### ARCHITECTURAL STRUCTURES:

### FORM, BEHAVIOR, AND DESIGN

ARCH 331

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SUMMER 2014

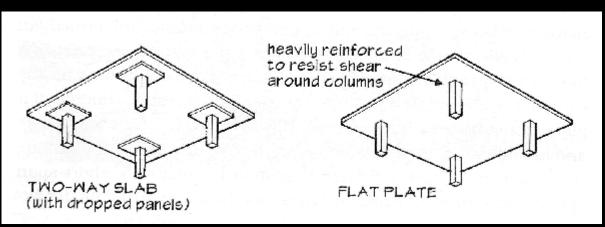
twenty

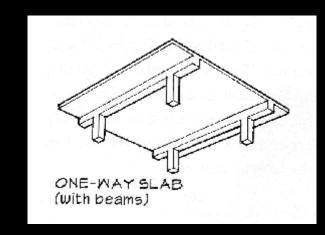


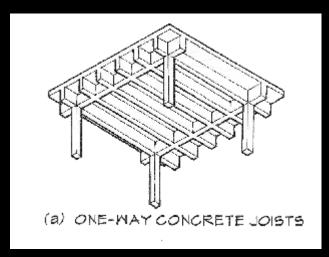
# concrete construction: T-beams & slabs

# Systems

- beams separate from slab
- beams integral with slab
  - close spaced
- continuous beams
- no beams







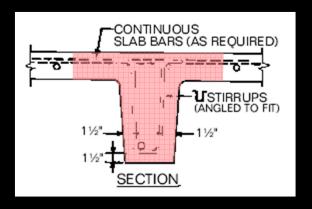
### T sections

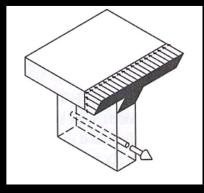
two areas of compression in moment

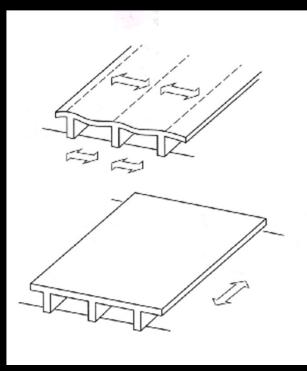
possible

one-way joists

effective flange width







### T sections

negative bending: min A<sub>s</sub>, larger of:

$$A_s = \frac{6\sqrt{f_c'}}{f_y}(b_w d) \qquad A_s = \frac{3\sqrt{f_c'}}{f_y}(b_f d)$$

- effective width (interior)
  - -L/4
  - $-b_{w} + 16t$
  - center-tocenter of beams

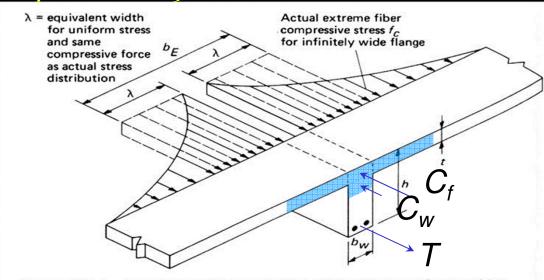
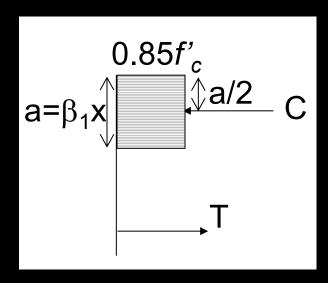


Figure 9.3.1 Actual and equivalent stress distribution over flange width.

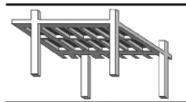
### T sections

- usual analysis steps
- 1. assume no compression in web
- 2. design like a rectangular beam
- 3. needs reinforcement in slab too
- 4. also analyze for negative moment, if any



# One-Way

- Joists
  - standard stems
  - 2.5" to 4.5" slab
  - ~30" widths
  - reusable forms



#### **FLANGEforms**

FLANGEforms are available in standard 2- and 3-foot modules. These forms are among the most popular because of their flexibility to accommodate various layouts and joist widths where required. They are efficient for projects with heavy superimposed loads and provide a two hour fire rating by using a 4 1/2- inch hard-rock concrete topping. They are efficient for projects of smaller size and for moderate size projects with irregular layouts or unusual building shapes. They are also efficient for projects where the structure is not required to provide a two-hour fire rating by using 3-inch or 3 1/2-inch top slab.

The varying depths provide flexibility to meet a wide range of spans and loads. Further, they will accommodate in-the-floor raceway electrical and communication distribution systems. Ceco FLANGEforms are capable of producing sound structural concrete, but are incapable of producing tight tolerances and smooth finishes. This form is a seqmented steelform and the concrete will have irregular joists, a rough finish, and offsets at both the laps and flanges.

If a higher quality finish is required, you may wish to consider Ceco LONGforms (please see page 6.) The additional cost of higher quality forms are often offset by finishing costs. Contact your Ceco representative for assistance.

#### Concrete Quantities/30" Widths\*

Depth of Steel form	Width of Joint	Cablic feet of concrete per square foot by slab thickness*							
Shellform	Joan	3"	41/2"						
14"	5"	.456	.581.						
	4"	.463	.606						
	7"	.508	.633						
16"	6"	.522	.647						
	7"	.550	.675						
	8"	.557	.702						
20"	6"	.605	.790						
	7"	.640	.765						
	8"	.674	.799						
24"	4"	.694	.539						
	7"	.736	.58L						
	8"	.776	.9EL						

\* Apply only for areas over FLANGEforms and joists between them. Bridging joists, special headers, beam tees, etc., not included. 10" and 12" depths are also available. Contact your Ceco Concrete

#### Concrete Quantities/20" Widths\*

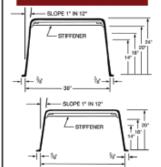
Depth of Sheelfore	Width of Joint	Cabic fleet of concrete per equase floit for surious slab thickness*							
SOMETOTE	JOHE	r	4 1/2*						
14"	5" 6" 7"	.538 .572 .603	.663 .687 .728						
16"	4° 7° 8°	/626 /662 /694	.75L .767 .829						
20"	6" 7" 8"	.741 .765 .825	.867 .910 .950						

Bridging joists, special headers, beam tees, etc., not included. 10" and 12" depths are also available. Contact your Ceco Concrete Construction Engineer.

Depth of	Width	Cable feet of concrete per square foot by slab thickness*						
Steelform	loist	r	41/2"					
14"	5"	,456	.581.					
	6"	,463	.608					
	7"	,508	.633					
16"	6"	.522	.647					
	7"	.550	.675					
	8"	.557	.702					
20"	6"	.605	.790					
	7"	.640	.765					
	8"	.674	.799					
24"	6"	.694	.539					
	7"	.736	.58L					
	8"	.776	.90L					

Apply only for areas over FLANGEforms and joists between them.

#### Dimensions



FILLER SIZES

#### Voids Created by Various Size FLANGEforms

5h	aded are	as below	indicate	standard	filler widt	hs	
Depth of		et of void or ry width of F	"Midded Cu. Rt. of Concrete per Topered End Condition				
Steelform	ser week	20" 84:35	15" Width	LE" Midth	stř sváty	30°Widh	
10"	2.023 1.329		.982	.63H	.521	.430	
12"	2.414	1.551	1.165	.748	.425	.500	
14"	2.801	2.801 1.629		.057	.730	N.A.	
16"	3.193	2.072	1.516	.961	.834	N.A.	
20"	3.993	2.544	1.850	1.155	1.043	N.A.	
24"	4.867	3.000	Not A	Not Available			

from 30" to 25" or 20" to 16" k

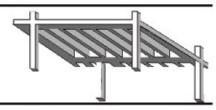
# One-Way

- Joists
  - wide pans
  - 5', 6' up
  - light loads & long spans
  - one-leg stirrups



Concrete Slabs 7 Lecture 20

#### WIDE FLANGEforms



WIDE FLANGEforms are available in standard 53 and 66-inch widths. When used with 7 and 6-inch joists they produce 5 and 6-foot modules respectively. ACI 318 requires the "joist" to be designed as a beam with minimum shear reinforcement. Any joist width can be used in combination with standard width pans to address span and load requirements. This system is very efficient for projects where the structural floor must provide a two-hour fire rating.

Using hard rock concrete, a 4 1/2-inch slab and minimum slab reinforcement will result in sufficient capacity for a variety of superimposed loads while reducing structure dead load. Shallower depth forms are appropriate for spans in the 25- to 35-foot range. Deeper depths are appropriate, under moderate loads, for spans in the 35- to 45-foot range using mild steel, while spans up to 60 feet can be achieved with post-tensioning.

By varying joist widths, different loading conditions can be accommodated using standard forming equipment without the need to add drop beams. Distribution ribs, which add unnecessary cost, are not required with wide module construction.

These forms are appropriate for structural concrete only, and should not be specified for critically exposed surfaces where appearance is important. They are a segmented steel form that will impart irregular lap and flange marks to the finished concrete, though many believe the finished product is acceptable for non-critically exposed work.

If a higher quality of finish is desired, for additional cost, you may wish to consider Ceco LONGforms (please see page 6). Your Ceco representative can assist in form type selection.





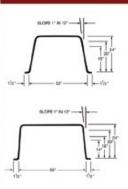
#### Voids Created with 53" Design Module

Depth of Void	Cubic feet of void created per linear foot
14"	Not Available
16"	5.741
20"	7.130
24"	8.500

#### Voids Created with 66" Design Module

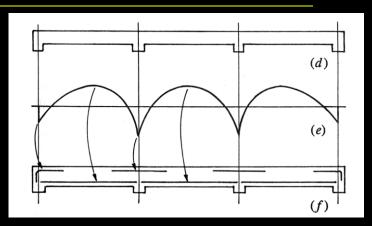
Depth of Void	Cubic feet of void created per linear fact
14"	4.303
16"	7.185
20"	8.995
24"	10.667

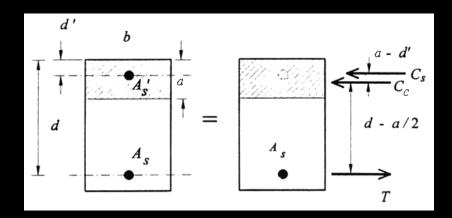
#### Dimensions



# Compression Reinforcement

- doubly reinforced
- negative bending
- two compression forces
- bigger M<sub>n</sub>
- control deflection
- increase ductility
- needs ties because of buckling





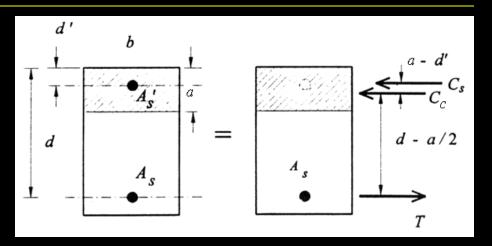
# Compression Reinforcement

### analysis

$$-A_s & A_s'$$

$$-T = C_c + C_s$$

$$-T = A_s f_y$$



$$-C_s = A_s'(f_s' - 0.85f_c)$$

$$-C_c = 0.85 f_c$$
ba with  $a = \beta_1 x$ 

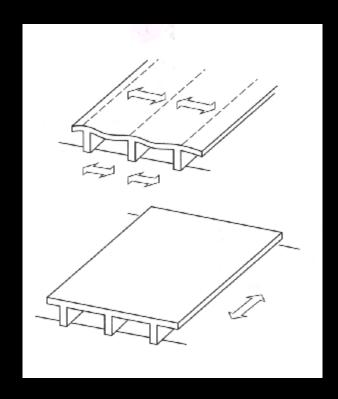
 $-f_s$  not known, so solve for x (n.a.)

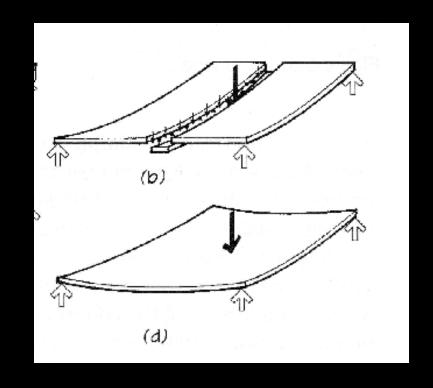
$$-f_{s}$$
'< $f_{v}$ ?

$$-M_n = T(d-a/2) + C_s(d-d')$$

### Slabs

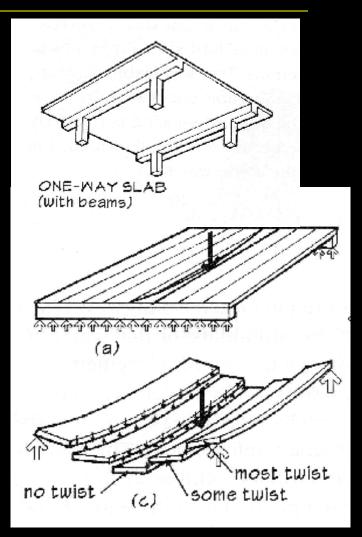
- one way behavior like beams
- two way behavior more complex





# Slab Design

- one unit wide "strip"
- with uniform loads
  - like "wide" beams
  - moment / unit width
  - uniform curvature
- with point loads
  - resisted by stiffness of adjacent strips
  - more curvature in middle



## Slab Design

- min thickness by code
- reinforcement
  - bars, welded wire mesh
  - cover
  - minimum by steel grade

• 40-50: 
$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{bt} = 0.002$$
• 60: 
$$\rho = \frac{A_s}{bt} = 0.0018$$

# TABLE 9.5(a)—MINIMUM THICKNESS OF NONPRESTRESSED BEAMS OR ONE-WAY SLABS UNLESS DEFLECTIONS ARE COMPUTED

	14 July 3818 4 2 1	Minimum th		
prings.co	Simply sup- ported	Both ends continuous	Cantilever	
Member	Members no other constr deflections.	ot supporting of uction likely to	or attached to be damaged	partitions or by large
Solid one- way slabs	ℓ/20	ℓ/24	ℓ/28	ℓ/10
Beams or ribbed one- way slabs	ℓ/16	ℓ/18.5	ℓ/21	ℓ/8

#### Notes:

Values given shall be used directly for members with normalweight concrete and Grade 60 reinforcement. For other conditions, the values shall be modified as follows:

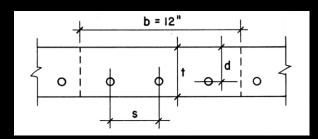
a) For lightweight concrete having equilibrium density,  $w_c$ , in the range of 90 to 115 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>, the values shall be multiplied by  $(1.65-0.005w_c)$  but not less than 1.09.

b) For  $f_y$  other than 60,000 psi, the values shall be multiplied by  $(0.4 + f_y f_100,000)$ .



# One-Way Slabs

- A<sub>s</sub> tables
- max spacing
  - $\le 3(t)$  and 18"



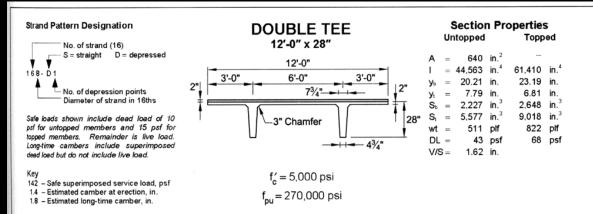
- $\le 5(t)$  and 18" temp & shrinkage steel
- no room for stirrups

Table 3-7 Areas of Bars	per Foot Width of Slab-As	(in. <sup>2</sup> /ft)
rable of rateas of bars	por root main or clab his	/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Bar	Bar spacing (in.)												
size	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
#3	0.22	0.19	0.17	0.15	0.13	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.07
#4	0.40	0.34	0.30	0.27	0.24	0.22	0.20	0.18	0.17	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.13
#5	0.62	0.53	0.46	0.41	0.37	0.34	0.31	0.29	0.27	0.25	0.23	0.22	0.21
#6	0.88	0.75	0.66	0.59	0.53	0.48	0.44	0.41	0.38	0.35	0.33	0.31	0.29
#7	1.20	1.03	0.90	0.80	0.72	0.65	0.60	0.55	0.51	0.48	0.45	0.42	0.40
#8	1.58	1.35	1.18	1.05	0.95	0.86	0.79	0.73	0.68	0.63	0.59	0.56	0.53
#9	2.00	1.71	1.50	1.33	1.20	1.09	1.00	0.92	0.86	0.80	0.75	0.71	0.67
#10	2.54	2.18	1.91	1.69	1.52	1.39	1.27	1.17	1.09	1.02	0.95	0.90	0.85
#11	3.12	2.67	2.34	2.08	1.87	1.70	1.56	1.44	1.34	1.25	1.17	1.10	1.04

### Precast

- prestressed
  - PCI DesignHandbook
  - double T's
  - hollow core
  - -L's
- topping
- load tables



Normal Weight Concrete

12DT28 + 2

#### Table of safe superimposed service load (psf) and cambers (in.)

#### 2 in. Normal Weight Topping

Strand	y <sub>s</sub> (end) in.								8	pan, ft								
Pattern	y₅(center) in.	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62	64	66	68	70	72
	6.00	127	110	95	82	70	60	51	42	35	29							
108-S		8.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	8.0	8.0	0.7							
	6.00	0.8	0.8	8.0	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.1	-0.1							
7.00	7.00	154	134	117	102	88	77	66	57	49	41	32						
128-S		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9						
	7.00	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.0						
200	8.00	177	155	136	119	105	92	80	70	60	50	41	32					
148-S	8.00	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1					
		1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.1					
Age of the least o	9.00	197	173	152	134	118	104	90	78	66	56	47	39	31				
168-S		1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2				
	9.00	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.0				
	13.00			199	177	157	140	125	111	97	84	72	62	52	43	36	30	
168-D1				1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.6	
	3.75			1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.1	0.8	0.5	0.2	-0.2	
in.	14.39						To the base	143	126	111	97	85	73	63	54	45	37	31
188-D1								2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
1	4.00							1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.3	-0.2