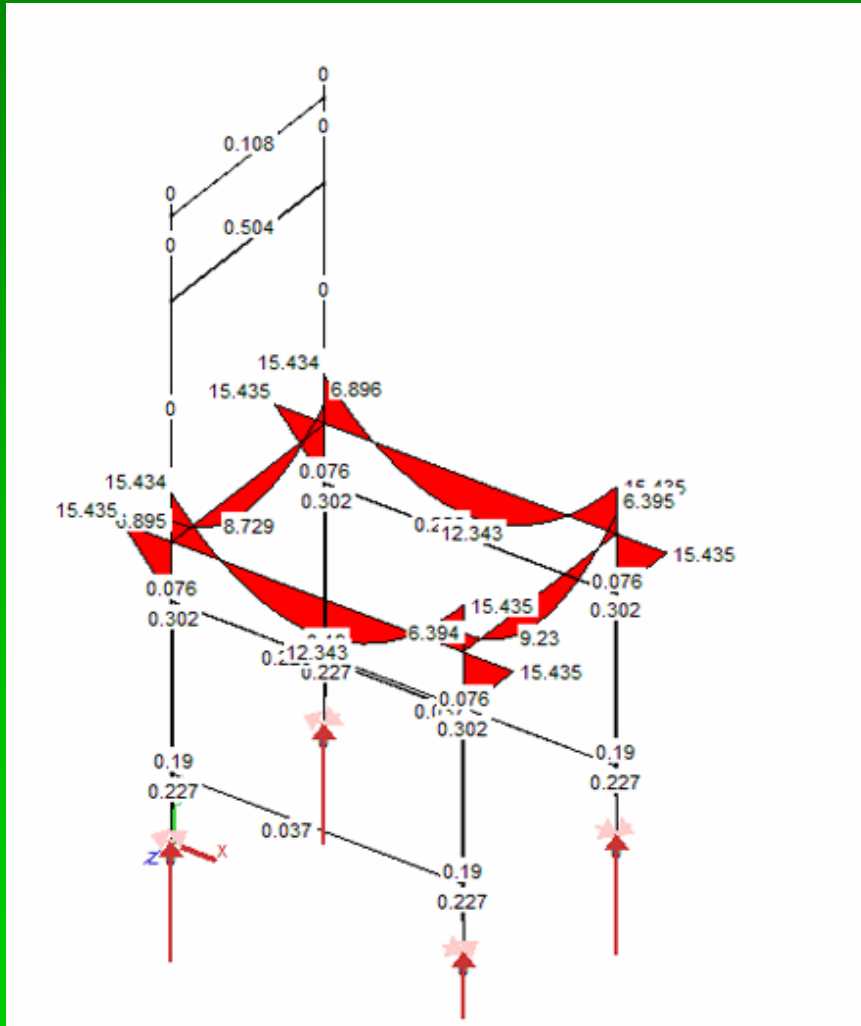
Load Analysis Problems

- Assumed Load 1
 - A 500 lb person applying a vertical (y-axis) point load in center of chair
 - No lateral (x-axis) force on assumed load 1
- Assumed Load 2
 - ▮ A 500 lb person seated normally applying a vertical (y-axis) point load of 333 lbs (2/3 of weight)
 - ▮ A lateral (x-axis) load of 167 lbs (1/3 of weight)

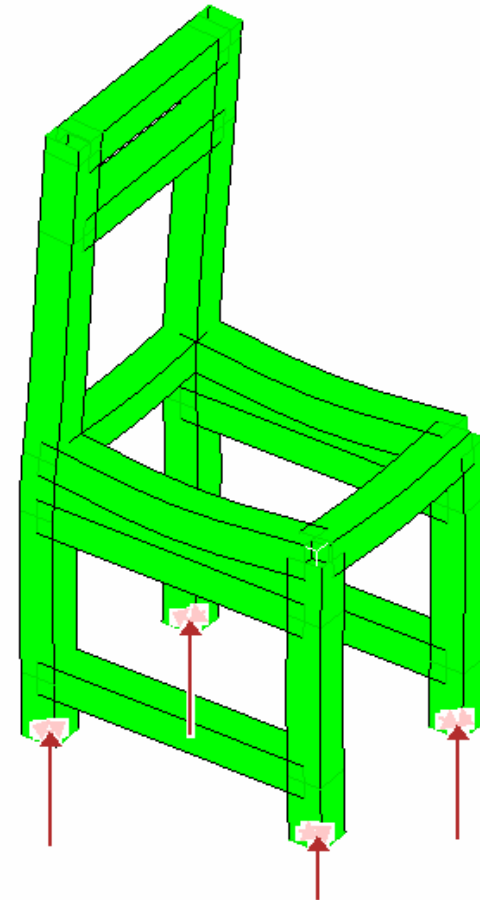
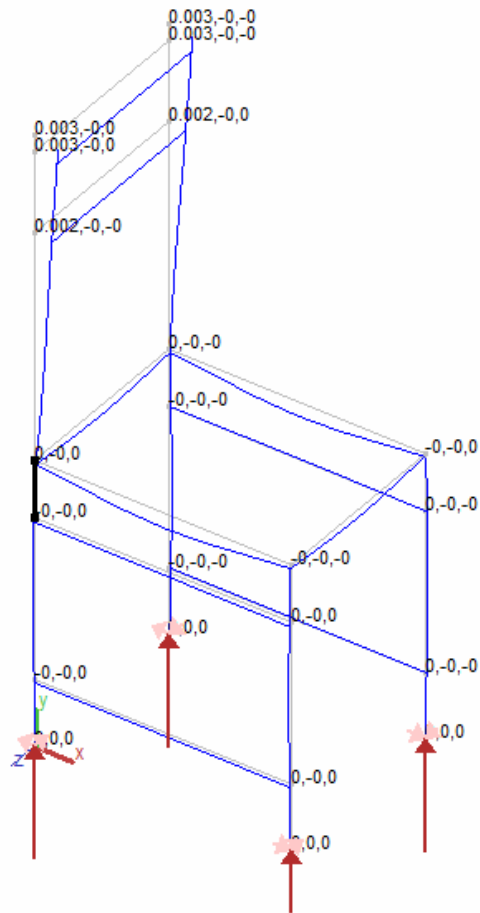
Load 1 Shear Results



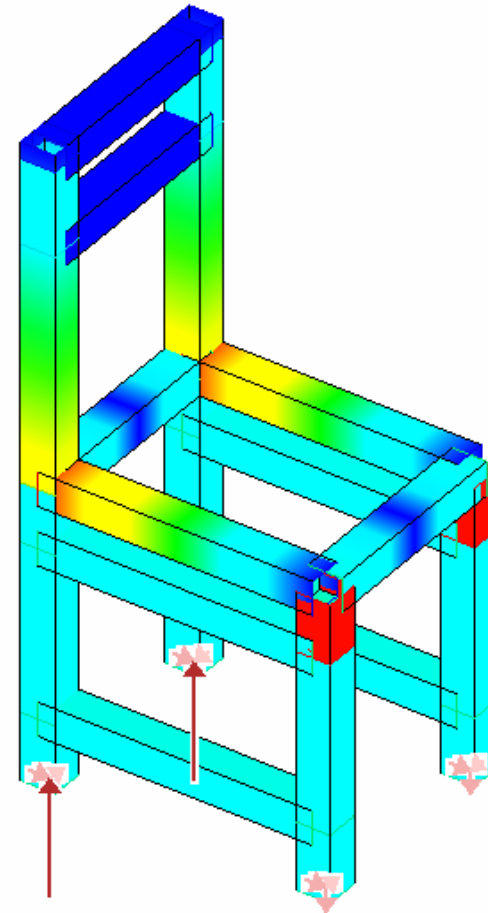
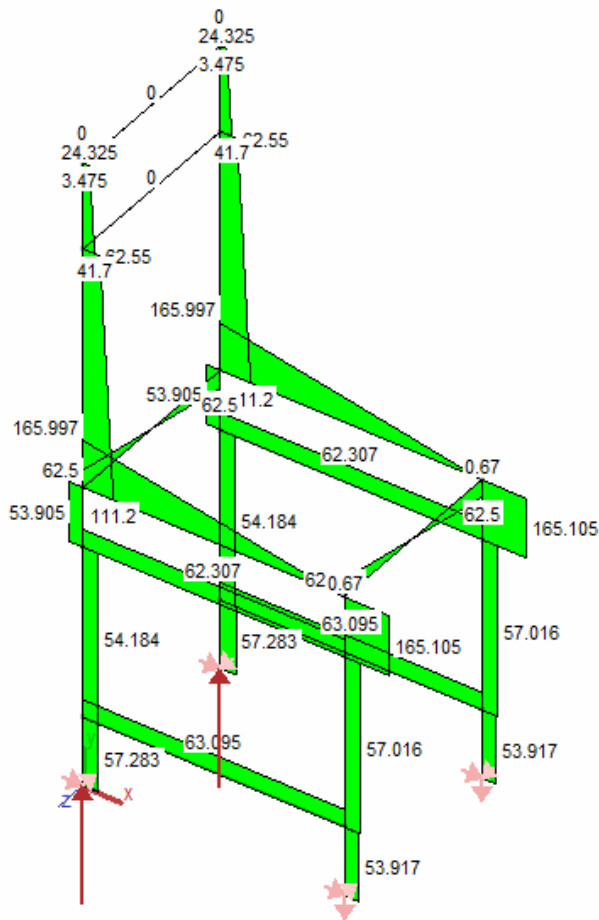
Load 1 Moment Results



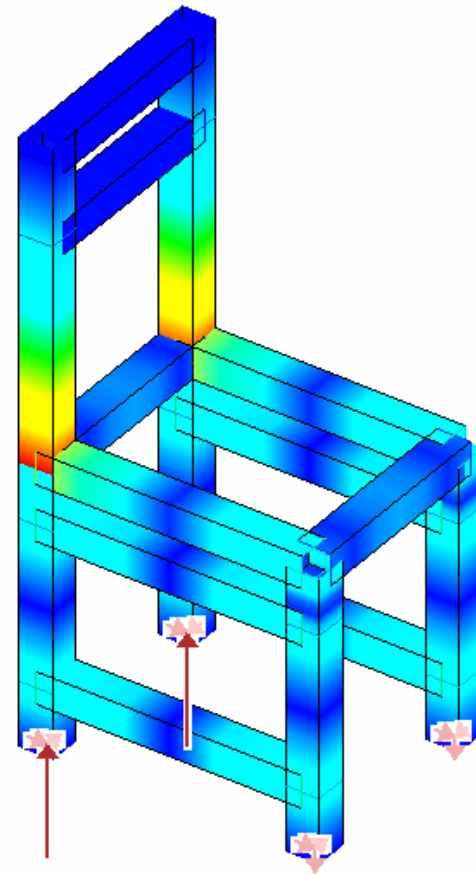
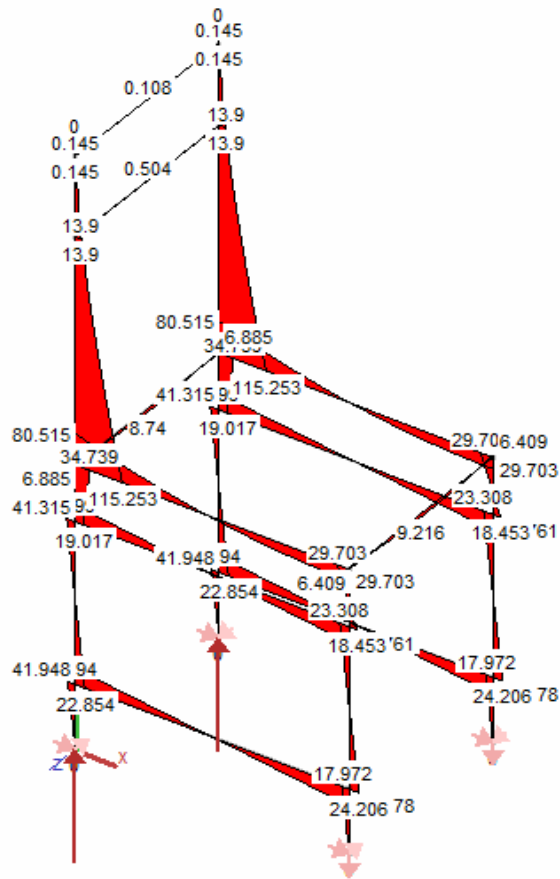
Load 1 Deflection Results



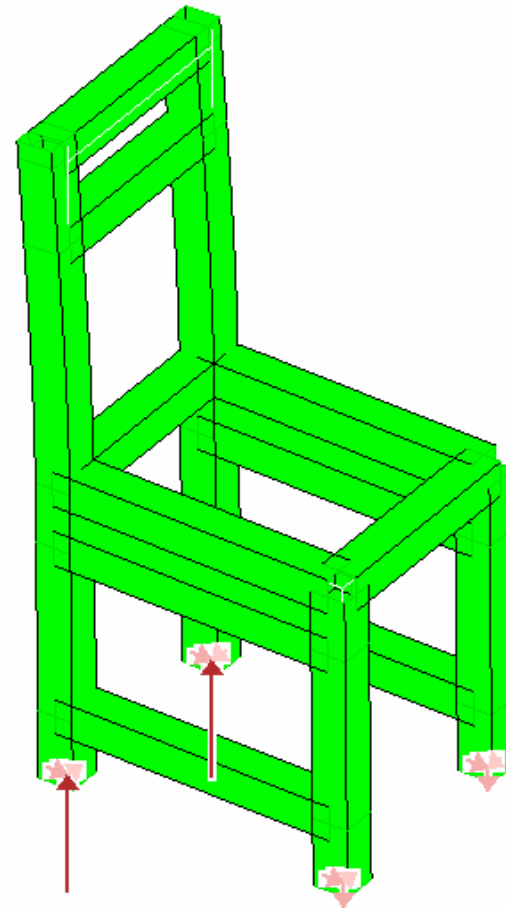
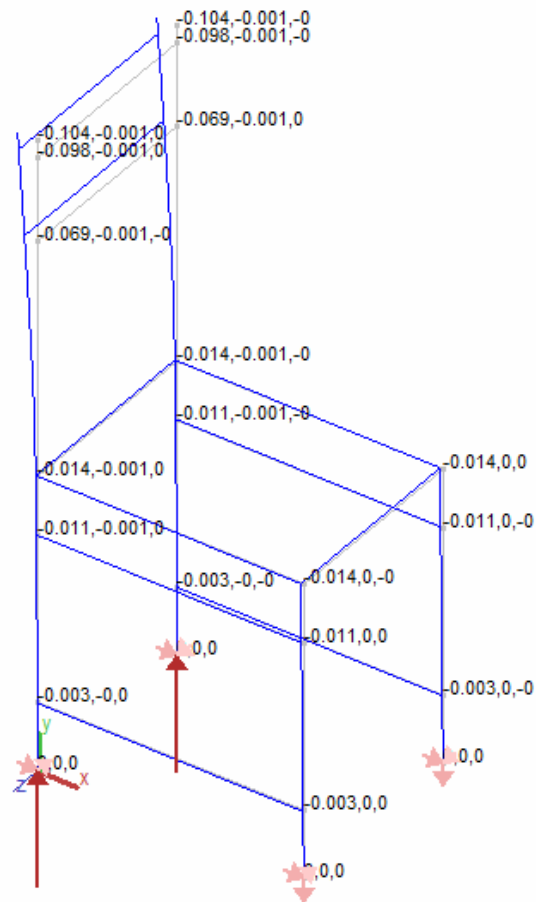
Load 2 Shear Results



Load 2 Moment Results



Load 2 Deflection Results



Conclusions

- Based on these findings, a 500 pound person does not come close to the capacity of the beam which leads us to assume that the connections would fail before the pine members would fail.
- In addition, the load capacities of the 5/8 screws would be able to handle the 500 lb load without any problems.

References

Works Consulted

IKEA USA and the Ivar Chair;

<http://www.ikea.com/us/en/catalog/products/68156009>

Southern Pine Design Values from the Southern Pine Council;

<http://southernpine.com/designvalues1.shtml>

Dixieline Probuild;

<http://www.dixieline.com/woodjoint/woodjoints.html>