

## Reference Formulas

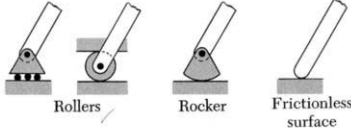

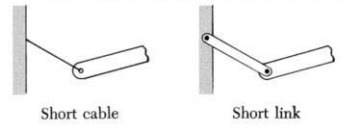

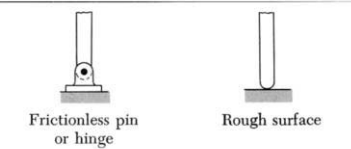



$\sum F_x = 0$	$C^2 = A^2 + B^2 - 2AB\cos\gamma$	$\hat{x} = \frac{\Sigma(\bar{x}A)}{\Sigma A}$
$\sum F_y = 0$	$\frac{A}{\sin\alpha} = \frac{B}{\sin\beta} = \frac{C}{\sin\gamma}$	$Q_y = \bar{x}A = \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{x}_i A_i$
$\sum M = 0$	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$	$\hat{y} = \frac{\Sigma(\bar{y}A)}{\Sigma A}$
$F_x = F \cos\theta$	$p = 2\pi r = \pi d$	$Q_x = \bar{y}A = \sum_{i=1}^n \bar{y}_i A_i$
$F_y = F \sin\theta$	$A = W \cdot l = t \cdot d$	$I = \bar{I} + Ad^2$
$F = \sqrt{F_x^2 + F_y^2}$	$A = \pi r^2 = \frac{\pi d^2}{4}$	$I = \Sigma I_c + \Sigma Ad^2$
$\tan\theta = \frac{F_y}{F_x}$	$M = Fd$	$r = \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}}$
$g = 9.81 \frac{m}{s^2}$	$F = mg$	$d_x = \hat{x} - \bar{x}$
$\frac{dV}{dx} = -w$	$y = mx + b$	$d_y = \hat{y} - \bar{y}$
$\frac{dM}{dx} = V$	$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$	$x = \frac{V_A}{w}$
$Pa = \frac{N}{m^2}$	$N = \frac{kg \cdot m}{s^2}$	$F = \mu N$
$1 \text{ kPa} = 1,000 \text{ Pa}$	$psi = \frac{lb}{in^2}$	$\pi(\text{radians}) = 180^\circ$
$1 \text{ kPa} = 1 \frac{kN}{m^2}$	$1 \text{ kip} = 1000 \text{ lb}$	$ksi = \frac{kip}{in^2}$
$1 \text{ MPa} = 10^6 \text{ Pa}$	$1 \text{ GPa} = 10^9 \text{ Pa}$	$12 \text{ in} = 1 \text{ ft}$
$f_c = \frac{P}{A}$	$F.S = \frac{\text{ultimate}}{\text{allowable}}$	$1 \text{ m} = 1000 \text{ mm}$
$f_i = \frac{P}{A} \text{ or } \frac{P}{A_e}$	$f_v = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{P}{td}$	$\varepsilon = \frac{\delta}{L}$
$f_p = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{P}{td}$	$f_v = \tau = \frac{T\rho}{J}$	$f_v = \frac{P}{2A}$
$f_y = \frac{My}{I}$	$f_{v-ave} = \frac{VQ}{Ib}$	$f = E\varepsilon$
$S = \frac{I}{c}$	$f_{v-max} = \frac{3V}{2A}$ for a rectangle	$\delta = \frac{PL}{AE}$
$f_{b-max} = \frac{Mc}{I} = \frac{M}{S}$	$f_{v-max} \cong \frac{V}{A_{web}} = \frac{V}{t_w d}$ for an I beam	$\delta_T = \alpha(\Delta T)L$
$S_{req} \geq \frac{M}{F_b}$	$\varepsilon_y = \varepsilon_z = -\frac{\mu f_x}{E}$	$\varepsilon_T = \alpha(\Delta T)$

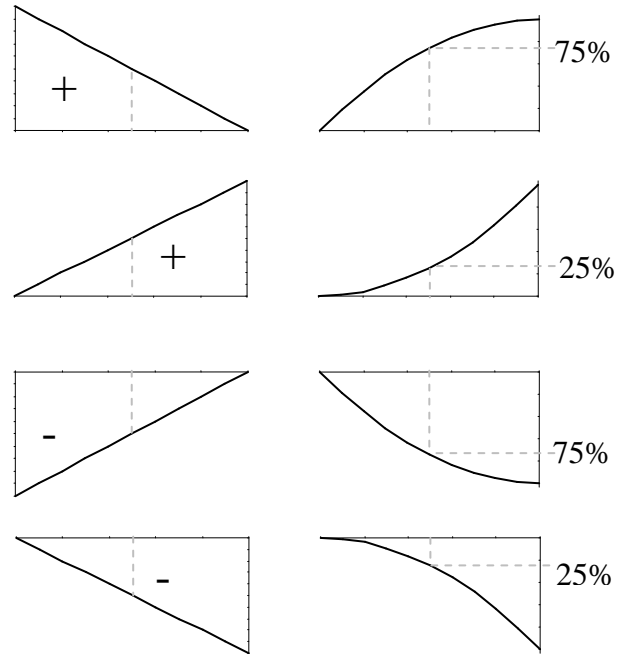
$nF_{connector} \geq \frac{VQ_{connected\ area}}{I} \cdot p$	$V = ZICW/R_w$	$1\text{ kN/mm}^2 = 10^3\text{ MPa}$
$V_{longitudinal} = \frac{V_T Q}{I} \Delta x$	$W = \gamma A$	$w = \gamma A$
$p = w'h$	$W = \gamma V$	$w' = \gamma$
$P = \frac{1}{2} ph$	$\gamma = \frac{\rho\phi}{L}$	$f_v = \tau = G \cdot \frac{\rho\phi}{L}$
$\tau_{max} = \frac{T}{c_1 ab^2}$	$\phi = \frac{TL}{c_2 ab^3 G}$	$\phi = \frac{TL}{JG}$
$\tau_{max} = \frac{T}{\frac{1}{3} ab^2}$	$\phi = \frac{TL}{\frac{1}{3} ab^3 G}$	$\tau_{max} = \frac{T t_{max}}{\frac{1}{3} \Sigma b_i t_i^3}$
$\tau_{max} = \frac{T}{2t\bar{a}}$	$\phi = \frac{TL}{4t\bar{a}^2} \sum_i \frac{s_i}{t_i}$	$\phi = \frac{TL}{\frac{1}{3} G \Sigma b_i t_i^3}$
$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{M}{EI}$	$\Delta = \iint \frac{M(x)}{EI} dx$	$2n = b + 3$
$P_U = P_L \gamma_L + P_D \gamma_D \leq \phi P_n$	1.4D	1.2D + 1.6(L <sub>r</sub> or S or R) + (L or 0.5W)
$L_e = Kl$	1.2D + 1.6L + 0.5(L <sub>r</sub> or S or R)	1.2D + 1.0W + L + 0.5(L <sub>r</sub> or S or R)
$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(L_e)^2} = \frac{\pi^2 EA}{\left(\frac{L_e}{r}\right)^2}$	AISC – ASD: $R_a \leq R_n / \Omega$	$\frac{l_e}{r} \geq C_c \quad F_a = \frac{F_{cr}}{F.S.} = \frac{12\pi^2 E}{23 \left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)^2}$
$f_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E}{\left(\frac{L_e}{r}\right)^2}$	$C_c = \sqrt{\frac{2\pi^2 E}{F_y}}$	$\frac{l_e}{r} < C_c \quad F_a = \left[1 - \frac{\left(\frac{KL}{r}\right)^2}{2C_c^2}\right] \frac{F_y}{F.S.}$
$f_{max} = \frac{P}{A} + \frac{Mc}{I}$	$P_n = F_{cr} A_g$ $\Omega = 1.67$ (bending)	$F.S. = \frac{5}{3} + \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{L_e/r}{C_c} - \frac{1}{8} \cdot \left(\frac{L_e/r}{C_c}\right)^3$
$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{F_b} \leq 1.0$	$\Omega = 1.5$ (beam shear) $\Omega = 2.00$ (bolt shear)	$\frac{P_u}{\phi_c P_n} \geq 0.2 : \frac{P}{P_n/\Omega} + \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{M_x}{M_{nx}/\Omega} + \frac{M_y}{M_{ny}/\Omega} \right) \leq 1.0$
$f_{max} = \frac{P}{A} + \frac{M_1 y}{I} + \frac{M_2 z}{I}$	$\Omega = 2.00$ (weld shear) $\Omega = 1.50$ (bearing)	$\frac{P_u}{\phi_c P_n} < 0.2 : \frac{P}{2P_n/\Omega} + \left( \frac{M_x}{M_{nx}/\Omega} + \frac{M_y}{M_{ny}/\Omega} \right) \leq 1.0$
$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_{bx}}{F_{bx}} + \frac{f_{by}}{F_{by}} \leq 1.0$	$\Omega = 1.67$ (compression)	

ACI-318: $A_s f_y = 0.85 f'_c b a$	$a = \frac{A_s f_y}{0.85 f'_c b}$	$\rho = \frac{A_s}{bd}$
$M_u \leq \phi M_n = \phi A_s f_y \left( d - \frac{a}{2} \right)$ $\phi = 0.9$	$\min: A_s = \frac{3\sqrt{f'_c}}{f_y} (b_w d)$ , not less than $A_s = \frac{200}{f_y} (b_w d)$	
$R_n = \frac{M_n}{bd^2}$	$T, \min: A_s = \frac{6\sqrt{f'_c}}{f_y} (b_w d)$ , not less than $A_s = \frac{3\sqrt{f'_c}}{f_y} (b_f d)$	
<i>slab</i> (<60 ksi): $A_s = 0.002b(t \text{ or } h)$	<i>slab</i> (60 ksi): $A_s = 0.0018b(t \text{ or } h)$	$V_u \leq \phi V_c + \phi V_s \quad \phi = 0.75$
<i>one-way</i> : $V_c = 2\sqrt{f'_c} b_w d$	$V_s = \frac{A_v f_y d}{s}$	$E_c = w^{1.5} 33\sqrt{f'_c}$
<i>two-way</i> : $V_c = 4\sqrt{f'_c} b_w d$	$E_c = 57,000\sqrt{f'_c}$	<i>tied</i> : $\phi_c P_n = \phi_c (0.8 P_o)$ $\phi_c = 0.65$
$G = \Psi = \frac{\sum EI / l_c}{\sum EI / l_b}$	$P_o = 0.85 f'_c (A_g - A_{st}) + f_y A_{st}$	<i>spiral</i> : $\phi_c P_n = \phi_c (0.85 P_o)$ $\phi_c = 0.75$
$l_{dh} = \frac{1200 d_b}{\sqrt{f'_c}}$	(c): $l_d = \frac{0.02 d_b F_y}{\sqrt{f'_c}} \leq 0.0003 d_b F_y$	$\leq \#6: l_d = \frac{d_b F_y}{25\sqrt{f'_c}}$
$\frac{P}{A} \leq q_{net}$	$q_{net} = q_{allowable} - h_f (\gamma_c - \gamma_s)$	$> \#6: l_d = \frac{d_b F_y}{20\sqrt{f'_c}}$
$q_u = \frac{P_u}{A}$	$V_{u2} = P_u - q_u (c + d)(b + d)$	$V_{u1} = BL' q_u$
$volume = \frac{wp_x}{2} = N$	$b_o = 2(c + d) + 2(b + d)$	$V_{u1} \leq \phi 2\sqrt{f'_c} B d$
$p_{max} = \frac{2N}{wx}$	$V_{u2} \leq \phi \left( 2 + \frac{4}{\beta_c} \right) \sqrt{f'_c} b_o d \leq \phi 4\sqrt{f'_c} b_o d$	$M_u = q_u \frac{BL_m^2}{2}$
$SF = \frac{M_{resist}}{M_{overturning}} \geq 1.5$	$P_u \leq \phi_b P_n = \phi_b (0.85 f'_c A_1) \sqrt{A_2 / A_1}$ $\phi_p = 0.65$	$SF = \frac{F_{horizontal+resist}}{F_{sliding}} \geq 1.5$
Wood: $F' = C_D C_M C_F \dots \times F_{tabulated}$	$K_{cE} = 0.3 \text{ sawn}, 0.418 \text{ glulam}$	$P_a = F' A$
$F'_c = F_c^* C_p = (F_c C_D) C_p$	$F_{cE} = \frac{K_{cE} E}{\left( l_e / d \right)^2}$	$\left[ \frac{f_c}{F'_c} \right]^2 + \frac{f_{bx}}{F'_{bx} \left[ 1 - f_c / F_{cEx} \right]} \leq 1.0$

AISC-LRFD: $\phi_b = 0.9$ $M_u \leq \phi_b M_n = 0.9 F_y Z$	$k = Z/S$	$Z = \frac{M_p}{f_y}$
$M_{ult} = M_p = f_y \sum A_i y_i = f_y Z$	$L_p = 1.76 r_y \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	$M_{max} = \frac{w_{equivalent} L^2}{8}$
$V_u \leq \phi_v (0.6 F_{yw} A_w) \quad \phi_v = 1.0$	$I_{req'd} \geq \frac{\Delta_{loobig}}{\Delta_{limit}} I_{trial}$	$F_e = \frac{\pi^2 E}{(KL/r)^2}$
$P_u \leq \phi_c F_{cr} A_g \quad \phi_c = 0.90$	$F_e \geq 0.44 F_y \quad F_{cr} = \left[ 0.658^{\frac{F_y}{F_e}} \right] F_y$	
$P_{n(max-end)} = (N + 2.5k) F_{yw} t_w \quad \phi = 1.0$	$F_e < 0.44 F_y \quad F_{cr} = 0.877 F_e$	
$P_{n(max-interior)} = (N + 5k) F_{yw} t_w \quad \phi = 1.0$		
$R_u \leq \phi_t F_y A_g \quad \phi_t = 0.9$	$\frac{P_u}{\phi_c P_n} \geq 0.2 : \frac{P_u}{\phi_c P_n} + \frac{8}{9} \left( \frac{M_{ux}}{\phi_b M_{nx}} + \frac{M_{uy}}{\phi_b M_{ny}} \right) \leq 1.0$	
$R_u \leq \phi_t F_u A_e \quad \phi_t = 0.75$		
$R_u \leq \phi 0.6 F_{EXX} Tl \quad \phi = 0.75$		
$C_m = 0.6 - 0.4 \left( \frac{M_1}{M_2} \right)$		$\frac{P_u}{\phi_c P_n} < 0.2 : \frac{P_u}{2\phi_c P_n} + \left( \frac{M_{ux}}{\phi_b M_{nx}} + \frac{M_{uy}}{\phi_b M_{ny}} \right) \leq 1.0$
$A_n = A_g - A_{of\ holes} + t \sum \frac{s}{4g}$	$B_1 = \frac{C_m}{1 - (P_u/P_{e1})} \leq 1.0$	$P_{e1} = \frac{\pi^2 EA}{(KL/r)^2}$
$A_e = A_n U$	$R_u \leq \phi (0.6 F_u A_{nv} + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt}) \leq 0.6 F_y A_{gv} + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt} \quad \phi = 0.75$	
Masonry: plain: $F_b = \frac{1}{3} f'_m$	$A_s f_s = \frac{f_m b (kd)}{2}$	$M_m = \frac{f_m b d^2 jk}{2}$
plain: $F_v = 1.5 \sqrt{f'_m} \leq 120 \text{psi}$	$F_v = 3.0 \sqrt{f'_m}$ when $M/(Vd) \geq 0.25$ $F_v = 2.0 \sqrt{f'_m}$ when $M/(Vd) \geq 1.0$	$f_v \leq V/A_{mv}$
$F_v = F_{vm} + F_{vs}$	$F_{vm} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( 4.0 - 1.75 \left( \frac{M}{Vd} \right) \right) \sqrt{f'_m} \right] + 0.25 \frac{P}{A_n}$	$F_{vs} = 0.5 \left( \frac{A_v F_s d}{A_{nv} s} \right)$
$f_b - f_a \leq F_t$	$h/r \leq 99 \quad P_a = \left[ 0.25 f'_m A_n + 0.65 A_{st} F_s \right] \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{h}{140r} \right)^2 \right]$	
$f_a + f_b \leq F_b$	$h/r > 99 \quad P_a = \left[ 0.25 f'_m A_n + 0.65 A_{st} F_s \right] \left( \frac{70r}{h} \right)^2$	
$e_1 = \frac{M}{P}$	$h/r \leq 99 \quad F_a = 0.25 f'_m \left[ 1 - \left( \frac{h}{140r} \right)^2 \right]$	$h/r > 99 \quad F_a = 0.25 f'_m \left( \frac{70r}{h} \right)^2$

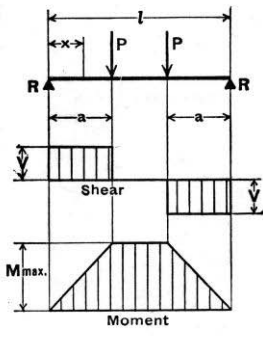
Reference Diagrams

Support or Connection	Reaction
 <p>Rollers      Rocker      Frictionless surface</p>	
 <p>Short cable      Short link</p>	
 <p>Frictionless pin or hinge      Rough surface</p>	
 <p>Fixed support</p>	



Reference Beam Diagrams

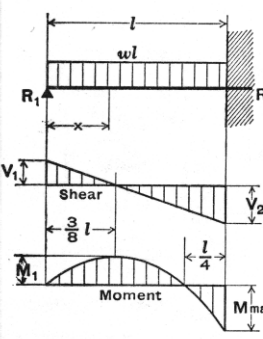
**9. SIMPLE BEAM—TWO EQUAL CONCENTRATED LOADS SYMMETRICALLY PLACED**



$\text{Total Equiv. Uniform Load} \dots = \frac{8 Pa}{l}$   
 $R = V \dots = P$   
 $M \text{ max. (between loads)} \dots = Pa$   
 $M_x \text{ (when } x < a) \dots = Px$   
 $\Delta \text{ max. (at center)} \dots = \frac{Pa}{24EI} (3l^2 - 4a^2)$   
 $\Delta x \text{ (when } x < a) \dots = \frac{Px}{6EI} (3la - 3a^2 - x^2)$   
 $\Delta x \text{ (when } x > a \text{ and } < (l-a)) \dots = \frac{Pa}{6EI} (3lx - 3x^2 - a^2)$

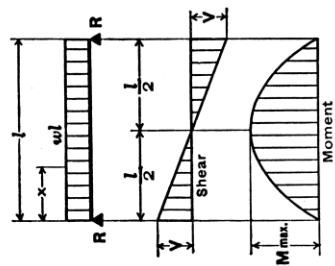
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**12. BEAM FIXED AT ONE END, SUPPORTED AT OTHER—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD**



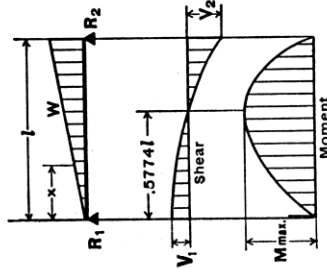
$\text{Total Equiv. Uniform Load} \dots = wl$   
 $R_1 = V_1 \dots = \frac{3wl}{8}$   
 $R_2 = V_2 \text{ max.} \dots = \frac{5wl}{8}$   
 $V_x \dots = R_1 - wx$   
 $M \text{ max.} \dots = \frac{wl^2}{8}$   
 $M_1 \text{ (at } x = \frac{3}{8} l) \dots = \frac{9}{128} wl^2$   
 $M_x \dots = R_1 x - \frac{wx^2}{2}$   
 $\Delta \text{ max. (at } x = \frac{l}{16} (1 + \sqrt{33}) = .4215l) \dots = \frac{wl^4}{185EI}$   
 $\Delta x \dots = \frac{wx}{48EI} (l^3 - 3lx^2 + 2x^3)$

1. SIMPLE BEAM—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD



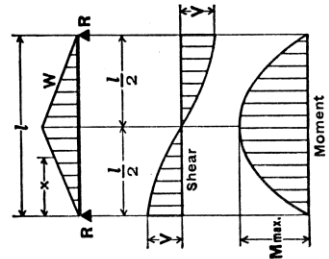
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $wl$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $\frac{wl}{2}$   
 $V_x$  . . . . . =  $w(\frac{l}{2} - x)$   
 $M$  max. (at center) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^2}{8}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{wx}{2}(l-x)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at center) . . . . . =  $\frac{5wl^4}{384EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{wx}{24EI}(l^3 - 2lx^2 + x^3)$

2. SIMPLE BEAM—LOAD INCREASING UNIFORMLY TO ONE END



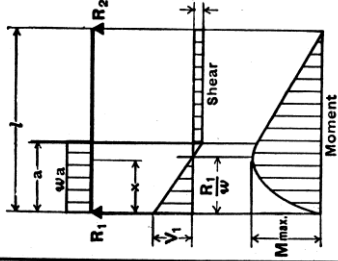
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{16W}{9\sqrt{3}} = 1.0264W$   
 $R_1 = V_1$  . . . . . =  $\frac{W}{3}$        $W = \frac{wl}{2}$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  max. . . . . =  $\frac{2W}{3}$   
 $V_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{W}{3} - \frac{Wx^2}{l^2}$   
 $M$  max. (at  $x = \frac{l}{\sqrt{3}} = .5774l$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{2Wl}{9\sqrt{3}} = .1283Wl$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{Wx}{3/2}(l^2 - x^2)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at  $x = l\sqrt{\frac{8}{15}} = .5193l$ ) . . . . . =  $.01304 \frac{Wl^3}{EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{Wx}{180EI^2}(3x^4 - 10l^2x^2 + 7l^4)$

3. SIMPLE BEAM—LOAD INCREASING UNIFORMLY TO CENTER



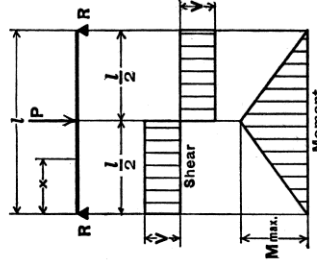
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{4W}{3}$        $W = \frac{wl}{2}$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $\frac{W}{2}$   
 $V_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{W}{2l^2}(l^2 - 4x^2)$   
 $M$  max. (at center) . . . . . =  $\frac{Wl}{6}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . . =  $Wx(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2x^2}{3l^2})$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at center) . . . . . =  $\frac{Wl^3}{60EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Wx}{480EI^2}(5l^2 - 4x^2)^2$

5. SIMPLE BEAM—UNIFORM LOAD PARTIALLY DISTRIBUTED AT ONE END



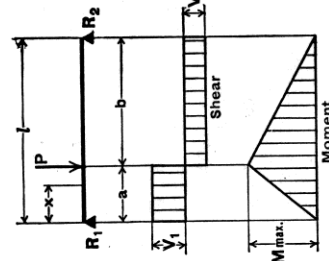
$R_1 = V_1$  max. . . . . =  $\frac{wa}{2l}(2l-a)$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  . . . . . =  $\frac{wa^2}{2l}$   
 $V_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $R_1 - wx$   
 $M$  max. (at  $x = \frac{R_1}{w}$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{R_1^2}{2w}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $R_1x - \frac{wx^2}{2}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . . =  $R_2(l-x)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{wx}{24EI}(a^2(2l-a)^2 - 2ax^2(2l-a) + lx^3)$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Px}{48EI}(3l^2 - 4x^2)$

7. SIMPLE BEAM—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT CENTER



Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $2P$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $\frac{P}{2}$   
 $M$  max. (at point of load) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pl}{4}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Px}{2}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at point of load) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pl^3}{48EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Px}{48EI}(3l^2 - 4x^2)$

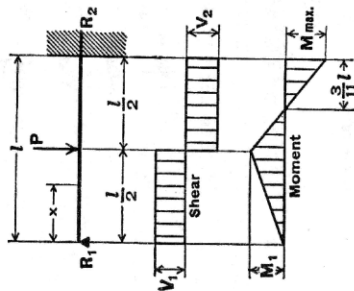
8. SIMPLE BEAM—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT ANY POINT



Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{8Pab}{l^2}$   
 $R_1 = V_1$  (max. when  $a < b$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pb}{l}$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  (max. when  $a > b$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pa}{l}$   
 $M$  max. (at point of load) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pab}{l}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pbx}{l}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at  $x = \sqrt{\frac{a(a+2b)}{3}}$  when  $a > b$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pab(a+2b)\sqrt{3a(a+2b)}}{27EI^2}$   
 $\Delta_a$  (at point of load) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pa^2b^2}{3EI^2}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pbx}{6EI^2}(l^2 - b^2 - x^2)$

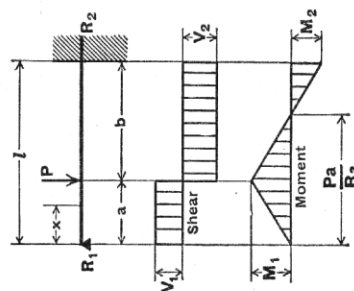
13. BEAM FIXED AT ONE END, SUPPORTED AT OTHER—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT CENTER

Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . .  $\frac{3P}{2}$   
 $R_1 = V_1$  . . . . .  $\frac{5P}{16}$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  max. . . . .  $\frac{11P}{16}$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . .  $\frac{3Pl}{16}$   
 $M_1$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $\frac{5Pl}{16}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{5Px}{16}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x > \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $P \left( \frac{l}{2} - \frac{11x}{16} \right)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at  $x = l \sqrt{\frac{1}{5}} = .4472l$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pl^3}{48EI} \sqrt{5} = .009317 \frac{Pl^3}{EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $\frac{7Pl^3}{768EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Px}{96EI} (3l^2 - 5x^2)$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x > \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{P}{96EI} (x-l)^2 (11x-2l)$



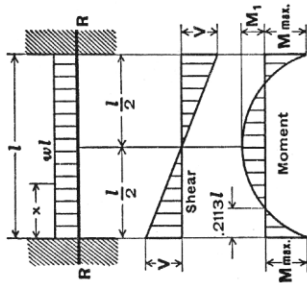
14. BEAM FIXED AT ONE END, SUPPORTED AT OTHER—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT ANY POINT

$R_1 = V_1$  . . . . .  $\frac{Pb^2}{2l^3} (a+2l)$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  . . . . .  $\frac{Pa}{2l^3} (3l^2 - a^2)$   
 $M_1$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $R_1a$   
 $M_2$  (at fixed end) . . . . .  $\frac{Pab}{2l^2} (a+l)$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . .  $R_1x$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . .  $R_1x - P(x-a)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (when  $a < .414l$  at  $x = \frac{l^2+a^2}{3l^2-a^2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa}{3EI} \frac{(l^2-a^2)^3}{(3l^2-a^2)^2}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (when  $a > .414l$  at  $x = l \sqrt{\frac{a}{2l+a}}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pab^2}{6EI} \sqrt{\frac{a}{2l+a}}$   
 $\Delta a$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa^2b^3}{12EI l^3} (3l+a)$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pb^2x}{12EI l^3} (3a/2 - 2lx^2 - ax^2)$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa}{12EI l^3} (l-x)^2 (3l^2x - a^2x - 2a^2l)$



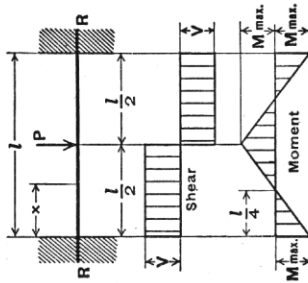
15. BEAM FIXED AT BOTH ENDS—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOADS

Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . .  $\frac{2wl}{3}$   
 $R = V$  . . . . .  $\frac{wl}{2}$   
 $V_x$  . . . . .  $w \left( \frac{l}{2} - x \right)$   
 $M$  max. (at ends) . . . . .  $\frac{wl^2}{12}$   
 $M_1$  (at center) . . . . .  $\frac{24}{24}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . .  $\frac{w}{12} (6lx - l^2 - 6x^2)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at center) . . . . .  $\frac{384EI}{wl^4}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . .  $\frac{wx^2}{24EI} (l-x)^2$



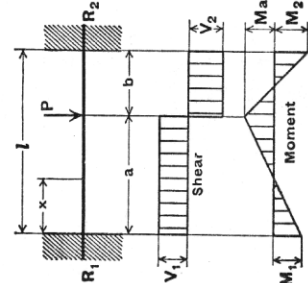
16. BEAM FIXED AT BOTH ENDS—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT CENTER

Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . .  $P$   
 $R = V$  . . . . .  $\frac{P}{2}$   
 $M$  max. (at center and ends) . . . . .  $\frac{Pl}{8}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{P}{8} (4x - l)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at center) . . . . .  $\frac{Pl^3}{192EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < \frac{l}{2}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Px^2}{48EI} (3l - 4x)$

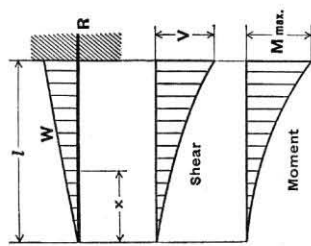


17. BEAM FIXED AT BOTH ENDS—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT ANY POINT

$R_1 = V_1$  (max. when  $a < b$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pb^2}{l^3} (3a+b)$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  (max. when  $a > b$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa^2}{l^3} (a+3b)$   
 $M_1$  (max. when  $a < b$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pab^2}{l^2}$   
 $M_2$  (max. when  $a > b$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa^2b}{l^2}$   
 $M_a$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $\frac{2Pa^2b^2}{l^3}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . .  $R_1x - \frac{Pabx^2}{l^2}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (when  $a > b$  at  $x = \frac{2a}{3a+b}$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{2Pa^2b^2}{3EI (3a+b)^2}$   
 $\Delta a$  (at point of load) . . . . .  $\frac{Pa^2b^3}{3EI l^3}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . .  $\frac{Pb^2x^2}{6EI l^3} (3a - 3ax - bx)$

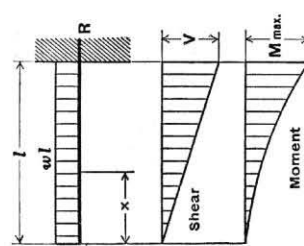


18. CANTILEVER BEAM—LOAD INCREASING UNIFORMLY TO FIXED END



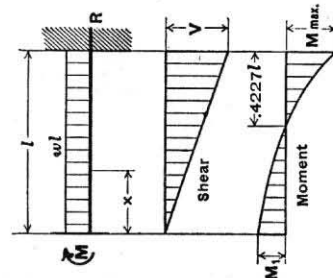
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{8}{3} W$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $W$        $W = \frac{wl}{2}$   
 $V_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{x^2}{l^2} W$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . . =  $\frac{Wl}{3}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{Wx^3}{3l^2}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at free end) . . . . . =  $\frac{Wl^3}{15EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{W}{60EI l^2} (x^5 - 5l^4x + 4l^5)$

19. CANTILEVER BEAM—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD



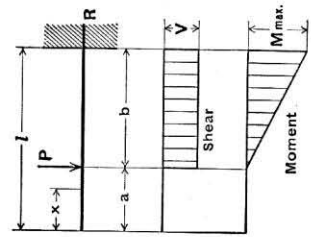
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $4wl$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $wl$   
 $V_x$  . . . . . =  $w(x)$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^2}{2}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{wx^2}{2}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at free end) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^4}{8EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{w}{24EI} (x^4 - 4l^3x + 3l^4)$

20. BEAM FIXED AT ONE END, FREE TO DEFLECT VERTICALLY BUT NOT ROTATE AT OTHER—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD



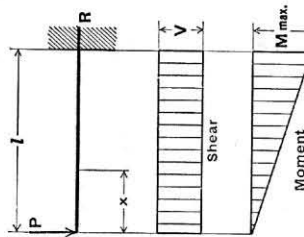
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{8}{3} wl$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $wl$   
 $V_x$  . . . . . =  $w(x)$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^2}{3}$   
 $M_1$  (at deflected end) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^2}{6}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{w}{6} (l^2 - 3x^2)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at deflected end) . . . . . =  $\frac{wl^4}{24EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{w}{24EI} (l^2 - x^2)^2$

21. CANTILEVER BEAM—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT ANY POINT



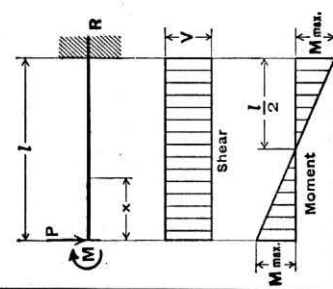
Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $\frac{8Pb}{l}$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $P$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . . =  $Pb$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . . =  $P(x-a)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at free end) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pb^2}{6EI} (3l-b)$   
 $\Delta_a$  (at point of load) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pb^3}{3EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x < a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pb^2}{6EI} (3l-3x-b)$   
 $\Delta_x$  (when  $x > a$ ) . . . . . =  $\frac{P(l-x)^2}{6EI} (3b-l+x)$

22. CANTILEVER BEAM—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT FREE END



Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $8P$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $P$   
 $M$  max. (at fixed end) . . . . . =  $Pl$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $Px$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at free end) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pl^3}{3EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{P}{6EI} (2l^3 - 3l^2x + x^3)$

23. BEAM FIXED AT ONE END, FREE TO DEFLECT VERTICALLY BUT NOT ROTATE AT OTHER—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT DEFLECTED END

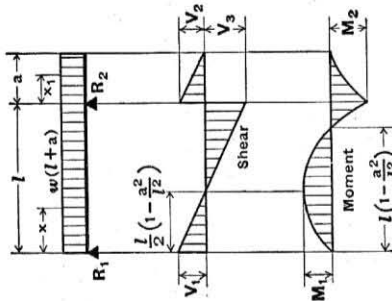


Total Equiv. Uniform Load . . . . . =  $4P$   
 $R = V$  . . . . . =  $P$   
 $M$  max. (at both ends) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pl}{2}$   
 $M_x$  . . . . . =  $P(\frac{l}{2} - x)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at deflected end) . . . . . =  $\frac{Pl^3}{12EI}$   
 $\Delta_x$  . . . . . =  $\frac{P(l-x)^2}{12EI} (l+2x)$



**24. BEAM OVERHANGING ONE SUPPORT—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD**

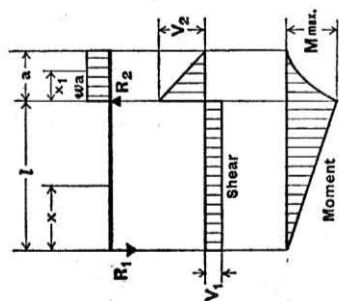
$R_1 = V_1 = \dots = \frac{w}{2l} (l^2 - a^2)$   
 $R_2 = V_2 + V_3 = \dots = \frac{w}{2l} (l + a)^2$   
 $V_2 = \dots = \frac{wa}{2}$   
 $V_3 = \dots = \frac{w}{2l} (l^2 + a^2)$



$V_x$  (between supports)  $\dots = R_1 - wx$   
 $V_{x_1}$  (for overhang)  $\dots = w(a - x_1)$   
 $M_1$  (at  $x = \frac{l}{2} [1 - \frac{a^2}{l^2}]$ )  $\dots = \frac{w}{8l^2} (l + a)^2 (l - a)^2$   
 $M_2$  (at  $R_2$ )  $\dots = \frac{wa^2}{2}$   
 $M_x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{wx}{2l} (l^2 - a^2 - xl)$   
 $M_{x_1}$  (for overhang)  $\dots = \frac{w}{2} (a - x_1)^2$   
 $\Delta x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{wx}{24EI} (l^2 - 2lx^2 + x^3 - 2a^2l + 2a^2x^2)$   
 $\Delta x_1$  (for overhang)  $\dots = \frac{wx_1}{24EI} (4a^2l - l^3 + 6a^2x_1 - 4ax_1^2 + x_1^3)$

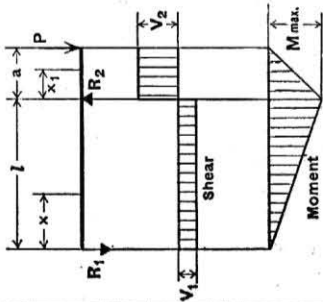
**25. BEAM OVERHANGING ONE SUPPORT—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD ON OVERHANG**

$R_1 = V_1 = \dots = \frac{wa^2}{2l}$   
 $R_2 = V_2 + V_3 = \dots = \frac{wa}{2l} (2l + a)$   
 $V_2 = \dots = wa$   
 $V_{x_1}$  (for overhang)  $\dots = w(a - x_1)$   
 $M$  max. (at  $R_2$ )  $\dots = \frac{wa^2}{2}$   
 $M_x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{wa^2x}{2l}$   
 $M_{x_1}$  (for overhang)  $\dots = \frac{w}{2} (a - x_1)^2$   
 $\Delta$  max. (between supports at  $x = \frac{l}{\sqrt{3}}$ )  $\dots = \frac{wa^3}{18\sqrt{3}EI} = .03208 \frac{wa^3}{EI}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (for overhang at  $x_1 = a$ )  $\dots = \frac{wa^3}{24EI} (4l + 3a)$   
 $\Delta x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{wa^2x}{12EI} (l^2 - x^2)$   
 $\Delta x_1$  (for overhang)  $\dots = \frac{wx_1}{24EI} (4a^2l + 6a^2x_1 - 4ax_1^2 + x_1^3)$



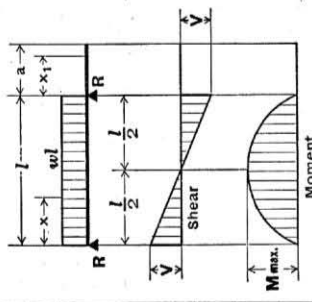
**26. BEAM OVERHANGING ONE SUPPORT—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT END OF OVERHANG**

$R_1 = V_1 = \dots = \frac{Pa}{l}$   
 $R_2 = V_2 + V_3 = \dots = \frac{P}{l} (l + a)$   
 $V_2 = \dots = P$   
 $M$  max. (at  $R_2$ )  $\dots = Pa$   
 $M_x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{Pax}{l}$   
 $M_{x_1}$  (for overhang)  $\dots = P(a - x_1)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (between supports at  $x = \frac{l}{\sqrt{3}}$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pa l^2}{9\sqrt{3}EI} = .06415 \frac{Pa l^2}{EI}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (for overhang at  $x_1 = a$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pa^2}{3EI} (l + a)$   
 $\Delta x$  (between supports)  $\dots = \frac{Pax}{6EI} (l^2 - x^2)$   
 $\Delta x_1$  (for overhang)  $\dots = \frac{Px_1}{6EI} (2al + 3ax_1 - x_1^2)$



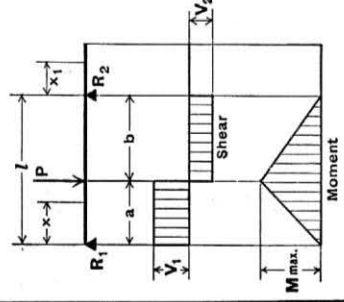
**27. BEAM OVERHANGING ONE SUPPORT—UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD BETWEEN SUPPORTS**

$R = V = \dots = \frac{wl}{2}$   
 $V_x = \dots = w(\frac{l}{2} - x)$   
 $M$  max. (at center)  $\dots = \frac{wl^2}{8}$   
 $M_x = \dots = \frac{wx}{2} (l - x)$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at center)  $\dots = \frac{5wl^4}{384EI}$   
 $\Delta x = \dots = \frac{wx}{24EI} (l^3 - 2lx^2 + x^3)$   
 $\Delta x_1 = \dots = \frac{wl^3x_1}{24EI}$



**28. BEAM OVERHANGING ONE SUPPORT—CONCENTRATED LOAD AT ANY POINT BETWEEN SUPPORTS**

$R_1 = V_1$  (max. when  $a < b$ )  $\dots = \frac{8Pab}{l^2}$   
 $R_2 = V_2$  (max. when  $a > b$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pb}{l}$   
 $M$  max. (at point of load)  $\dots = \frac{Pab}{l}$   
 $M_x$  (when  $x < a$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pbx}{l}$   
 $\Delta$  max. (at  $x = \sqrt{\frac{a(a+2b)}{3}}$  when  $a > b$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pab(a+2b)\sqrt{3a(a+2b)}}{27EI}$   
 $\Delta a$  (at point of load)  $\dots = \frac{Pa^2b^2}{3EI}$   
 $\Delta x$  (when  $x < a$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pbx}{6EI} (l^2 - b^2 - x^2)$   
 $\Delta x$  (when  $x > a$ )  $\dots = \frac{Pax}{6EI} (2lx - x^2 - a^2)$   
 $\Delta x_1 = \dots = \frac{Pabx_1}{6EI} (l + a)$



## Reference Diagrams

Table 7-1 Available Shear Strength of Bolts, kips												
Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.					$5/8$		$3/4$		$7/8$		1	
Nominal Bolt Area, in. <sup>2</sup>					0.307		0.442		0.601		0.785	
ASTM Desig.	Thread Cond.	$F_{nv}/\Omega$ (ksi)		Load- ing	$r_n/\Omega$		$\phi r_n$		$r_n/\Omega$		$\phi r_n$	
		ASD	LRFD		ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD
Group A	N	27.0	40.5	S D	8.29	12.4	11.9	17.9	16.2	24.3	21.2	31.8
					16.6	24.9	23.9	35.8	32.5	48.7	42.4	63.6
Group A	X	34.0	51.0	S D	10.4	15.7	15.0	22.5	20.4	30.7	26.7	40.0
					20.9	31.3	30.1	45.1	40.9	61.3	53.4	80.1
Group B	N	34.0	51.0	S D	10.4	15.7	15.0	22.5	20.4	30.7	26.7	40.0
					20.9	31.3	30.1	45.1	40.9	61.3	53.4	80.1
Group B	X	42.0	63.0	S D	12.9	19.3	18.6	27.8	25.2	37.9	33.0	49.5
					25.8	38.7	37.1	55.7	50.5	75.7	65.9	98.9
A307	-	13.5	20.3	S D	4.14	6.23	5.97	8.97	8.11	12.2	10.6	15.9
					8.29	12.5	11.9	17.9	16.2	24.4	21.2	31.9
Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.					$1\frac{1}{8}$		$1\frac{1}{4}$		$1\frac{3}{8}$		$1\frac{1}{2}$	
Nominal Bolt Area, in. <sup>2</sup>					0.994		1.23		1.48		1.77	
ASTM Desig.	Thread Cond.	$F_{nv}/\Omega$ (ksi)		Load- ing	$r_n/\Omega$		$\phi r_n$		$r_n/\Omega$		$\phi r_n$	
		ASD	LRFD		ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD
Group A	N	27.0	40.5	S D	26.8	40.3	33.2	49.8	40.0	59.9	47.8	71.7
					53.7	80.5	66.4	99.6	79.9	120	95.6	143
Group A	X	34.0	51.0	S D	33.8	50.7	41.8	62.7	50.3	75.5	60.2	90.3
					67.6	101	83.6	125	101	151	120	181
Group B	N	34.0	51.0	S D	33.8	50.7	41.8	62.7	50.3	75.5	60.2	90.3
					67.6	101	83.6	125	101	151	120	181
Group B	X	42.0	63.0	S D	41.7	62.6	51.7	77.5	62.2	93.2	74.3	112
					83.5	125	103	155	124	186	149	223
A307	-	13.5	20.3	S D	13.4	20.2	16.6	25.0	20.0	30.0	23.9	35.9
					26.8	40.4	33.2	49.9	40.0	60.1	47.8	71.9
ASD	LRFD	For end loaded connections greater than 38 in., see AISC Specification Table J3.2 footnote b.										
$\Omega = 2.00$	$\phi = 0.75$											

Available Strength of Fillet Welds  
per inch of weld ( $\phi S$ )

Weld Size (in.)	E60XX (k/in.)	E70XX (k/in.)
$3/16$	3.58	4.18
$1/4$	4.77	5.57
$5/16$	5.97	6.96
$3/8$	7.16	8.35
$7/16$	8.35	9.74
$1/2$	9.55	11.14
$5/8$	11.93	13.92
$3/4$	14.32	16.70

(not considering increase in throat with  
submerged arc weld process)

Reference Diagrams

Group A Bolts A325, A325M F1858 A354 Grade BC A449		Table 7-3 (continued) Slip-Critical Connections Available Shear Strength, kips (Class A Faying Surface, $\mu = 0.30$ )												Group B Bolts A490, A490M F2280 A354 Grade BD			
		Group A Bolts															
		Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.															
Hole Type	Loading	5/8		3/4		7/8		1		5/8		3/4		7/8		1	
		$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$
STD/SSLT	S	4.29	6.44	6.33	9.49	8.81	13.2	11.5	17.3	5.42	8.14	7.91	11.9	11.1	16.6	14.5	21.7
	D	8.59	12.9	12.7	19.0	17.6	26.4	23.1	34.6	10.8	16.3	15.8	23.7	22.1	33.2	28.9	43.4
OVS/SSLP	S	3.66	5.47	5.39	8.07	7.51	11.2	9.82	14.7	4.62	6.92	6.74	10.1	9.44	14.1	12.3	18.4
	D	7.32	10.9	10.8	16.1	15.0	22.5	19.6	29.4	9.25	13.8	13.5	20.2	18.9	28.2	24.7	36.9
LSL	S	3.01	4.51	4.44	6.64	6.18	9.25	8.08	12.1	3.80	5.70	5.54	8.31	7.76	11.6	10.1	15.2
	D	6.02	9.02	8.87	13.3	12.4	18.5	16.2	24.2	7.60	11.4	11.1	16.6	15.5	23.3	20.3	30.4
		Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.															
		1 1/8		1 1/4		1 3/8		1 1/2		1 1/8		1 1/4		1 3/8		1 1/2	
Hole Type	Loading	Minimum Group A Bolt Pretension, kips															
		56		71		85		103		80		102		121		148	
STD/SSLT	S	12.7	19.0	16.0	24.1	19.2	28.8	23.3	34.9	18.1	27.1	23.1	34.6	27.3	41.0	33.4	50.2
	D	25.3	38.0	32.1	48.1	38.4	57.6	46.6	69.8	36.2	54.2	46.1	69.2	54.7	82.0	66.9	100
OVS/SSLP	S	10.8	16.1	13.7	20.5	16.4	24.5	19.8	29.7	15.4	23.1	19.6	29.4	23.3	34.9	28.5	42.6
	D	21.6	32.3	27.4	40.9	32.7	49.0	39.7	59.4	30.8	46.1	39.3	58.8	46.6	69.7	57.0	85.3
LSL	S	8.87	13.3	11.2	16.8	13.5	20.2	16.3	24.4	12.7	19.0	16.2	24.2	19.2	28.7	23.4	35.1
	D	17.7	26.6	22.5	33.7	26.9	40.3	32.6	48.9	25.3	38.0	32.3	48.4	38.3	57.4	46.9	70.2

STD = standard hole  
OVS = oversized hole  
SSLT = short-slotted hole transverse to the line of force  
SSLP = short-slotted hole parallel to the line of force  
LSL = long-slotted hole transverse or parallel to the line of force

Note: Slip-critical bolt values assume no more than one filler has been provided or bolts have been added to distribute loads in the fillers. See AISC Specification Sections J3.8 and J5 for provisions when fillers are present. For Class B faying surfaces, multiply the tabulated available strength by 1.67.

S = single shear  
D = double shear

Group B Bolts A490, A490M F2280 A354 Grade BD		Table 7-3 (continued) Slip-Critical Connections Available Shear Strength, kips (Class A Faying Surface, $\mu = 0.30$ )												Group A Bolts A325, A325M F1858 A354 Grade BC A449			
		Group B Bolts															
		Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.															
Hole Type	Loading	5/8		3/4		7/8		1		5/8		3/4		7/8		1	
		$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$	$r_n/\Omega$	$\phi r_n$
STD/SSLT	S	4.29	6.44	6.33	9.49	8.81	13.2	11.5	17.3	5.42	8.14	7.91	11.9	11.1	16.6	14.5	21.7
	D	8.59	12.9	12.7	19.0	17.6	26.4	23.1	34.6	10.8	16.3	15.8	23.7	22.1	33.2	28.9	43.4
OVS/SSLP	S	3.66	5.47	5.39	8.07	7.51	11.2	9.82	14.7	4.62	6.92	6.74	10.1	9.44	14.1	12.3	18.4
	D	7.32	10.9	10.8	16.1	15.0	22.5	19.6	29.4	9.25	13.8	13.5	20.2	18.9	28.2	24.7	36.9
LSL	S	3.01	4.51	4.44	6.64	6.18	9.25	8.08	12.1	3.80	5.70	5.54	8.31	7.76	11.6	10.1	15.2
	D	6.02	9.02	8.87	13.3	12.4	18.5	16.2	24.2	7.60	11.4	11.1	16.6	15.5	23.3	20.3	30.4
		Nominal Bolt Diameter, $d$ , in.															
		1 1/8		1 1/4		1 3/8		1 1/2		1 1/8		1 1/4		1 3/8		1 1/2	
Hole Type	Loading	Minimum Group B Bolt Pretension, kips															
		80		102		121		148		80		102		121		148	
STD/SSLT	S	18.1	27.1	23.1	34.6	27.3	41.0	33.4	50.2	18.1	27.1	23.1	34.6	27.3	41.0	33.4	50.2
	D	36.2	54.2	46.1	69.2	54.7	82.0	66.9	100	36.2	54.2	46.1	69.2	54.7	82.0	66.9	100
OVS/SSLP	S	15.4	23.1	19.6	29.4	23.3	34.9	28.5	42.6	15.4	23.1	19.6	29.4	23.3	34.9	28.5	42.6
	D	30.8	46.1	39.3	58.8	46.6	69.7	57.0	85.3	30.8	46.1	39.3	58.8	46.6	69.7	57.0	85.3
LSL	S	12.7	19.0	16.2	24.2	19.2	28.7	23.4	35.1	12.7	19.0	16.2	24.2	19.2	28.7	23.4	35.1
	D	25.3	38.0	32.3	48.4	38.3	57.4	46.9	70.2	25.3	38.0	32.3	48.4	38.3	57.4	46.9	70.2

STD = standard hole  
OVS = oversized hole  
SSLT = short-slotted hole transverse to the line of force  
SSLP = short-slotted hole parallel to the line of force  
LSL = long-slotted hole transverse or parallel to the line of force

Note: Slip-critical bolt values assume no more than one filler has been provided or bolts have been added to distribute loads in the fillers. See AISC Specification Sections J3.8 and J5 for provisions when fillers are present. For Class B faying surfaces, multiply the tabulated available strength by 1.67.

S = single shear  
D = double shear



Reference Diagrams

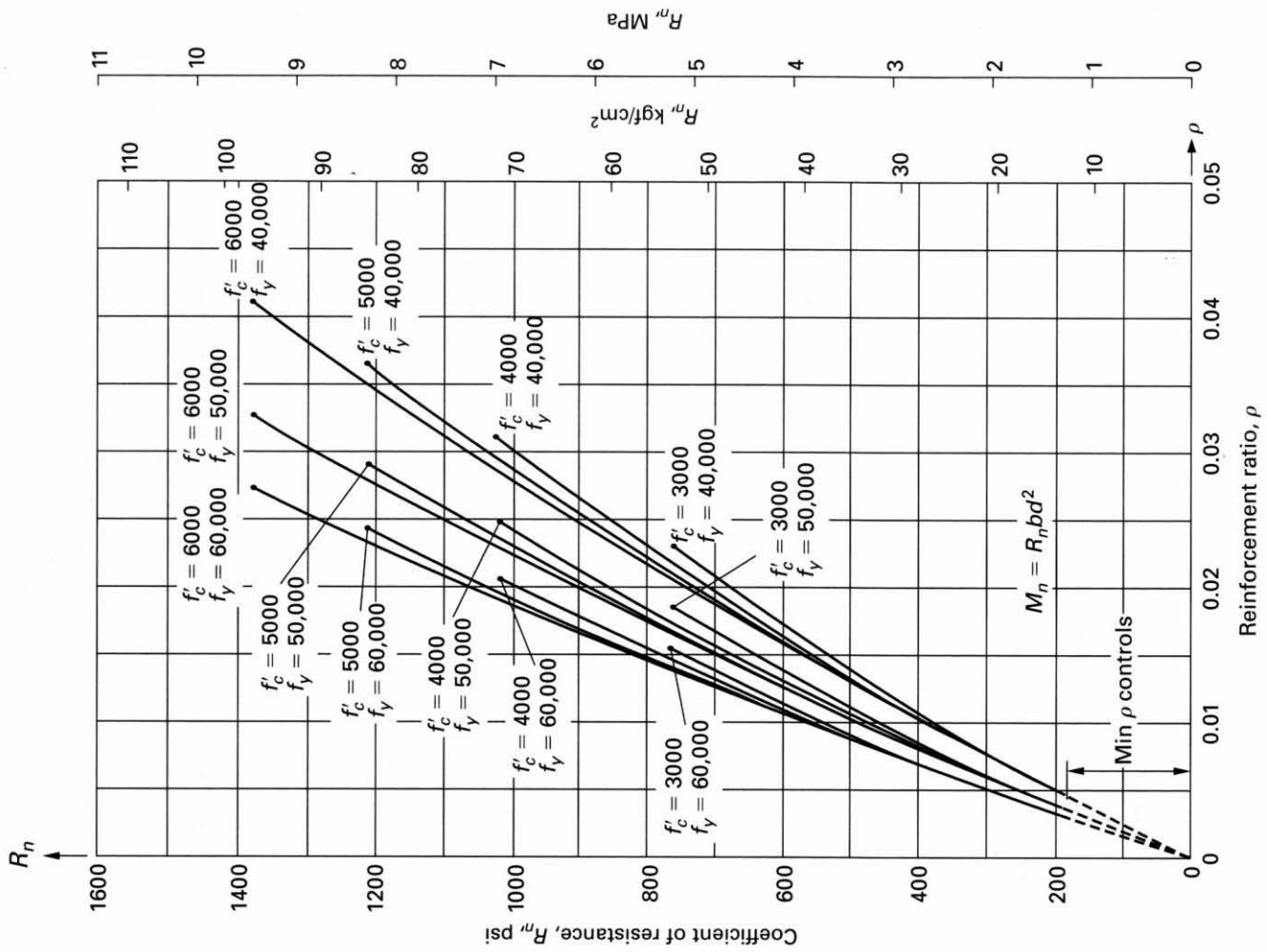
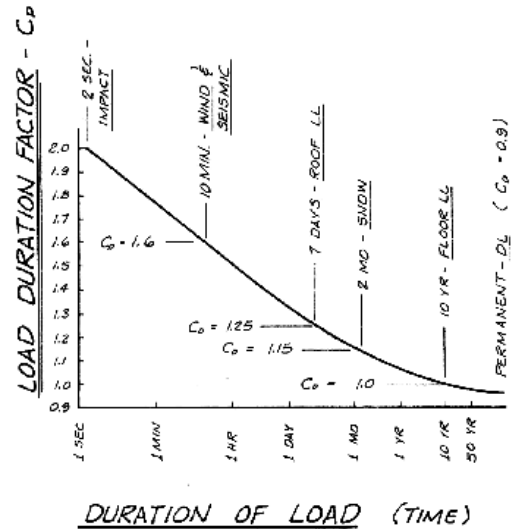


Figure 3.8.1 Strength curves ( $R_n$  vs  $\rho$ ) for singly reinforced rectangular sections. Upper limit of curves is at  $\rho_{max}$ . (tensile strain of 0.004)

TABLE 13.6 Areas Provided By Spaced Reinforcement

Bar Spacing (in.)	Area Provided (in. <sup>2</sup> /ft width)									
	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9	No. 10	No. 11
3		0.44	0.80	1.24	1.76	2.40	3.16	4.00		
3.5		0.38	0.69	1.06	1.51	2.06	2.71	3.43	4.35	
4		0.33	0.60	0.93	1.32	1.80	2.37	3.00	3.81	4.68
4.5		0.29	0.53	0.83	1.17	1.60	2.11	2.67	3.39	4.16
5		0.26	0.48	0.74	1.06	1.44	1.89	2.40	3.05	3.74
5.5		0.24	0.44	0.68	0.96	1.31	1.72	2.18	2.77	3.40
6		0.22	0.40	0.62	0.88	1.20	1.58	2.00	2.54	3.12
7		0.19	0.34	0.53	0.75	1.03	1.35	1.71	2.18	2.67
8		0.16	0.30	0.46	0.66	0.90	1.18	1.50	1.90	2.34
9		0.15	0.27	0.41	0.59	0.80	1.05	1.33	1.69	2.08
10		0.13	0.24	0.37	0.53	0.72	0.95	1.20	1.52	1.87
11		0.12	0.22	0.34	0.48	0.65	0.86	1.09	1.38	1.70
12		0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.60	0.79	1.00	1.27	1.56
13		0.10	0.18	0.29	0.40	0.55	0.73	0.92	1.17	1.44
14		0.09	0.17	0.27	0.38	0.51	0.68	0.86	1.09	1.34
15		0.09	0.16	0.25	0.35	0.48	0.63	0.80	1.01	1.25
16		0.08	0.15	0.23	0.33	0.45	0.59	0.75	0.95	1.17
18		0.07	0.13	0.21	0.29	0.40	0.53	0.67	0.85	1.04
24		0.05	0.10	0.15	0.22	0.30	0.39	0.50	0.63	0.78



**Reference Diagrams**

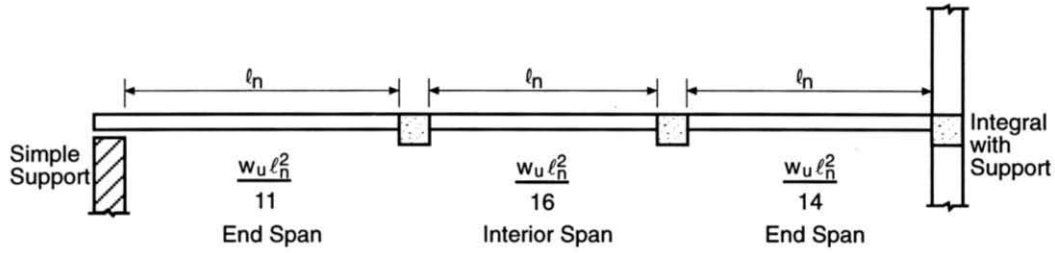


Figure 2-3 Positive Moments—All Cases

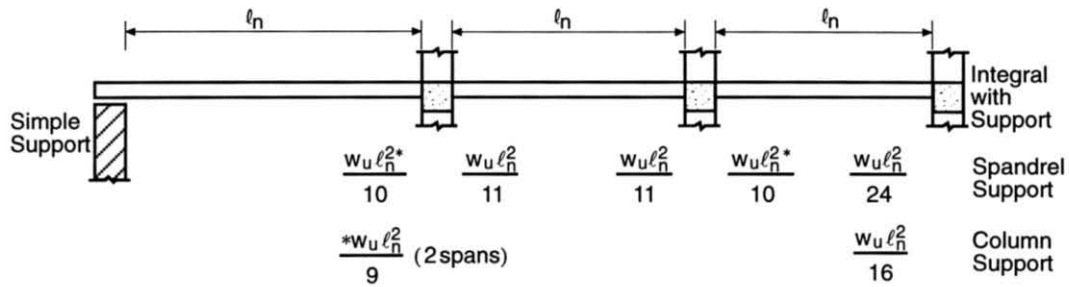


Figure 2-4 Negative Moments—Beams and Slabs

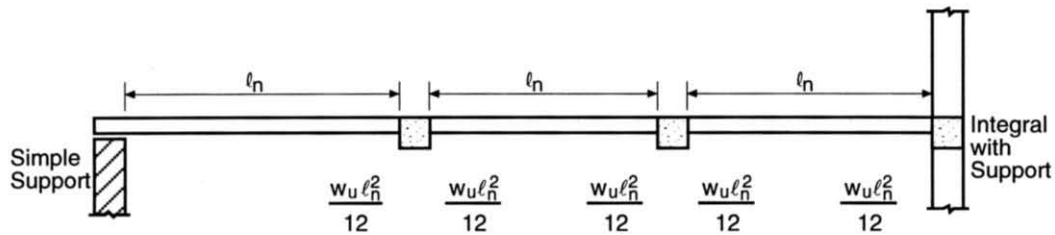


Figure 2-5 Negative Moments—Slabs with spans  $\leq 10$  ft

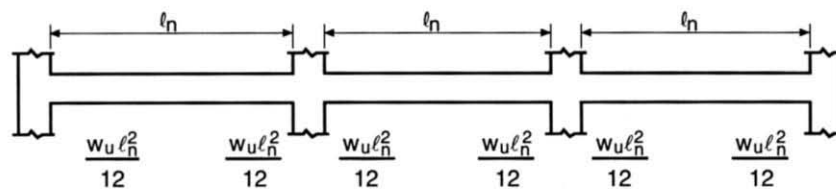


Figure 2-6 Negative Moments—Beams with Stiff Columns ( $\Sigma K_c / \Sigma K_b > 8$ )

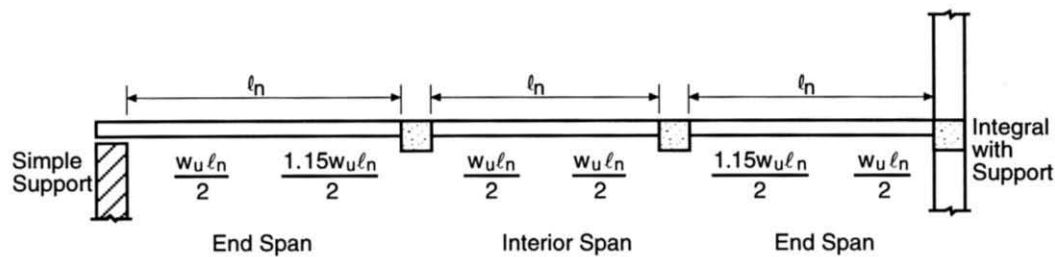


Figure 2-7 End Shears—All Cases

Reference Diagrams

Table 14 Column Stability Factor  $C_p$

			"C <sub>p</sub> "			$F_c' = C_p \cdot F_c^*$ $F_{CE} = \frac{.30 E}{(l/d)^2}$ for sawed posts $F_{CE} = \frac{.418 E}{(l/d)^2}$ for glu-lam posts		
$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$	$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$	$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$
0.00	0.000	0.000	0.40	0.360	0.377	0.80	0.610	0.667
0.01	0.010	0.010	0.41	0.367	0.386	0.81	0.614	0.672
0.02	0.020	0.020	0.42	0.375	0.394	0.82	0.619	0.678
0.03	0.030	0.030	0.43	0.383	0.403	0.83	0.623	0.683
0.04	0.040	0.040	0.44	0.390	0.411	0.84	0.628	0.688
0.05	0.049	0.050	0.45	0.398	0.420	0.85	0.632	0.693
0.06	0.059	0.060	0.46	0.405	0.428	0.86	0.637	0.698
0.07	0.069	0.069	0.47	0.412	0.436	0.87	0.641	0.703
0.08	0.079	0.079	0.48	0.419	0.444	0.88	0.645	0.708
0.09	0.088	0.089	0.49	0.427	0.453	0.89	0.649	0.713
0.10	0.098	0.099	0.50	0.434	0.461	0.90	0.653	0.718
0.11	0.107	0.109	0.51	0.441	0.469	0.91	0.658	0.722
0.12	0.117	0.118	0.52	0.448	0.477	0.92	0.661	0.727
0.13	0.126	0.128	0.53	0.454	0.484	0.93	0.665	0.731
0.14	0.136	0.138	0.54	0.461	0.492	0.94	0.669	0.735
0.15	0.145	0.147	0.55	0.468	0.500	0.95	0.673	0.740
0.16	0.154	0.157	0.56	0.474	0.508	0.96	0.677	0.744
0.17	0.164	0.167	0.57	0.481	0.515	0.97	0.680	0.748
0.18	0.173	0.176	0.58	0.487	0.523	0.98	0.684	0.752
0.19	0.182	0.186	0.59	0.494	0.530	0.99	0.688	0.756
0.20	0.191	0.195	0.60	0.500	0.538	1.00	0.691	0.760
0.21	0.200	0.205	0.61	0.506	0.545	1.01	0.694	0.764
0.22	0.209	0.214	0.62	0.512	0.552	1.02	0.698	0.767
0.23	0.218	0.224	0.63	0.518	0.559	1.03	0.701	0.771
0.24	0.227	0.233	0.64	0.524	0.566	1.04	0.704	0.774
0.25	0.235	0.242	0.65	0.530	0.573	1.05	0.708	0.778
0.26	0.244	0.252	0.66	0.536	0.580	1.06	0.711	0.781
0.27	0.253	0.261	0.67	0.542	0.587	1.07	0.714	0.784
0.28	0.261	0.270	0.68	0.548	0.593	1.08	0.717	0.788
0.29	0.270	0.279	0.69	0.553	0.600	1.09	0.720	0.791
0.30	0.278	0.288	0.70	0.559	0.607	1.10	0.723	0.794
0.31	0.287	0.297	0.71	0.564	0.613	1.11	0.726	0.797
0.32	0.295	0.306	0.72	0.569	0.619	1.12	0.729	0.800
0.33	0.304	0.315	0.73	0.575	0.626	1.13	0.731	0.803
0.34	0.312	0.324	0.74	0.580	0.632	1.14	0.734	0.806
0.35	0.320	0.333	0.75	0.585	0.638	1.15	0.737	0.809
0.36	0.328	0.342	0.76	0.590	0.644	1.16	0.740	0.811
0.37	0.336	0.351	0.77	0.595	0.650	1.17	0.742	0.814
0.38	0.344	0.360	0.78	0.600	0.655	1.18	0.745	0.817
0.39	0.352	0.368	0.79	0.605	0.661	1.19	0.747	0.819

(continued)

## Reference Diagrams

Table 14 Column Stability Factor  $C_p$ . (Continued)

$C_p$			$F_c' = C_p \cdot F_c^* \quad F_{CE} = \frac{.30 E}{(l/d)^2}$ for sawed posts $F_{CE} = \frac{.418 E}{(l/d)^2}$ for glu-lam posts								
$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$	$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$	$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$	$\frac{F_{CE}}{F_c^*}$	Sawed $C_p$	Glu-Lam $C_p$
2.00	0.867	0.921	2.40	0.894	0.940	3.40	0.930	0.962	4.40	0.948	0.972
2.02	0.869	0.922	2.45	0.897	0.941	3.45	0.931	0.963	4.45	0.949	0.973
2.04	0.870	0.924	2.50	0.899	0.943	3.50	0.932	0.963	4.50	0.949	0.973
2.06	0.872	0.925	2.55	0.901	0.944	3.55	0.933	0.964	4.55	0.950	0.974
2.08	0.874	0.926	2.60	0.904	0.946	3.60	0.934	0.965	4.60	0.950	0.974
2.10	0.875	0.927	2.65	0.906	0.947	3.65	0.936	0.965	4.65	0.951	0.974
2.12	0.876	0.928	2.70	0.908	0.949	3.70	0.937	0.966	4.70	0.952	0.975
2.14	0.878	0.929	2.75	0.910	0.950	3.75	0.938	0.966	4.75	0.952	0.975
2.16	0.879	0.930	2.80	0.912	0.951	3.80	0.938	0.967	4.80	0.953	0.975
2.18	0.881	0.931	2.85	0.914	0.952	3.85	0.939	0.968	4.85	0.953	0.975
2.20	0.882	0.932	2.90	0.916	0.953	3.90	0.940	0.968	4.90	0.954	0.976
2.22	0.883	0.932	2.95	0.917	0.954	3.95	0.941	0.969	5.00	0.955	0.976
2.24	0.885	0.933	3.00	0.919	0.955	4.00	0.942	0.969	6.00	0.963	0.981
2.26	0.886	0.934	3.05	0.920	0.956	4.05	0.943	0.969	8.00	0.973	0.986
2.28	0.887	0.935	3.10	0.922	0.957	4.10	0.944	0.970	10.0	0.979	0.989
2.30	0.888	0.936	3.15	0.923	0.958	4.15	0.944	0.970	20.0	0.990	0.995
2.32	0.889	0.937	3.20	0.925	0.959	4.20	0.945	0.971	40.0	0.995	0.997
2.34	0.891	0.937	3.25	0.926	0.960	4.25	0.946	0.971	60.0	0.997	0.998
2.36	0.892	0.938	3.30	0.927	0.961	4.30	0.947	0.972	100.0	0.998	0.999
2.38	0.893	0.939	3.35	0.929	0.961	4.35	0.947	0.972	200.0	0.999	0.999

Table developed and permission for use granted by Professor Ed Lebert, Dept. of Architecture, University of Washington.

Table 3.7.1

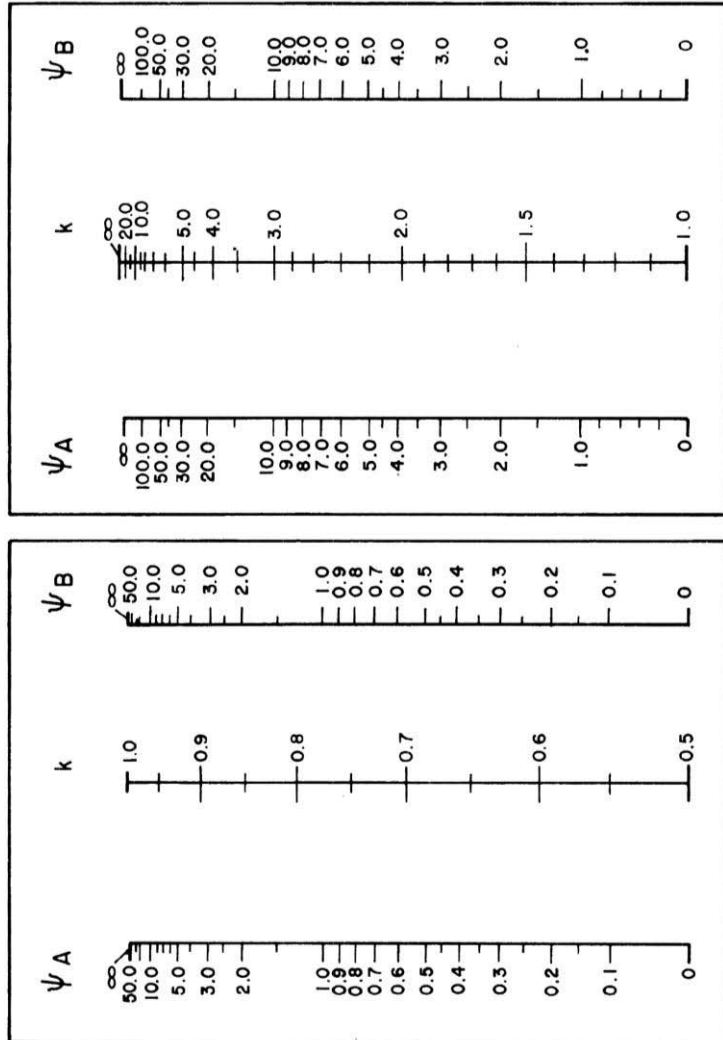
Total Areas for Various Numbers of Reinforcing Bars

Bar Size	Nominal Diameter (in.)	Weight (lb/ft)	Number of Bars									
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
#3	0.375	0.376	0.11	0.22	0.33	0.44	0.55	0.66	0.77	0.88	0.99	1.10
#4	0.500	0.668	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.80	1.00	1.20	1.40	1.60	1.80	2.00
#5	0.625	1.043	0.31	0.62	0.93	1.24	1.55	1.86	2.17	2.48	2.79	3.10
#6	0.750	1.502	0.44	0.88	1.32	1.76	2.20	2.64	3.08	3.52	3.96	4.40
#7	0.875	2.044	0.60	1.20	1.80	2.40	3.00	3.60	4.20	4.80	5.40	6.00
#8	1.000	2.670	0.79	1.58	2.37	3.16	3.95	4.74	5.53	6.32	7.11	7.90
#9	1.128	3.400	1.00	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	10.00
#10	1.270	4.303	1.27	2.54	3.81	5.08	6.35	7.62	8.89	10.16	11.43	12.70
#11	1.410	5.313	1.56	3.12	4.68	6.24	7.80	9.36	10.92	12.48	14.04	15.60
#14 <sup>a</sup>	1.693	7.65	2.25	4.50	6.75	9.00	11.25	13.50	15.75	18.00	20.25	22.50
#18 <sup>a</sup>	2.257	13.60	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	24.00	28.00	32.00	36.00	40.00

<sup>a</sup> #14 and #18 bars are used primarily as column reinforcement and are rarely used in beams.



Reference Diagrams



Buckled shape of column shown by dashed line	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)
Theoretical $K$ value	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0
Recommended design values when ideal conditions are approximated	0.65	0.80	1.0	1.2	2.10	2.0
End conditions code						
			Rotation fixed, Translation fixed	Rotation free, Translation fixed	Rotation fixed, Translation free	Rotation free, Translation free

(a) Nonsway Frames

(b) Sway Frames

Maximum Reinforcement Ratio  $\rho$  for Singly Reinforced Rectangular Beams (tensile strain = 0.005) for which  $\phi$  is permitted to be 0.9

$f_y$	$f'_c = 3000$ psi	$f'_c = 3500$ psi	$f'_c = 4000$ psi	$f'_c = 5000$ psi	$f'_c = 6000$ psi
40,000 psi	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.80$	$\beta_1 = 0.75$
50,000 psi	0.0203	0.0237	0.0271	0.0319	0.0359
60,000 psi	0.0163	0.0190	0.0217	0.0255	0.0287
	0.0135	0.0158	0.0181	0.0213	0.0239
	$f'_c = 20$ MPa	$f'_c = 25$ MPa	$f'_c = 30$ MPa	$f'_c = 35$ MPa	$f'_c = 40$ MPa
$f_y$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.85$	$\beta_1 = 0.81$	$\beta_1 = 0.77$
300 MPa	0.0181	0.0226	0.0271	0.0301	0.0327
350 MPa	0.0155	0.0194	0.0232	0.0258	0.0281
400 MPa	0.0135	0.0169	0.0203	0.0226	0.0245
500 MPa	0.0108	0.0135	0.0163	0.0181	0.0196

Table 3-8 ACI Provisions for Shear Design\*

Required area of stirrups, $A_v^{**}$	$V_u \leq \phi V_c$	$\phi V_c \geq V_u > \frac{\phi V_c}{2}$	$V_u > \phi V_c$
Required	none	$\frac{50b_w s}{f_y}$	$\frac{(V_u - \phi V_c)s}{\phi f_y d}$
Recommended Minimum†	—	—	4 in.
Maximum †† (ACI 11.5.4)	—	$\frac{d}{2}$ or 24 in.	$\frac{d}{2}$ or 24 in. for $(V_u - \phi V_c) \leq \phi 4\sqrt{f'_c} b_w d$ $\frac{d}{4}$ or 12 in. for $(V_u - \phi V_c) > \phi 4\sqrt{f'_c} b_w d$

\*Members subjected to shear and flexure only;  $\phi V_c = \phi 2\sqrt{f'_c} b_w d$ ,  $\phi = 0.75$  (ACI 11.3.1.1)

\*\* $A_v = 2 \times A_b$  for U stirrups;  $f_y \leq 60$  ksi (ACI 11.5.2)

†A practical limit for minimum spacing is  $d/4$

††Maximum spacing based on minimum shear reinforcement ( $= A_v f_y / 50b_w$ ) must also be considered (ACI 11.5.5.3).

Reference Geometry

Rectangle		$\bar{I}_{x'} = \frac{1}{12}bh^3$ $\bar{I}_{y'} = \frac{1}{12}b^3h$ $I_x = \frac{1}{3}bh^3 \text{ about bottom}$ $I_y = \frac{1}{3}b^3h \text{ left}$ $J_C = \frac{1}{12}bh(b^2 + h^2)$	<p>Area = <math>bh</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = b/2</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = h/2</math></p>
Triangle		$\bar{I}_{x'} = \frac{1}{36}bh^3$ $I_x = \frac{1}{12}bh^3$ $\bar{I}_{y'} = \frac{1}{36}b^3h$	<p>Area = <math>bh/2</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = b/3</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = h/3</math></p>
Circle		$\bar{I}_x = \bar{I}_y = \frac{1}{4}\pi r^4$ $J_O = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^4$	<p>Area = <math>\pi r^2 = \pi d^2/4</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 0</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 0</math></p>
Semicircle		$\bar{I}_x = 0.1098r^4$ $\bar{I}_y = \pi r^4/8$	<p>Area = <math>\pi r^2/2 = \pi d^2/8</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 0</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 4r/3\pi</math></p>
Quarter circle		$\bar{I}_x = 0.0549r^4$ $\bar{I}_y = 0.0549r^4$	<p>Area = <math>\pi r^2/4 = \pi d^2/16</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 4r/3\pi</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 4r/3\pi</math></p>
Ellipse		$\bar{I}_x = \frac{1}{4}\pi ab^3$ $\bar{I}_y = \frac{1}{4}\pi a^3b$ $J_O = \frac{1}{4}\pi ab(a^2 + b^2)$	<p>Area = <math>\pi ab</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 0</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 0</math></p>
Semiparabolic area		$\bar{I}_x = 16ah^3/175$	<p>Area = <math>4ah/3</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 0</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 3h/5</math></p>
Parabolic area		$\bar{I}_y = 4a^3h/15$	
Parabolic spandrel		$\bar{I}_x = 37ah^3/2100$ $\bar{I}_y = a^3h/80$	<p>Area = <math>ah/3</math></p> <p><math>\bar{x} = 3a/4</math></p> <p><math>\bar{y} = 3h/10</math></p>