

## ARCH 331. Assignment #9

**Date:** 6/28/13, due 7/2/13

*Pass-fail work*

**Problems:** as stated (none from Onouye)

Selected problems not required to be worked will be announced in class.

- (17%) 9A) For the singly reinforced concrete beam sections described below, determine
- i) depth of the compressive stress block
  - ii) acceptability of reinforcement ratio to minimum and maximums
  - iii) design moment capacity. *(reinforced concrete beam analysis)*
- |                   |                   |                              |             |             |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1) $f_y = 60$ ksi | $f'_c = 6000$ psi | $A_s = 7.07$ in <sup>2</sup> | $b = 16$ in | $d = 30$ in |
| 2) $f_y = 60$ ksi | $f'_c = 5000$ psi | $A_s = 3.01$ in <sup>2</sup> | $b = 12$ in | $d = 20$ in |
- Partial answers to check with: 1.i)  $a = 5.20$  in, ii)  $0.0039 > \rho = 0.0147 < 0.0239$ ,  
iii)  $\phi M_n = 872$  k-ft; 2.i)  $a = 3.54$  in, ii)  $0.0035 > \rho = 0.0125 < 0.0213$ , iii)  $\phi M_n = 247$  k-ft*

- (18%) 9B) A rectangular concrete beam is to be designed using  $f'_c = 3000$  psi,  $f_y = 40$  ksi, density of 150 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>,  $b = 16$  in.,  $d = 32$  in., and  $h = 36$  in. for a simply supported span of 35 feet. Determine the area of steel required to carry superimposed loads (*not* including self weight) of 150 lb/ft dead and 400 lb/ft live. Assume the maximum coarse aggregate size is 1 in.. Check if the steel fits and if the steel reinforcement ratio is within limit. *(reinforced concrete beam design)*

*Partial answers to check with:  $M_u = 235.8$  k-ft,  $R_n < 200$  psi ( $\rho_{min}$ ),  $\rho = 0.0052$  and  $\phi M_n = 243$  k-ft*

- (25%) 9C) Design a rectangular beam for a 22-ft simple span if a dead load of 2 k/ft (including an estimated self weight) and a live load of 2.9 k/ft are to be supported. Use  $f'_c = 4000$  psi and  $f_y = 60$  ksi. The height of the beam should be between 1.5 to 2 times the width (which should be in whole inches). Assume there are #3 U stirrups and a minimum of 1" clearance between bars and between rows (3/4" aggregate). Do not use bars larger than #11's. *(reinforced concrete beam design)*

*Partial answers to check with:  $M_u = 425.9$  k-ft. Your  $R_n$  with chosen  $b$  &  $h$  can range from 290 up to 470 psi where  $\rho_{max} = 0.0205$ . To check if the bars fit, subtract 3.75 in for cover and stirrups, the total number of bar diameters and spaces (no. of bars - 1) of 1 inch each. (Bars larger than #8's have custom diameters.) If the number is negative, the section is invalid. If your final reinforcement ratio is bigger than the max, the section is invalid.*

MORE NEXT PAGE

(20%) 9D) Find the area of steel reinforcement required for a concrete T-beam for the following data:  $f'_c = 3$  ksi,  $f_y = 60$  ksi,  $d = 18$  in.,  $t = 4.5$  in.,  $b_w = 10$  in.,  $b_f = 36$  in., 3/4" aggregate, and the section sustains a total factored bending moment 82 k-ft. *Note: the effective width does not need to be determined because the flange width is provided.*

*(reinforced concrete T-beam design)*

*Partial answers to check with:  $a > 0.7$  in.,  $A_{s-min} = 0.6$  in.<sup>2</sup>*

(20%) 9E) A one-way solid concrete slab is to be used for a simple span of 16 ft. In addition to its own weight, the slab carries a superimposed dead load of 55 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> and a live load of 120 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>. Using  $f'_c = 4$  ksi, and  $f_y = 60$  ksi, design the slab for minimum overall thickness.

*(reinforced concrete slab design)*

*Partial answers to check with:  $t \approx 10$  in.,  $R_n = 179$  psi, so  $\rho_{min}$  governs,*

*$A_s \geq 0.35$  in.<sup>2</sup>/ft,  $A_{temp-min} \approx 0.22$  in.<sup>2</sup>/ft (transverse direction)*